

64K RAMDARD! AS STANDARD!

POWERTRAN
COMPUTING TODAY
LECTRONICS TODAY INTERNATIONAL

COMBINE THEIR TALENTS TO BRING YOU

# CORTEX

SELF-ASSEMBLY KIT £295 + VAT CARRIAGE FREE



CORTEX WITH OPTIONAL DISC DRIVES FITTED

### 16 BIT COLOUR COMPUTER

**ALL THESE FEATURES PROVIDED AS STANDARD!** 

High speed 24K byte extended basic interpreter Powerful TMS9995 16 bit microprocessor 48 bit floating point gives 11 digit accuracy High resolution (256 × 192) colour graphics Memory-mapped video controller for 3D simulation Independent 16K video RAM

16 colours available on the screen together in Graphic mode

Fast line drawing and point plotting basic commands High speed colour shape manipulation from basic Full textural error messages

String and Array size limited only by memory size Real time clock included in basic

Interval timing with 10mS resolution via TIC function Named load and save of basic or machine code programs Auto-run available for any program

Powerful machine code monitor

### **ULTRA POWERFUL 24K BASIC**

COMMANDS	LOG	KEY	7	RANDOM	SGET	
RUN	SOR			ENTER	MAG	
SIZE	SYS	STATEMENTS	UNIT	LIST	TOF	
CONT	TIC	IF.	BAUD	PURGE	TON	
MON	SON	ELSE	CALL	NUMBER	DIM	
	BIT	ON	DATA	RENUM	DEF	
FUNCTIONS	CRB	GOTO	READ	BCOT	NEW	
ABS	CRF	GOSUB	RESTOR	GEAPH	END	
ADR	MEM	POP	RETURN	TEXT	BIT	
A5C	MWD	BEM	STOP	PLOT	CRB	
ATN	LEN	FOR	TIME	UNPLOT	CRF	
SIN	MCH	NEXT	WAIT	CCLOUR	MEM	
COS	POS	ERROR	SAVE	CHAR	MWD	
EXP	COL	INPUT	LOAD	SPRITE	BASE	
FRA:	MOD	PRINT	ESCAPE	SHAPE	N 1500	
INT	RND		NOESC	SPOT		

Export enquiries to: Powerfran International, Hollom Down Farm, Lopcombe, Salisbury, Wilts SP5 18P 0264 781545 Telex 477407 Zenmon

### **MASSES OF SOFTWARE**

Pascal, Forth, Mdex, Nos, Meta CP/M compatible QBasic, SPL, Window, Spell + range of business packages. Please contact:

Microprocessor Engineering Ltd, 21 Hanley Road, Southampton SO1 5AP 0703 775482

> READY BUILT £395 + VAT CARRIAGE FREE

#### OPTIONAL EXTRAS

WE I I WING TO STREET
RS232C Interface kit £9.20
Floopy disc interface £86.50
Pair of 51" disc drives & hardware kit£355.00
READY BUILT
CORTEX B - Basic machine + RS232C

CORTEX B — Basic machine + RS232C £410.0 CORTEX C — As above + disc drives

CONTEX C — As above + disc orives

E895.00

All items canage free — prices exclusive of VAT

Assembler & Disassembler
Auto line numbering facility
Full renumber command
Simple but powerful line editor
Buffered i/o allows you to continue executing the
program while still printing
Flexible CALL statement allows linkage to machine
code routines with upto 12 parameters

Basic programs may contain spaces between keywords to make programs readable without using more memory 64K RAM using latest technology 64K DRAMS Over 34K bytes available for basic programs even when extended basic includes IF-THEN-ELSE Supports up to 16 output devices Screen and cassette included as standard Supports bit manipulation of variables from basic Error trapping to a basic routine included Basic supports Hexadecimal numbers

	Powertran Cybernetics, Portway Industrial Estate, Andover, Hants. SP10 3CT 0264 64455 se send me:	
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Computing Today is constantly on the look-out for well written articles and programs. If you think that your efforts meet our stan-dards, please feel free to submit your work to us for consideration.

All material should be typed. All material should be typed. Any programs submitted must be listed (cassette tapes and discs will not be accepted) and should be accompanied by sufficient documentation to enable their implementation. Please enclose an SAE if you want your manuscript returned, all submissions will be acknowledged. Any published work will be paid for. paid for.

All work for consideration should be sent to the Editor at our Charing Cross Road address.

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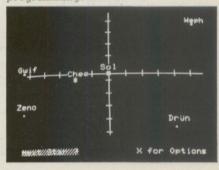
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### **DRAGON 32 OWNERS**



Now you can buy a professional disk system to turn your Dragon into a real computer!

### DELTA DISC SYSTEM

THE DELTA DISK SYSTEM gives you ....

- An affordable disk system
- Powerful DELTA disk commands see right
- Random, Sequential and Indexed file-handling
- Simple plug-in to DRAGON unlike other systems there are NO HARDWARE MODS needed to run **DELTA!**
- Easily expandable 100K to 1.6
- megabyte storage Full range of business, utility and games software close to release
- The price you see is the price you pay NO HIDDEN RAM upgrade costs
- Uses under 2K of user-RAM as DELTA is held in EPROM



DELTA following contains the powerful new words, all accessible directly from BASIC:-

SAVE"	SAVEM"	LOAD"
LOADM"	RUN"	RUNM"
CHAIN"	APPEND"	DIR
INIT	CONFIG	KILL
ASSIGN	VERIFY	SELECT
COPY	BACKUP	CREATE
FLUSH	OPEN	CLOSE
FILES	END#	RESTORE#
DIM#	BOOT	INPUT
PRINT	FIND	BUILD
DO	IF	EOF(x) THEN

DELTA CARTRIDGE - contains DELTA Disk Operating System, User Manual, demonstration diskette.	£99.95
DELTA 1 - DELTA Cartridge, User Manual, a single-sided 40 track (100K) drive plus free cable	£299.95
DELTA 2 - as DELTA 1, but with a double-sided (200K) drive	£345.95
Disk Interface cable (supplied free with DELTA 1 or 2)	£9.95
ENCODER 09 assembler/disassembler/editor - integral with DELTA	£34.95
INFORM - Data Base Management System commissioned especially for DELTA systems	£39.95

SCRIBE - true lower case on DRAGON!

Below is a live 'screen dump', generated by our HIPRINT program. It clearly shows the features and display potential of SCRIBE! SCRIBE for the DRAGON 32

- FULL UPPER and lower case direct from the keyboard
- An enlarged 42 x 24 screen display which gives a superb READABLE text
- # Full text display on hi-res screen
- # Automatic underline & reverse image
- \* Up to 255 user-defined graphics
- Precision character position command giving super/subscripts
- # 8 lack on white text display option
- A new PRINTA command extending to :008 thus almost doubling screen area

Cassette £13.95

DELTA disk £14.95

ENCODER 09 - is a full symbolic assembler using standard mnemonics and pseudo op-codes. Source code can be incorporated into BASIC programs. The monitor section contains commands to allow memory display, modification and execution. Memory block move, breakpoint handling, full disassembly and a full editor are only a few of its many features. The most powerful assembler/disassembler/editor available for the DRAGON 32. Available as either an integral DELTA fitment or on cassette.

Tape £29.95.Disk - see above

HIPRINT - screen dumper

- will dump the entire contents of your DRAGON 32 high-res screen to a high resolution printer. Can be used for design, display etc (see left). Available at present for EPSON printers only. Other modules to follow shortly.

Tape £13.95

DELTA disk £14.95 DELTA disk £14.95

> POSTAGE and PACKING Software 95p. DELTA systems £4.50. ALL PRICES INCLUDE VAT. Send SAE for full catalogue.

## PREMIER MICROSYSTEMS

208 Croydon Road, Anerley, London SE20 7YX.



TELEPHONE 01-659-7131 or 778-1706

Dealer and Overseas orders welcomed





# **Software News**



# INNOVATIVE TRS 80-GENIE SOFTWARE

from the professionals

# £250 REWARD

Below you will find described a new program entitled Enigma. It is a true simulation of the German wartime cypher machine of that name. It will encipher messages which may be communicated to third parties by any means who, assuming they have the key, will be able to use their Enigma program to decipher.

We will pay the sum of £250 to anyone [who has purchased the program] who can demonstrate an infallible method of deciphering the coded message supplied in the program's instructions. We consider Enigma to be the best program of its kind on the U.K. or U.S. market; contestants may therefore use any orthodox means to crack the code, including microcomputer programs other than Enigma.

The original message and keys will be lodged with our Solicitors for safe keeping in a sealed envelope. In the [hopefully] unlikely event that the code is cracked by more than one person, the reward will be paid to the first customer who demonstrates to us that he has succeeded.

#### MOLIMERX LTD.

During the 1939/45 war the German Army and Intelligence used a deciphering machine called Enigma. It was a fascinating machine and the stories that have surrounded it are equally interesting. There have been some four or five books written about the machine, and with regard to the way in which the British counter intelligence managed to crack the code.

That they did so was the culmination of some fortuitous circumstances, a lot of luck, but mainly it was due to the fact that the people who did it were extremely clever mathematicians. The fact that it took so much brain power, plus a rudimentary type of computer and a specimen of the machine in order to crack the code is an indication of how complex that code is.

The Enigma microcomputer program that we are selling is a simulation of the original machine, together with one or two improvements which were suggested by Gordon Welchman, who wrote the book "The Hut Six Story" last year and was also the leader of the team that cracked the code.

Although the machine and, therefore, the program is so complicated, its use is amazingly simple. One simply inputs a key and a message and the code is supplied. To decipher, the message is input again with the key and if the key is correct then the decoded message is displayed. With the cassette version it is necessary to input from the keyboard but with disks both inputs and outputs may be to disk files if required. A printer is of course supported.

The code may be transmitted in any way which the written word can be transmitted. Companies who wish to fully protect their communications will no doubt have the program generate the code and then tap it into a telex. Tape users will have to send either the output from their printer or write down the code direct from the screen.

Enigma is a fascinating program designed, not only for those people who are interested in encryption professionally or as a hobby, but also for companies or private persons who wish to communicate with others in an entirely secure manner. As is shown by the above Reward Notice, we have great faith in the powers of this piece of software.

ENIGMA (Tape) ... £17.25 ENIGMA (Disk) ... £23.00 Inclusive of V.A.T. P&P 75p

TEL: [0424] 220391/223636

## MOLIMERX LTD A J HARDING (MOLIMERX)

TELEX 86736 SOTEX G

1 BUCKHURST ROAD, TOWN HALL SQUARE, BEXHILL-ON-SEA, EAST SUSSEX.

TRS-80 & VIDEO GENIE SOFTWARE CATALOGUE £1.00 plus £1 postage.

# **CONSUMER NEWS**



### SMALL IS BEAUTIFUL

Texas Instruments have added yet another compact computer to their range: the Compact Computer 40 (CC 40), the first in a new series of portable computers for professionals. The CC-40 has an integrated LCD display, is programmable in Enhanced BASIC, and can run preprogrammed applications software loaded from either plug-in solid state cartridges or from small tape cartridges. The system is battery operated and fits unobtrusively on a desk or into a briefcase; it is designed to be used as a small desk-top personal computer and for data communications.

The computer console has a 34K built-in ROM that contains a BASIC language interpreter; the BASIC is compatible with the TI BASIC used in TI's Home Computer family. Calculator functions are easily available through immediate equation evaluation; the computer contains 6K of user-addressable RAM and can be expanded to 16K. The CC-40 has a suggested retail price of £169.95.

A plug-in module port is provided for application software of up to 128K of ROM, and can also be used for expansion of the RAM. The back of the console houses a Hex-bus intelligent peripheral interface connector. Three low cost Hex-bus peripherals are available: an RS232 interface, a printer/plotter and a Wafertape digital tape drive.

For more details of these or other TI products, contact Texas Instruments Limited, Manton Lane, Bedford MK41 7PU.

### CONGRATULATIONS

Congratulations go to Mr Wolstenholme of Deansgate in Manchester who gave the first correct answer to the little (or should I say micro) competition that we held on these pages in the May issue of Computing Today. We asked you to identify the computer into which Cambridge Microelectronics' MIMEC L.2 was plugged in the photo we showed. Most of you guessed the correct answer: it was an Apple, but lucky Mr Wolstenholme was the first to be picked and should be receiving his MIMEC L.2 shortly. Thank you to all those who entered the competition and thanks also to Cambridge Microelectronics for generously donating the prize.

### LINKING TOGETHER

The success of the LINK 480Z micro has enabled Research Machines to reduce its price. The list price of the basic LINK 480Z with 64K RAM, BASIC in ROM, 40/80 character line lengths and network interface board, drops down to £596 from £685. The L4 system with high resolution colour graphics drops from £907 to £722 while the dedicated network server with dual 51/4" discs drops from £2290 to £2141.

Research Machines are offering a 10% discount on the new prices to schools and colleges so taking into account the local Education Authority quantity discount arrangements, a typical education price of a LINK 480Z system L2 is £483. Research Machines computers are already in use in over half of UK secondary schools and most colleges, so if you are interested in more information, write to Research Machines Microcomputer Systems, Mill Street, Oxford OX2 0BW or 'phone on 0865-249866.

### GAMES PEOPLE PLAY

If you have ar. IBM PC you might be interested in the new joysticks from Kraft. Precision linear potentiometers have been included for more accurate cursor control and quicker response. The toggle switches give instant selection of spring centreing or free floating operation, and the patented stick mechanism gives smooth fingertip control. Dual axis trim controls are included in the design for fine tuning the joystick to individual software, and the two fire buttons are conveniently placed for fast action

With a retail price of £37.95 plus VAT you can get more details from Pete & Pam Computers, New Hall Hey Road, Rossendale, Lancashire BB4 6JG.

### STICK WITH IT

Following its success with the ZX Spectrum, the Competition-Pro Joystick is now available for the VIC-20 and Atari 400 and 800



computers. The Joystick has eight direction commands and two large fire buttons and costs £25 for the ZX Spectrum, plus stylish interface, and £16.50 for the VIC-20 and Atari versions. You can now link your ZX Spectrum to Centronics-type printers with the use of a Kempston Centronics interface. The interface comes complete with connecting lead and is priced at £45 including VAT (mail order £1 for postage and packing), this price including a 12 month guarantee.

For more information on any of the above please contact Kempston (Micro) Electronics, 180a Bedford Road, Kempston, Bedfordshire MK42 8BL or 'phone

0243-852997.

## SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

By the middle of the year 50% of all personal computers in use in the country will be beyond the protection of their manufacturer's guarantee. This forecast comes from insurance brokers Graham Brown and Company who in May introduced the first specialist insurance scene to be designed specifically for personal

computers.

The Personal Computer Insurance Scheme covers computers and their peripherals in the home, in education establishments and while in temporary use at the office. It goes well beyond the normal protection of a 12 month guarantee to provide 'all risks' cover against both internal breakdown and accidental loss or damage, including damage during transit. The cost of the scheme starts at £7.50 per year for a system worth up to £100, and increases progressively with the value of the equipment. For a £500 system the annual cost would be £15. To be eligible, the computer must be no more than two years old at the time the insurance policy is taken out. The policy can be kept in force for as long as the equipment is owned

Full details about the scheme can be obtained from Graham Brown & Co (Guildford) Ltd, Pannells Court, Guildford, Surrey GU1 4EY or 'phone 0483-65651.

### FOOLED YOU

VIC-20 owners will be aware that, due to idiosyncrasies of the machine's memory mapping, games which require a 3K expansion will not necessarily work with 8K or 16K expansion cartridges. Many solutions to this problem have appeared and Mr Micro have come up with an adaptor called RAM DAM which, when used in conjunction with a Commodore 8K or 16K RAM pack will 'fool' the VIC-20 into believing that it only has 3K fitted. This means that those VIC-20 owners who have previously purchased a 16K or 8K Commodore expansion will not have to buy a 3K expansion in order to obtain access to the wide range of programs which only require 3K expansion. To add value and demonstrate the effectiveness of the new package Mr Micro have included a new game (Microinvaders) and a memory test program.

The RAM DAM package is

The RAM DAM package is available directly from Mr Micro Limited, 69 Partington Lane, Swinton, Manchester M27 3AL for £13.95 including VAT or from good Commodore stockists.

### SOUNDS INTERESTING ▼

Timedata are expanding their business to cover hardware addons for Sinclair computers; the first in the range is the ZXM Sound Box. Retailing at £29.95 inclusive of VAT and postage and packing, it uses the 8912 three channel sound generator chip to give a huge range of programmable sound effects. The ZXM can be used with either the ZX81 or ZX Spectrum (no adaptor being needed) and has a nine pin I/O socket which can be used with low cost Atari/Commodore joysticks. Other Sinclair add-ons can be plugged into the back of the ZXM. The built-in amplifiers and loudspeaker can also be used to boost the ZX Spectrum's 'beep'

For more information, contact: Timedata Limited, 16 Hemmells, High Road, Laindon, Basildon, Essex SS15 6ED or 'phone 0268

418121.

### BRIEFING

A new type of joystick interface for the ZX Spectrum, the **TE 122** Joystick Interface, is available: it mimics the operation of the ZX Spectrum keyboard, enabling a vast range of commercially available software to be used without any software or hardware modifications. An eight-way switch network has been added to allow a degree of 'customization' to other program requirements. The unit is supplied with one stick and a further stick can be added if required. The TE 122 is supplied fully packaged with full instructions, a free game of Snakebyte and one stick. It costs £24.95 including VAT and a second stick is available for £7.95. Mark your order TE 122 for the basic package or TE 123 for the second stick and send off to Thurnall Electronics, 95 Liverpool

Road, Manchester M30 5BG All 260 branches of Dixons will now be stocking the Oric 48K. Already stocking the micro are W. H. Smith, Greens, Laskys and Micro C as well as specialist outlets all over the country Also, by the time you read these words of wisdom, the 16K Oric should be available. Although Oric originally had intended both versions to be available earlier in the year, delay in the 16K's introduction was caused partly by the unexpectedly high demand for the 48K machine and also due to

A catalogue is available from Redditch Electronics on all their mail order products for Sinclair computers. All sorts of goodies are included such as various connectors, I/O ports, ribbon cable, RAM packs and more. For more details please write to Redditch Electronics, 21 Ferney Hill Avenue, Redditch, Worcestershire B97 4RU.

some technical problems.

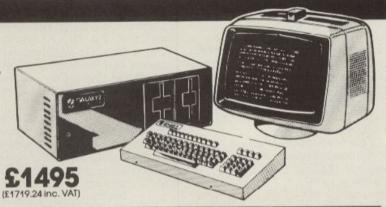


# Value - MicroValue - Micro

### COMPUTERS Gemini Galaxy 2

"I would place the Galaxy at the top of my list" (Computing Today, April 1983)

- **★**Twin Z80A Processors
- **★CP/M2.2** Operating
- \*64K Dynamic RAM
- \* 800K Disk Capacity
- \*80x25 Video Display
- \*Serial and parallel printer interfaces
- \*Cassette and light pen interfaces
- ★ User definable function keys
- \* Numeric key pad
- \* 12" Monitor included



# Total support for Gemini & na/com Products

na/com 3 available from MicroValue

Based around the successful Nascom 2 computer, this new system can be built up into a complete disk based system. Supplied built and tested complete with PSU, Nas-Sys 3 and Nas-Gra.

**48K System** 

£549 (£631.35inc. VAT)

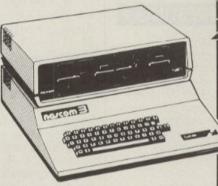
**CP/M 2.2** £100

(£115 nc. VAT)

NASCOM 2 KIT

£225 (£258.75inc. VAT)

**Built & Tested** £285 (£327.75inc. VAT)



### 80x25 Video for na/com

Nascom owners can now have a professional 80x25 Video display by using the Gemini G812 Intelligent Video Card with on-board Z80A. This card does not occupy system memory space and provides over 50 user controllable functions including prog character set, fully compatible with Gemini G805 and G815/809 Disk Systems. Software supplied on Gemini system disks. Built and lested.

The **Microvector 256A** is a high performance graphics display interface on an 80-BUS and NASBUS compatible card. Various graphic primitives such as vector and character generation are executed in hardware by a Thompson EF9356 Graphic Display Processor. Plotting rates are typically 1 million pixels per second giving full animation capability. Various vector and character types can be selected. Characters can be scaled to give 256 different sizes. MV 256A Suitable for TV use (PAL-UHF) £199.00 + VAT MV 256B Suitable for TV or RGB monitor £220.00 + VAT





### Electronic magnificence from Sharp

Z80A C.P.U. · 48K RAM · 4K ROM · Industry standard Qwerty keyboard with numeric pad · 9" GREEN C.R.I. · 1200 baud cassette · Music and sound · Real time clock · Enhanced BASIC Full editing facilities · Internal expansion.



### Phoenix P12 Monitor

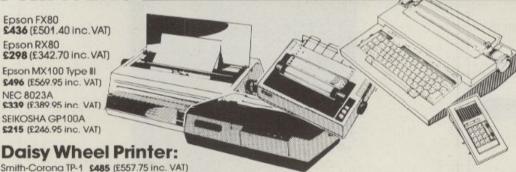
A high quality data display monitor, ideal for all Nascom and Gemini systems 20MHz resolution. Available in amber or green phosphor.

£110 (£126.50 inc. VAT)

### PRINTERS

Epson FX80 £436 (£501.40 inc. VAT) Epson RX80 £298 (£342.70 inc. VAT)

Epson MX100 Type III £496 (£569.95 inc. VAT) NEC 8023A £339 (£389 95 inc. VAT) SEIKOSHA GP100A £215 (£246.95 inc. VAT)



### Olivetti Praxis 41

Complete with RS 232 interface and numeric key pad. This module enables the raxis 41 to be used as

- ★ a Personal Computer console
- \* a quality, low volume
- a typewriter communicating point-to-point, or via modem, or acoustic coupler.

£595 (£684.25 inc. VAT)

# Value - MicroValue - Micro

### OW COST SYSTEMS Micro Professor MPF II 64K

MPF II is a most exciting addition to our range. Based on 6502 microprocessor this machine offers 64K of RAM, high resolution 6 colour graphics, and sound. Standard BASIC interpreter is Applesoft compatible, allowing MPF II to read and write tapes in Apple format. Complete with excellent 600 page manual.

£233.92 (£268.99 inc V.A.T.) \* Micro Professor (£14.95 inc V.A.I.) £13.00 \* Joystick \* MPFII printer €161.53 (£185.75 inc V.A.T.) \* Software Cassetles €4.34 (£4.99 inc V.A.T.)



£152.17

(£175 inc. VAT)

### Dragon 32

A powerful colour computer for under £180

- \* 32K RAM
- ★ 6809E Microprocessor
- \* Extended Microsoft Colour BASIC
- ★9 Colour, 5 Resolution Display
- ★ Sound through TV 5 octaves, 255 tones
- \*Advanced Graphics

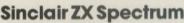
Full range of Dragon software available.

### Sinclair ZX81

Now available through MicroValue a real computer for less than £50!

\*Sinclair ZX81 Computer £43.43 (£49.95 inc. VAT) £34.74 (£39.95 inc. VAT) £47.35 (£19.95 inc. VAT) ★ Sinclair ZX Printer

**★ZX81** Learning Lab ★Software for Sinclair from \$3.43 (£3.95 Inc. VAT)



**NEW LOW PRICES** 

Colour, sound and high resolution graphics from only £99.95

\* 16K ZX Spectrum Microcomputer £86.92

\* 48K ZX Spectrum Microcomputer £113.00 (£129.95 incl. VAT)

\* Sinclair ZX Printer £34.74 (£39.95 inc. VAT)

### Texas TI99-4A

Colour, sound and a typewriter type keyboard for under £160

A truly expandable microcomputer system with a wide range of educational and games software

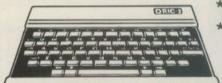
- ★ Texas TI99-4A Microcomputer 16K £139.08 (£159.95 incl. VAT)
- Voice Synthesiser Unit £43.43 (£49 95 incl. VAT)
- \* Peripheral Expansion Unit £130.39 (£149.95 incl. VAT)
- \* Disk Drive £278.21 (£319.95 incl. VAT) \* Disk Control board (for above) £165.70 (£189.95 incl. VAT)



ORIC 1 ORIC 1 when used with the ORIC MODEM will allow access to PRESTEL-Viewdata, which has 200,000 pages of interactive information covering sport, travel, hotel bookings, games, etc

our Spectrum to 48K with our

NEW RAM PAK



ORIC 1 48K Microcomputer £147.79 (£169.95 incl. VAT)

ORIC1 Communications Modem £68.69 (£79.00 incl. VAT)

### MICROVALUE DEALERS:

AMERSHAM, BUCKS

Amersham Computer Centre, 18 Woodside Road, Tel: (02403) 22307

Target Electronics Ltd., 16 Cherry Lane. Tel: (0272) 421196

EGHAM, SURREY

Electrovalue Ltd. 28 St. Judes Road, Englefield Green Tel: (07843) 3603

LEEDS

Leeds Computer Centre, 60/62 Merrion Centre. Tel: (0532) 458877

**IPSWICH** 

MDW (Electronics), 47/49 Woodbridge Road East. Tel: (0473) 78295

LONDON W2

Henry's Radio. 404 Edgware Road. Tel: 01-402 6822

LONDON SW11

OFF Records, Computer House. 58 Battersea Rise Claphom Junction. Tel: 01-223 7730

MANCHESTER M40

EV Computing, 700 Burnage Lane Tel: 061-431 4866

NOTTINGHAM

Computerama, (Skytronics Ltd.) 357 Derby Road. Tel: (0602) 781742

Telephone orders welcome







REAL value — from the Professionals

# **BUSINESS NEWS**

### BRIEFING

Zenith Data Systems has appointed Maplin Electronic Supplies to handle the distribution of its range of electronic kit products marketed under the Heathkit brand-name. This appointment allows Zenith to concentrate on its rapidly expanding microcomputer operation. Included in the Zenith microcomputer product range is the Z100 series of 8/16 bit microcomputers, which are available in 'low-profile' and in-one' versions with either Winchester or flexible disc configurations; colour and monochrome monitors; and the Z29 'smart' terminal. The systems are primarily sold in the UK through OEMs, dealers and systems houses. Zenith Data Systems Ltd is at Bristol Road, Gloucester GL2 6EE (telephone C452-29451). Maplin Electronic Supplies Ltd is at PO Box 3, Rayleigh, Essex SS6 8LR (telephone C702-552911)

A diskette drive head cleaning kit, using a safe and effective cleaning medium, is now available from Eyecote (Data Devices) Ltd. The cleaning element is contained in a diskette jacket and cleans the heads when inserted in the normal way. A cleaning solution is used, which is non-harmful to the machine, clothing and skin and is applied to the medium through a window in the jacket. Thus the head is cleaned alternately by dry and wet surfaces. Versions for 5¼ "and 8" drives are available, for single and double sided discs.

The kit has been approved by a number of major diskette drive and media manufacturers and specific endorsements are available on request. Eyecote (Data Devices) Ltd are at Saltcoats House, Cutlers House, Cutlers Road, South Woodham Ferriers, Essex (phone 0245-329966).

A new plug-in mains filter from Roxburgh Suppressors — the LF6 — is now available from Stotron. The LF6 is compact and ideal for equipment such as desktop computers, VDUs, printers, instrumentation and so on, and is manufactured to meet the safety requirements of British and European specifications. The unit is designed for use with CEE22-style appliance inlet connectors, and the simple plug-in operation

makes it suitable for use in labs, colleges, offices, etc. For further information please contact **Stotron Ltd.** 72 Blackheath Road, Greenwich, London SE10 8DA (telephone 01-691 2031).

A daisy wheel printer costing just £675 but offering high quality print for word processing and other applications has been introduced by Teleprinter Equipment Limited. The CAE 550 and is compatible with all major micros, word processors and minis and is designed to offer users an all-purpose printing facility. Print speed is 16 characters per second and the full range of word processing functions include subscript, superscript and bold typing. For further information, contact Teleprinter Equipment Limited, Akeman Street, Tring, Herts HP23 6AJ (telephone 044-283

### STANDING ROOM ONLY •

Many applications are being found where it is more convenient to have access to the VDU without having to sit down and continually stand up again. With this in mind DNCS have launched an extra addition to their popular standard range of computer and terminal furniture.

The new "stand up VDU table"



is 39" high and is normally 30" x 30" but any size can be manufactured to special order. DNCS say that these tables are made to the same high standards of strength and reliability as the normal standard range. They are delivered in knock-down form, being simple to assemble in just a few minutes with one small spanner. A 96-page colour catalogue of all computer furniture, accessories, magnetic media and supplies is available free upon request from DNCS, West Croft Industrial Estate, Manchester Old Road, Rhodes, Middleton, Greater Manchester M24 4PJ (phone 061-643 0016).

### THE XIONIC MEN

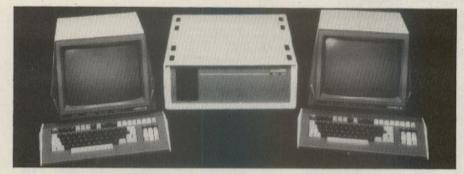
Xionics is claiming a major breakthrough in electronic office technology with the announcement of a totally new system called 'MicroNode'. MicroNode brings the versatility of Xionics' corporate level automated office systems to individual 'Work Groups', which can be the departments of large companies or independent business units.

MicroNode provides over 200 easily used options covering paperless electronic mail, word processing, filing and retrieval and personal computing. It is especially valuable for the comprehensiveness of its communication facilities. A basic star-configured MicroNode can be linked to remote MicroNodes via public switched telephone network (PSTN) leased lines, or PSS connections. MicroNodes at the same site can be networked via Xionics' well-established Local Area Network, XINET, which operates at 10,000,000 bits/second.

A minimum MicroNode system comprising MicroNode itself and two workstations costs under £10,000, including software, bringing sophisticated and professional office automation systems within the means of a small business unit.

Each workstation has its own processor with 128 or 256K bytes of memory, and downloads from MicroNode any required software or data. Various letter-quality and matrix printers can be attached to workstations.

Xionics is currently working on additional facilities for MicroNode which include digitised voice communication as implemented on bigger XIBUS systems. In addition, Xionics has plans to provide a 16-bit 68000 processor as an upgrade with a



UNIX-based operating system. The MicroNode control unit can be fitted with disc drives of five, 10, 20 and 40 megabyte capacity with the choice of either a floppy disc or cartridge tape drive for backup. Workstations can be sited up to 150 metres away from a MicroNode unit. Xionics are at Dumbarton House, 68 Oxford Street, London WIN 9LA, (phone 01-636 0105).

### PRICE ADVANTAGE ON THE HORIZON

The entry-level retail price of North Star ADVANTAGE and Horizon business microcomputers is now less than \$3,000 as a result of price reductions announced by North Star. The reductions make the North Star ADVANTAGE the lowest priced integrated desktop workstation supporting graphics, word processing and business applications in the market. The company reduced the price of the microcomputers to \$2,999 from \$3,599. Prices were also reduced on five megabyte hard disc versions for both products and on the 8/16 co-processor upgrade board for the North Star ADVANTAGE.

The North Star ADVANTAGE is an integrated desktop microcomputer with 64K of RAM two 360K floppy disc drives, a 640 × 240 pixel bit mapped display screen, an 87-key Selectric-style keyboard, an eight-bit Z-80A processor and six expansion slots. The Horizon, an S-100 bus computer that can be used in a multi-user configuration, features a Z-80A microprocessor and two 360K floppy disc drives.

### TI PRICE CUTS

Texas Instruments has made significant price reductions on all models in its Business System 300 family. Cuts of up to 24% have been made on specific models with an average reduction of 20% across the range. First introduced in September last year, the

Business System 300 family is par: of TI's full range of business systems, and includes the smalles: of the multi-user/multi-tasking systems which replaced TI's earlier range of DS990 minicomputers They are designed for use both as stand-alone systems for small to medium users or as part of distributed processing networks in larger companies.

Based on the TMS99000 central processing unit and coupled with a range of Winchester disc sub-systems, prices now start from £8995 for a 5Mb Winchester system with 128K bytes main memory, to under £15,000 for the 43 Mbyte System 372. All models in the family can support up to seven workstations, each consisting of a visual display terminal and an impact printer.

### HEADINGS FOR SUCCESS

The use of word processors is becoming more and more widespread throughout the business world, with circular letters, invoices, mail shots and so on now personalised by the computer. There can be several drawbacks, however, in that the printing of continuous business stationery can take anything up to four or five weeks and the resulting perforations give the paper edges a jagged look. The alternative of preprinted cut sheets are laborious to feed into a printer without an expensive cut sheet feeding device.

Inmac now offer a rapid printing service, called

StreamPrint, that guarantees to have the order printed within four days and their express delivery service means that it will arrive on the fifth day. Personalised stationery can be produced in any format to a customer's specification for layout on an A4 sheet, even incorporating a logo. There are six typefaces including Helvetica Regular, Times Roman and Plantin Roman to choose from and five types of paper: 100 gsm wove in white, vellum or grey; 80 gsm white bond and lastly NCR paper (No Carbon Required) consisting of 80 gsm white top coy and a 56 gsm yellow tinted copy for filing. Separation of the sheets is not only easy but also gives a clean, smooth edge on all four sides identical to a regular letterhead.

Overprinted continuous envelopes are also available in white or can be supplied to matching colours as individual envelopes. These cost from £91.60 per 1000 envelopes and the paper itself costs from £39.80 per 1000 sheets in convenient print quantities of 1000, 2000 and 5000 sheets; these costs include free delivery to UK mainland and all origination costs. Plain continuous listing paper and envelopes to the same specifications are available from £22.50 for 1000 sheets with

next day delivery.

Reruns can be produced even faster in two or three days, provided there are no changes to the original artwork.

A special design and order form is available with full details in Inmac's free full colour catalogue, along with information on the rest of their range of cables and computer accessories. All Inmac products are available on a 30-day risk-free trial, carry a guarantee of at least one year and can be delivered the same day, if required. Further information can be obtained from Inmac (UK) Limited, Davey Road, Astmoor Industrial Estate, Rundorn, Cheshire WA7 1PZ. Telephone: 09285-67551. Telex: 629819 INMAC G



# TRS80 (LEVEL 2) ZX SPECTRUM — ZX81 SUPER SOFTWARE PACK



25 Great programmes on one pack: Star Wars, Gambling Machine, Breakout, Trap It. Population Simulation, Corridors of Doom, Housebreak, Towers of Hanoi, Butterfly Chase, The Vault, Yahtzee, Maths, Calendar, Amazing 3D Mazes, 3D Noughts & Crosses, Jackpot, Bandit, Hangman – Musical, Bible, History and Sport, Mastermind, Spelling, Diary, Records File and Time Warrior.

Here are descriptions of just a few of the games:

HOUSEBREAK You enter a house at night in an attempt to rob it of money and any gold and silver items you can find. Your object is to clean out the house. In the dark you must avoid bumping into the furniture. After an interval of time an alarm will sound and a short while later the lights will be turned on. A vicious dog is then released and you have to use all your skill and cunning to avoid getting bitten as he chases you around the house. Any injuries caused by the dog will slow down your escape. The game is played in real time, has excellent graphics and is very exciting. A new house is generated each time the game is played.

CORRIDORS OF DOOM! A dungeons & dragons type game that is very addictive. You can never win this game by chance. A lot depends on discovering the secrets of just how you have to deal with each individual monster in the game. There is a liquid which will destroy the Werewolf — but which one? How can you tame the giant spider? Will you ever learn the secret of how to defeat the Blood Devil? All of the monsters have treasures for those who are both brave and wise enough to overcome them, but to escape alive you must first cross some very nasty pits. Play It again and again.

AMAZING 3D MAZES Wander through the giant 18x18x18 mazes collecting treasures, you know where they are, but how do you get to them? Extra points are awarded for finding the shortest routes. Don't get too frustrated by apparent dead ends.

3D NOUGHTS & CROSSES Played inside a 4x4x4 cube, this is a game for the intellectual. Great graphics. It plays a mean game and wins about nine out of every ten games it plays.

TOWERS OF HANOI You will welcome this classical puzzle which is a must for anyone with a computer. The problems difficulty depends on how many disks you use. It might only take you a few minutes with four disks, but with all nine it could take all day. Two variations of the game are included. There is a constant display of Hours: Mins: Seos, so that you know how well or how badly you are doing at any particular stage. If you find you cannot work the problem out! The computer will show you the shortest possible so utlon.

THE VAULT A high security vault in Oxford. (The game can be changed to centre around your own home town) has ten doors, each with its own five figure combination. The combination of the nine inner doors are known, but only the manager knows the combination of the outer door. Unfortunately the manager has got himself locked in the Vault. It is your job to get him out before all the Oxygen is used up. The computer will give you metaphorical clues to how near you are getting. The time switches which change the combination every so often can prove a problem. This is a case which really puts your powers of logic to the test.

POPULATION SIMULATION This is a game for two players, each becoming the leader of one of the planets Techno' & Primo'. It is a battle to survive. Each decade a player must decide various things in governing his planet, he must carefully balance production and technology against consumption and population. He can either negotiate with his opponent or declare war on him How about sending out an exploration party in search of new wealth. Only the experienced last very long.

TIME WARRIOR You are an experienced time warrior and you have been sent on a mission to rid the Universe of imposters who have taken up key positions in ten different time sectors. In this adventure you will face the gladiators in Ancient Rome, find yourself in a gun fight in Old America, help Hillery climb Everest, joust with the Black knight. It's all to be done in 'Time Warrior'.

The full cassette of 25 programmes is sent to you for only £8.95 inclusive.

Please feel free to write or phone for details of other programmes.

Trade enquiries welcomed

Telephone John Wilson on 0608 3059

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The Acorn User Exhibition at the Cunard, Hammersmith will house the largest display of Acorn products ever assembled under one roof. It will be four days of non-stop entertainment and education for parents and children alike.

The new Electron, the second processors for the BBC micro, the BBC Buggy, all the new software and hardware will be on show. There'll be competitions, prizes, Acorn experts to answer your technical questions, demonstrations and lots and lots of bargains.

If you are an Acorn owner, or just thinking about being one, you can't afford

Opening hours: August 25th-27th,

Admission charges: Adults £2 per ticket, Children £1 per ticket.

We have arranged for nearly every exhibitor to redeem the cost of your ticket when you buy something from their stand.

Group rates: 10% discount for parties of 10 or more.

Buses: Frequent services from central

Tubes: Hammersmith Broadway -Metropolitan, District and Piccadilly lines. Car Parking: Several car parks in the immediate area.

For details of exhibition stands and advance ticket sales contact Computer Marketplace Ltd, 20 Orange Street, London WC2H 7ED. Tel: 01-930 1612.

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# SOFT WARES

### HITTING BASE

Qbase is a new data base available for the IBM PC and Apple II. You can instruct the computer to accept only certain data in certain fields and you can request that data entered is checked for possible errors before it is accepted. In this way, it is claimed that Obase actually 'corrects' errors before they happen by refusing to accept many types of erroneous entries. It 'beeps' its warning and then points out your error. You will be stopped, for example, if you omit important information such as a job number. You can optionally select any data for inclusion in your reports. Reports are formatted in columns allowing up to 200 spaces on a single line. Once you have defined the reports you want, Obase keeps the designs for future reference and use. Obase is upwardly compatible to the popular Versaform, the full system business form processor. The cost of Qbase is £139 plus

The cost of Qbase is £139 plus VAT and more details can be obtained from Pete & Pam Computers, New Hall Hey Road, Rossendale, Lancashire BB4 6JG.

### I HEAR YOU

Audiogenic have a range of home application software for the VIC-20. Six programs have been introduced: Car Costs, a program to aid in the monitoring of automobile costs under five categories (fuel, insurance, payments, maintenance and repairs); Loan Analyser, which is two programs to analyse all types of loans; Home Inventory, a package enabling the listing and cataloguing of possessions and collections; Decision Maker, which allows users to take decisions



based on as many as 11 different factors; Household Finance, providing all the basic functions required to produce a thorough accounting of a family's finances; and Home Office, a word processor and a data base storage and retrieval system. Each individual program, complete with comprehensive and easy-to-follow documentation, costs £14.95 with the exception of Home Office which costs £12.95. All are available from Audiogenic or via the nationwide dealer network. Audiogenic are at PO Box 88. Reading, Berkshire.

### TYPE CASTING

Another aid is here for us 'amateur' typists: this time as Microtype Typing Tutorial Software or Learning to type the Easy Way. The software uses the Sharp MZ-80A and includes exercises from the McGraw-Hill book 'Typing First Course' by A. Drummond and A. Coles-Mogford. Microtype places considerable emphasis on accuracy and rhythm using the sound ability of the MZ-80A to inform the student of good and bad progress.

Priced at £34.50 plus VAT you can get more information from Kuma Computers, 11 York Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire, or you can call them on 0628-71778.

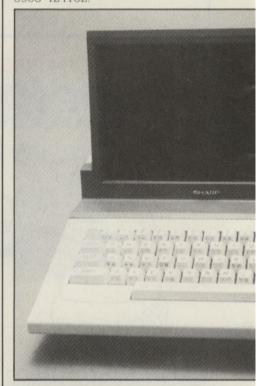
### IT FIGURES

CalcResult is now available for the Commodore 64. As you may have guessed this is a spreadsheet; it works to a three dimensional format, simplifying the creation of layouts, the extension of data handling and the addition of pages, while displaying an overview of the work in progress. Completely compatible with files from the CBM 8000 version, CalcResult features such facilities as horizontal and vertical page splitting, window facilities, powerful editing functions and full graphics output capabilities.

CalcResult costs £94 and is available from Kobra Micro Marketing, Duramark House, Farm Road, Henley-on-Thames, Oxon RG9 1PF.

### GOING IT ALONE

Solo Software is a specialist house dealing in cassette programs for the Sharp MZ-80K and MZ-80A machines only, and although they have been supplying software through outsice marketing companies for over a year they have recently started selling directly to the end user by telephone and mail order. Some of the packages they offer include games such as Super-mouse (£4.95), Aladdin's Cave (£4.95), Tombs of Karnak (£7.95) Fisherman Fred (£4.95), Nightmare Park (£7.95), Space Chase (£4.95), Ace Racer (£4.95), Five-a-Side Soccer (£4.95), Mountain Rescue (£7.95), Minefield (£4.95), Encounter (£7.95) and Snaker (£4.95), educational programs like Rocket, a maths trainer (£4.95) and business packages like Data Base Filer (£14.95). A catalogue is produced so if you want to know more contact Solo Software at 192 Malvern Road, St John's. Worcester or ring them on 0905-424152.



### **OPEN WIDE**

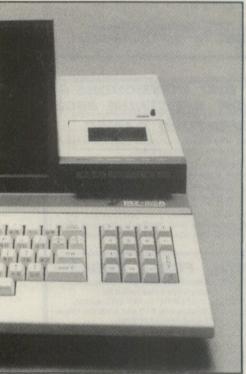
Jaws Revenge is a somewhat gory all-action game where, under the player's direction, Jaws is attempting to eat everything in sight including jellyfish, boatmen, scuba divers, fish and hapless swimmers. In order to prevent Jaws and the unsuspecting player from achieving this, though, there are some hazards, such as an

undulating seabed. Boatmen are armed with harpoons and depth charges, scuba divers are also armed and many of the juicy morsels floating on the tide are booby trapped. Of all the ways to describe this game such as violent, bloodthirsty, fast, addictive and gory, it is apparently not sexist since Jaws will eat anything of any shape and any gender.

So if you think you're ready to take the plunge you can buy the program for the 16K and 48K ZX Spectrums for £5.95 including VAT and postage. I suppose you'll have to buy your own first-aid kits but don't let that put you off! Jaws Revenge is available from Work Force at 140 Wilsden Avenue, Luton, Bedfordshire, 'phone number 0582-454456, or from their normal retail outlets.

### TAXING TASK

Microtax, which consists of a set of programs on tape or disc and supporting manual, is claimed to be the first comprehensive easy-touse microcomputer system for



completing those tax returns for last year's income, that ominously drop through your letterbox when you're least expecting it.

Developed by two tax consultants, Microtax can be used on most popular micros (48K ZX Spectrum, VIC-20 with 16K RAM pack, Commodore 64, Commodore PET 4000 series (disc or tape), Dragon 32 and BBC Model B).

At a price of £24.94 including postage and packing Microtax is

available by mail order from Microtax Limited, Barratt House, 7 Chertsey Road, Woking, Surrey GU21 5AB.

### SINCLAIR SELECTION

New products from Flowchart include: IQ Test, Joker and Home Budget. IQ Test is a compelling and accurate way of measuring your IQ, making maximum use of the graphics available on the ZX Spectrum. The program comprises two tests each of 25 questions and you are allowed 20 minutes for each test; an on-screen clock ticks the seconds away. Suitable for the 16K or 48K Spectrum, IQ Test costs £5.75.

Joker is a fun program with no serious use at all and the user has to do next to nothing! Purely for laughs the program consists of jokes, puns, riddles and nonsense, interspersed with graphic displays to dazzle and amaze, and it runs for over 60 minutes. Again suitable for the 16K or 48K ZX Spectrum Joker costs

Home Budget is designed to enable a personal data record to be created of estimated monthly expenses and income, thus calculating the financial position for the year ahead. At the end of each month real expenses and income are entered, the program then updating the totals. Suitable for the 48K Spectrum with a second cassette required for files, Home Budget is priced at £5.75.

A pack of eight blank C10 cassettes with precision screwed housing complete with library case, inlay cards and blank self-adhesive labels on a role are also available for £5.75.

All of these products are available from Flowchart Limited, 62 High Street, Irthlingborough, Northamptonshire NN9 5TN and the prices quoted include VAT and postage.

### BRIEFING

The first **Griffin Software**Catalogue has been published, covering a specially selected range of educational software. The range covers major areas of the school curriculum and supports the ZX81 and ZX Spectrum. All the software has been evaluated by teachers and recommended age ranges are given for each cassette. New software is being added to the range to increase the subject areas and support other micros like the

BBC. The catalogue also contains some business and utility programs and games and if you are interested you should write to **Griffin & George.** 285 Ealing Rd, Alperton, Wembley, Middlesex HAO 1HJ or ring 01-997 3344.

The first batch of Oric's specially commissioned software is now available from dealers: Oric Multigames, a set of five games (£7.95) Oric Flight, a:rcraft landing simulation (£7.95), Zodiac, an adventure game (£7.95), Oric Chess (£9.99) and Oric Base, a data management program and manual (£9.99). All programs require a 48K Oric and a FORTH tape is expected soon which will cost £17.95 including the manual.

Terror-Daktil 4D is a new game for the 48K ZX Spectrum from Melbourne House and the price for entering the lost world is just £6.95.

Data Design is a new data base management system for the IBM PC. Your data base is structured into a collection of tables which you define, and you can construct one or more input/output forms. These display forms are used to view the information in a table using any format you design, hence the name. The price is £150 plus VAT and you can get more details from Pete & Pam Computers, New Hall Hey Road, Rossendale, Lancashire BB4 6IG.

A new series of accounting packages is available for the Alphatronic P2 range of 48K and 64K micros, providing a comprehensive business system for accounts departments including packages for Sales Ledgers, Stock, Sales Invoicing, Purchase Ledger, Batch Invoicing, Nominal Ledger and Payroll. Prices for each module range from £150-£350 and you can get more details from Triumph Adler Limited, 27 Goswell Road, London EC1 or 'phone 01-250 1717.

An answer to the time consuming job of keeping track of video tapes is provided by Impetus Computers with their micro package to deal with all indexing, filing and book-keeping chores necessary for the efficient running of a cassette hire business. Called the **Video Hire Service** it runs on a Commodore such as the 8096, plus 8250 and a printer. Costing £19 per week, the package will maintain 13,000 films. Full information on any aspect of the hire system can be obtained from Impetus Computer Systems,

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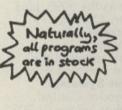
74LS series TTL, large stocks at low prices with DIY discounts starting at a mix of just 25 pieces. Write or 'phone for list. Please add 50p post & packing to orders under £15 and VAT to total. Access & Visa welcome. 24hr service on (054 422) 618. Government & Educational orders welcome, £15 minimum. Trade accounts operated, 'phone or write for details.

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Every Level 9 adventure has over 200 individually described locations and is packed with puzzles – a game can easily take months to complete. Only sophisticated compression techniques can squeeze so much in! Each game needs 32K and costs £9.90

### BB G FORTH, FORTH TOOLKIT

"r q FORTH" runs on 16K or 32K BBC micros and costs £15. lt:

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- \* provides 260 FORTH words;
- is infinitely extensible;
  has a full-screen editor;
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- permits use of all graphic modes, even 0–2 (ust!):
- \* provides recursion easily;
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Adds 30 new keywords to BASIC Compression Assembler 2 ..... £12 Small Source + high speed

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# **NEXT MONTH** SEPTEMBER ISSUE ON SALE AUGUST 12th

### BACKGAMMON

Now you can indulge in this cut-and-thrust pastime without losing either your shirt, or your pride, when the dice are against you. The ZX81 may not have the charisma and sex appeal of Omar Shariff but once you've entered the program in next mcnth's CT, it does play a pretty good game of Backgammon. The program is fully documented with hints for converting it to other machines; and remember that a copy of CT costs an awful lot less than a backgammon board!

### DRAGON CHARACTER DEFINER

Take the drudgery out of redesigning your character set on the Dragon 32 by running our utility program in the September CT. A large eight-by-eight grid corresponding to a character block is displayed on screen, and you use a joystick to move a cursor about and paint in the pixels. It's almost like playing Space Invaders while you're designing them.

### FELIX KNOWLEDGE SHOP

At the end of May a revolutionary new shop opened in the centre of London. It sells knowledge. For a modest sum of money anyone can walk in and take GINE THIS TO TOUR NEWS AGENT a course of instruction on the subject of their Connounno lodo o legulor copy or choice, and because the shop uses a system of computer-aided teaching you can work at your own pace and without any inhibitions about looking stupid in front of a human tutor. The editor went along to the opening to try out a few packages, and reveals all about his job skills!



### SOFTWARE PROTECTION

Gone are the days of cutlass and grappling irons today's pirates make use of cassette recorders, EPROM copiers and sophisticated programming techniques to plunder helpless software companies becalmed in a sea of confusing legislation. Over-the-top imagery apart, software piracy is a major problem facing commercial programmers and the ill-gotten gains amount to millions of pounds. Next month's CT examines the scale of the problem and some of the measures that are being taken to combat the thefts.

Articles described here are in an advanced state of preparation but circumstances may dictate changes to the final contents.

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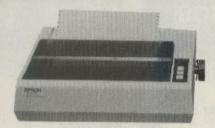
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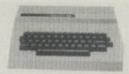
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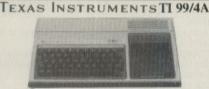
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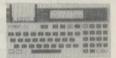
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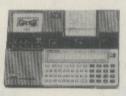
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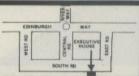
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# MICRO INTERRUPTIONS

We conclude our brief look at the way in which micros can be made to talk to one another by presenting a two player, two computer space game that demonstrates interrupt techniques to the full.



his month we are going to describe the implementation of a real time game, which uses two computers communicating over the PIO interface described last month.

The actual communication is done over PIO port A, using bits 0-3 as output bits (bit 3 as the interrupt bit) and bits 4-7 as inputs (bit 7 as the interrupt bit). The cable connecting the two machines must, therefore, have a four-bit twist in it to ensure that the output bits of one machine go to the input bits of the other machine. The PIO is programmed in the same way that we described last month, that is in Mode 3, using the Z-80 in interrupt Mode 2.

To obtain real time operation,

all the software must be written in machine code. The version which we have written is in Z-80 code, and runs on a NASCOM 2 under the NAS-SYS 3 monitor. A Hex dump of this version is included at the end of this article.

### ZAP THAT ALIEN

The game, called 'Starfighters', is a space war type game. The screen is a 'window' on space, around which you can 'fly' by using the four cursor control keys. Three alien spacecraft can be seen through the 'window', one of which is under the control of the other player. This ship is called the 'flagship', the other two are decoys and move around at random. All

three ships look identical, but only the 'flagship' is armed, and only the 'flagship' has a defence shield. This means that a decoy alien will be destroyed if you hit it, but the 'flagship' will only be slightly damaged. You must hit the 'flagship' 10 times, in order to penetrate its shield and destroy it. Each time the 'flagship' is hit, any decoy ships which have been destroyed will be replaced.

Your photon cannons can be fired by pressing the Space bar. Their trajectories are such, that in order to hit an alien, you must manouevre him under your 'sights' before and during firing.

Your ship can only carry enough photon energy to fire twenty blasts from the cannons. You can, however, restore this energy level by 'docking' with the stationary 're-arming' satellite at any time. This is done by manouevering the satellite under the 'sights', where it will automatically 'lock on'. Once you are 'locked on' to the satellite you cannot move away until re-arming is complete. When the re-arming process is complete, the satellite will automatically 'unlock' itself and move a short distance away.

If you are hit, then you will suffer some damage. Each hit will damage about 10% of your systems, so if you are hit ten times, you will be destroyed!

The status of your ship is displayed on the top line of the screen. The status information given is:

- 1. The number of times you have hit the 'flagship'.
- 2. Your photon energy level remaining.
- 3. The extent of damage to your ship.

Other information is occasionally displayed on the top line, such as an indication that an alien spacecraft has been hit, or a warning that you have been hit.

### SUB SPACE

In overview, the game consists of a number of subroutines which are called from a main loop. The main loop constantly scans the keyboard, and the subroutines perform the various functions required by each of the keys pressed. The main subroutines required are:

- 1. A routine to enable us to 'fly' around in space.
- 2. A routine to fire the photon cannons and detect a hit on an alien.

3. A routine to transmit information to the other player.

4. A routine to receive, and act upon, information from the other player.

5. A routine to control the rearming satellite and the re-arming process.

6. A routine to control the 'flagships' movements.

7. A routine to control the decoy ships movements.

1. Flying around in space.

Flying around in space is achieved by moving the stars, aliens and rearming satellite, one screen location in the direction appropriate to the cursor key pressed. For example, if the left cursor key was pressed then everything must be moved to the right. Similarly, if the up cursor key was pressed then everything must be moved down.

The current position of the stars, aliens and satellite are stored as 16-bit screen addresses, the aliens and satellite in two byte variables and the stars in a two byte by 20 element array. These variables are read and updated by the four 'movement' routines, one for each cursor key

The 'movement' routines all perform similar functions:

1. Read the current positions of stars, aliens and satellite. Erase the stars, aliens and satellite by writing the 'space' character at their current positions.

3. Calculate new positions for the stars, aliens and satellite. 4. Update the current position

variables.

5. Redraw the stars, aliens and satellite at their new positions.

In addition, the new position of each star is tested to see if it has gone off screen. If it has, then its position is re-calculated to position it at the opposite edge of the screen. Similarly, the new positions of the aliens and the satellite are tested to see if they have gone off screen. If any have, then their new positions are ignored and their 'olo positions are re-used. This prevents them from ever going off screen. (We discovered that if they are allowed to go off screen and 'wander through space', it is very easy to 'lose' them completely!)

For additional 'realism', an auto key repeat facility will allow you to move around by holding the cursor control keys down, rather than having to press the keys for every move. Fortunately, the NAS SYS 3 monitor on the NASCOM

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already has this facility. Non NASCOM users can, of course, write their own auto key repeat routines, if required.

2. Firing the photon cannons

There are two photon cannons, and they are angled so that their 'shells' coincide uncer the centre of the 'sights'. From first being fired, to the point where they coincide each 'shell' occupies seven separate positions on the NASCOM screen. Since the game is to run in real time, the 'shell trajectories cannot be drawn all in one go, because this would take too long. To overcome this problem, the current status of the photon cannons (ie firing or not) is stored in a status variable, and the current positions of the 'shells' is updated. To obtain a realistic speed of firing, the shells' are repositioned every 15 times round the main loop

When the Space bar is pressed, the status variable is 'set'. The photon cannon routine tests this variable every time and returns immediately if it is not 'set'

At the end of the photon cannon routine, if the 'shells' are at their coincident position, the status variable is 'reset'. Every time the 'shells' reach their coincident position, the current position of each of the aliens is tested. If one of them is currently under the centre of the sights, then it has been hit, and the routine which draws an alien exploding is called If the alien hit was the 'flagship' then the 'flagship hit' variable is incremented. If this variable reaches the value 10, then the game is over and you have won. If the alien hit was a decoy, then it is 'flagged' so that it is not redrawn until the 'flagship' has been hit.

3. Transmitting information to

the other player.

There are only five data items that need to be sent to the other player. They are, the four possible directions of movement, and whether the other player has been hit. They are sent as a one byte code per item, and are coded as follows:

Move to the left - OA Hex - OC Hex Move to the right - 09 Hex Move up Move down - OB Hex Hit on the other player - OF Hex

The direction information is sent during the appropriate movement routine, and the 'hit on the other player' information is sent during the photon cannon routine, if the 'flagship' has been hit.

1920 F1 C9 F5 C5 D5 E5 FD 46 00 FD 23 FD 6E 00 FD 23 00 DF 5F FF 20 70 FE 120 20 F6 FD 23 1930 FD 66 7C 1940 EA E1 01 C1 F1 0.9 F. K. 31: ØE F 1 (00) 20 0.9 67 09 12 1950 F1 FS 70 13 70 12.4 FS 14 SF 13 10 F6 1960 00 10 B3 20 C1 0.9 F.E. F 5 05 66 E8 1.13 7A 23 09 32 010 09 32 1970 3F BB 30 15 MA 32 43 30 MA 77 7 F 5 CS ES 21 08 31 98 06 2F 10 E.C. 1980 09 D5 ØB. 1990 21 BE: @高 06 2E 77 23 10 FC 21 40 08 11 40 MA 19 10 FC 79 08 06 OD 19 1.0 FC 19A0 (IS) 3E 94 77 21 39 08 BA ØB 3C 32 139 90 32 0A 08 30 32 30 32 1980 3E 1900 ØB E1 01 C1 F1 C9 F.5 CS 0.5 E.5 70 18 06 (16) C5 23 C1 10 F0 12.4 1900 CD 50 19 06 2E 31 80 77 10 FA 1.3 C9 19E0 CI F5 C5 D5 E5 06 (16) 1.1 79 18 CD D1 F1 19F0 06 20 23 10 FA C1 13 1.0 E (2) CD 08 10 19 2E 3E 11 09 E5 51 18 036 10001 CD 6F 19 F1 D1 C1 F 1 F 15 CS 05 D1 C1 F1 09 Parks; 1410 14 CD 50 19 31: 2E 13 10 FZ E1 18 014 SA 19 77 1.3 0.5 80 CD 10 1A20 CH 05 E5 11 F5 35 20 3E 1430 F9 FD 60 10 CD 22 19 11 F5 18 06 05 CD 09 F 9 3E 04 32 EØ 93 1.0 E 2 09 1. 1. 1.440 50 19 13 32 E.O 98 1A50 18 06 84 D1 CD 50 19 1.3 10 11 113 016 EØ CD 50 19 1.3 10 F. 9 11 49 1.13 06 26 3E 07 3E 1A60 19 19 1C CD 22 CD 1.A70 CD 50 13 10 E. 0 FD 71 CD 08 1A CD 6F 19 E.1. D1 01 09 08 1)9 1A80 F 4 19 19 ED 21 AB 10 04 E 6 70 FE 70 C2 06 18 CD 06 1090 DB 08 22 19 11 20 01 CD 60 19 CD E4 19 CD 1A CD DAAL 19 32 43 1D CD B3 17 CD 80 18 1480 6F SA 43 11) 06 OA 69 20 69 29 40 6C 65 ac FF 69 1AC0 21 CA (AIS 22 73 73 1AD0 60 70 61 63 74 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 53 68 70 20 4F 72 74 74 75 73 20 20 65 1AE0 69 70 20 73 61 19 44 74 69 6F 6E 61 60 00 11 DC 05 CD 60 2A 1AFR 61 07 25 CB 2F CB 25 E6 1800 1D E3 09 08 ED 4D CB 25 CB 1810 32 38 11) D9 08 FB ED 40 86 DE E0 F 2 E4 D2 CE DIA 5C F4 FF DE E6 1820 EB 40 50 C:6 52 40 82 50 98 86 E6 1830 40 62 72 70 64 58 ØB 67 ØB. 10 ØB 26 ØB DD OA E.5 OA 04 ØA ØA 63 ØA 20 OA 22 MA F-1 199 15 1 1840 MA 9E 5F 08 08 B1 BB E1 08 50 09 09 4F 88 68 08 06 76 1850 09 MA 777 413 BB 1860 09 90 09 D3 09 F 1 09 1F OA MA MA 4B BB 88 OB 08 ØB 4F OB 60 ØB 61 (318) EB MA 1870 MA 0B OA 4B OA 88 OA CB MA ØB 1880 09 4B 09 88 09 CB 09 44 09 DE 09 DF 09 E3 09 9F 48 09 09 1890 ØB MB E1 AL 22 09 22 09 E1 08 1F 09 A2 99 A4 09 20 OA OA 20 1BA0 5C 09 57 09 09 28 09 SF 09 63 65 1880 09 24 09 DE ØE 1BC0 09 6B 09 90 09 9A 09 A3 09 A7 09 DB 09 109 09 E5 MA SC DA 5E 09 09 EA 09 10 OA 19 MA 24 MA 26 1BD0 E7 96 OA 6C DA A1 OA 9E OA 9B OA 0A 45 64 OA 67 1 REG OA 09 09 21 ØA 45 E9 09 F.1 09 FO A1 1BF0 OA EØ OA OA EO 4F 29 09 71 OA 97 09 CE 80 136 08 30 OB F4 MA 1000 MB 73 09 17 OA CF OA 77 ØB AF MA 17 1010 08 25 19 AA MA 08 ØA AF 80 CF MA 17 MA 09 4F AA 1020 OA CF BA 73 25 09 73 09 4F 08 AA OA 10 1030 09 OB 17 MA CF MA 0C 20 04 20 98 OC. 20 04 20 08 20 @1 20 1.C40 20 01 20 20 01 20 0C 20 04 20 08 1050 20 01 20 ØC. 20 04 20 08 24 04 54 03 04 @3 76 1.060 0F AO 02 05 03 12 06 A1 12 01 02 64 01 05 04 1/4 1070 02 1.4 03 18 04 02 65 13 to to 01 FF 04 FF 01 F- F-04 FF 01 FF 04 FF 04 1080 E.E. 01 04 FF 01 04 E.E. 02 FF 05 EE 02 EE 05 1090 FF 01 FF 100 03 FF 06 40 50 01 50 ØC. 50 04 50 033 F. F. 06 FF 1CAØ FF 50 50 PIC. 50 04 50 08 50 01 50 0C 50 (34) 50 08 01 1CB0 01 50 50 04 50 08 50 (21 50 ØC. 50 64 50 1000 MA 50 ØC: ØC 04 50 50 01 50 50 04 50 08 50 01 1CDØ 08 50 OC 1CE0 50 01 50 0C 50 04 50 08 50 01 50 ØC 50 04 50 80 50 50 04 50 ØC 50 04 50 08 50 01 00 50 1CF0 08 50 01 04 50 80 FF 09 F: F: OA ØB FF 50 50 01 50 OC 1000 08 1010 ØC FF 0B E. E. DA FF 09 F.F. 08 FF 07 FF 06 FF 05 FF 01 08 04 02 ØF 35 1 B 02 01 FF 02 1020 04 1: 1: 73.3 E.E. FF 1010 (9 (9 00 (a) 00 MM MA DAG MA MIN MA 07 ØF 00 00 00 1D40 7D 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 The complete listing for Starfighter in Z-80 Hex format.

For those who don't have the time to type in all this code, the program is available in NASCOM 2 (CUTS) format at 300 baud from ASP Software for £5.99. Orders to ASP Software at 145 Charing Cross Road, London WC2H OEE marked "Starfighter".

### Receiving information from the other player.

Because there is a four-bit twist in the cable connecting the two machines, the data is received reversed from that shown above. For example, a move to the left is received as AO Hex, and a move to the right is received as CO Hex. In each case the high bit is set, and this causes the PIO, which has been programmed to look for this bit set, to generate an interrupt. When the interrupt has been acknowledged, the interrupt service routine will be called.

The interrupt service routine tests the received data to see if it is direction information (ie, not code OF Hex). If it is, then it is stored in the 'alien direction' variable and a 'return from interrupt' is executed. If it is code OF Hex (ie hit code received), then the routine which draws the missile strike flash, is called and the 'hit on yourself' variable is incremented. If this variable reaches the value 10 decimal, then the game is over and you have lost, otherwise a 'return from interrupt' is executed.

### 5. Controlling the re-arming satellite.

The re-arming satellite is unable to move under its own power, so the only way the satellite can move, is when any of the cursor keys are pressed, and the four movement routines already take care of this for us.

All the re-arming routine needs to do then is to test the position of the satellite to see if it is under the 'sights'. Since the movement routines can change this position each time the main loop is executed, the re-arming routine must also be called each time round the main loop.

If the satellite is not under the 'sights', then no action is needed, and the routine 'returns' immediately, otherwise a flag is set which prevents the keyboard from being scanned, and a counter variable is decremented. Each time the re-arming routine is called whilst the satellite is in this 'locked on' state; the counter variable is decremented. When this counter reaches zero, the re-arming process is complete and several things happen:

- 1. The 'movement routine disabled' flag is reset.
- 2. The 'counter' variables original value is restored.
- 3. The 'number of photons' variable is set to 20 decimal.
- The satellite is moved, one screen location, in a 'random' direction.

The satellite is moved so that it is not detected as being under the 'sights', immediately the routine ends. The 'random' element consists of selecting, at random, one of four possible directions of movement. This has been implemented on the NASCOM, by loading the accumulator with the contents of the refresh register, and then using only the low two bits. Unfortunately for us, the low bit of the Z-80 refresh register is always O. To overcome this, the contents of the accumulator are shifted one bit to the right. The accumulator is then incremented by one, for reasons which will become apparent later, to give a range of values between 1 and 4. The effect of each value is:

Move up - Move left - Move down - Move right

The satellite is now moved, one screen location, in the direction appropriate to the contents of the variable. This is done by calling a set of 'universal move' routines. which test the value in the accumulator, and then move the 'calling' object in the appropriate direction. (It was to enable us to use these universal routines, that we incremented the 'random' value in the accumulator earlier)

Non-Z-80 users could achieve the same effect by reading a table which contains the digits 1 to 4 in a 'random' sequence, and calling the 'universal move' routines with the value read. Even with a fairly small table, it will be very difficult for the user to anticipate the direction in which the satellite will move.

6. Controlling the 'flagship'. As we have seen, the 'flagship' is under the control of the other player, and we can tell in which direction he has moved, by reading the 'alien direction' variable. This variable will contain either the digits 09 to 0C Hex, or 0, which is the value it is initialised to. When the variable has been read, the high bit is reset, since it is no longer needed, leaving five possible values 00 to 04. These values mean:

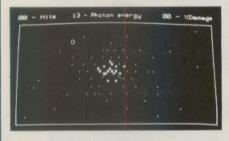
00 - Do not move 'flagship' 01 - Move 'flagship' up 02 - Move 'flagship' left - Move 'flagship' down

04 - Move 'flagship' right

The 'flagship' is now moved, one screen location, in the direction

 The Aldebaran VII Complex.
 The Rigel III Star Sustem. Enter your chaice of Empire >\_







appropriate to the contents of the variable. This is done by calling the 'universal move' routines, unless the value is 0, in which case the 'flagship' is not moved at all.

Just as in the four movement routines, the 'flagship' is tested to see if its new position is off the screen. If it is, then its new position is ignored and its old position is re-used

At the end of the 'flagship' routine the 'alien direction' variable is set to 0, so that if no further directions are received from the other player, the 'flagship' will remain stationary. (Except when any of the cursor keys are pressed, of course).

7. Controlling the decoy aliens.

There are two decoy aliens, although you can have as many as you like, and they serve no purpose other than to cause confusion.

The decoy routine, which is called each time round the main loop, moves each of the decoy aliens in a separate 'random'

direction. The decoys are not moved every time the routine is called, because they would then move much faster than the 'flagship', which would defeat their purpose! Instead a counter, which has an initial value of 150, is decremented each time the routine is called, and the decoys are only moved when this counter reaches

When it is time to move the decoys, one of the four possible directions of movement is chosen, at random, for each of the decoys. They are then moved, one screen location, in their respective directions.

The 'random' choice of direction is implemented in the same way that it was for the rearming satellite, ie by reading the value in the Z-80 refresh register. Non-Z-80 users could use the table principle again, as described earlier.

To prevent the decoys from going off screen, the new position of each alien is tested to see if it has gone off screen. If it has then the new position is ignored, and the old position is re-used.

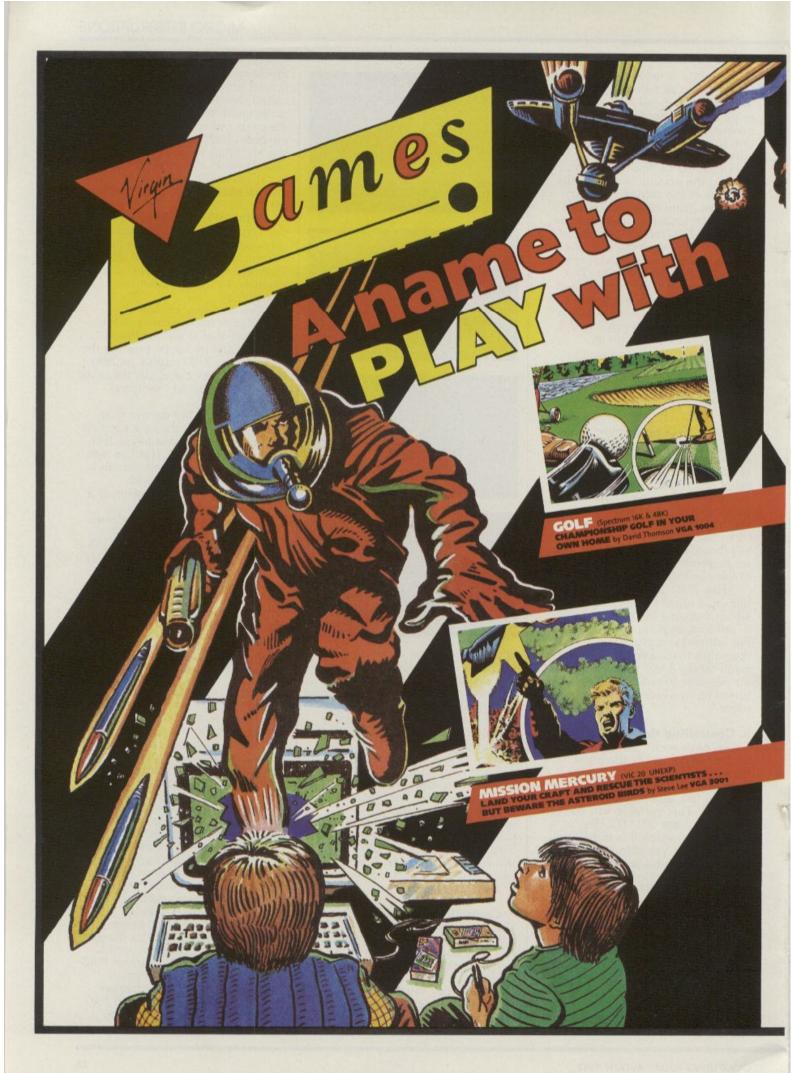
As we mentioned earlier, if a decoy alien is hit, then it is 'flagged' so that it is not redrawn until the 'flagship' has been hit. What this really means, is that the decoy alien's position is set to 0 if it has been hit. The first thing that the decoy routine does is to test the positions of the decoy aliens. If either, or both, of them have been 'flagged' as hit, then they are ignored.

### DELVING DEEPER

There are, of course, a whole host of 'lower level' subroutines, such as the 'universal move routines', and routines to output the scores etc, which have not been described because of space limitations (out of politeness the Editor is choosing to gnore this feeble attempt at a pun!). The routines which we have described, however, form the 'guts' of the game, and with the descriptions of the PIO programming, and the use of interrupts, which we described last month, they should give you a fair idea of how to go about writing this

sort of game for yourself.
To show you how much more exciting this sort of game can be, we have reproduced a Hex dump of our version of the game, which runs on a NASCOM 2 under NAS-SYS 3. (Incidentally, if you connect a small 8 ohm speaker across the tape LED you will find that our version also has some

limited sound effects!)









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Maurice Webb

# SHARP SPEED UP

Find out how to improve the speed of your Sharp MZ-80K with the aid of a few modifications.



mproving the speed performance of the modern micro seems to have recently occupied the minds of many computer owners. There would appear to be two main schools of thought, those who believe in purchasing one of the piggy-back boards for between £50 and £100 which will receive no comment in this article, and those who believe in modifying the existing circuitry.

Those who follow the second course face a number of practical problems. If the micro is set for the faster speed it is not possible to load programs saved at the original, slower speed and if the speed is changed after loading at the original speed the program is likely to crash when switching takes place.

The solution which is described here is, I would suggest

reliable, inexpensive and readily adaptable to other systems which work in a similar manner to the MZ-80K.

### **CLOCK THAT**

Sharp generate their clock from an 8 MHz crystal which is divided by a 74LS93; pin 8 gives the output at 2 MHz which then goes off to disappear into the bowels of the gubbins. At pin 9 a 4 Mhz output can be obtained though this pin was not used in the original Sharp design.

It will be necessary to cut the track where it leaves the 74LS93 (IC9). Care is needed here and I should not need to remind the reader that any guarantee might well be invalidated by performing this minor piece of surgery. Nor should it be attempted by the

inexperienced or those of nervous disposition.

A length of thin, flexible wire is connected to pin 8, a second length, preferably of a different colour to pin 9 and a third to the other side of the cut track. Joining the pin 8 and cut-track wire should restore all as before and a quick test can be made. If all is not well do not continue until the fault is rectified.

Originally the Z-80 was intended to have an operating speed of 1 MHz (hence the division), but it is possible that the one in residence may well operate far in excess of this and not need replacing. The Z-80A is a direct replacement for the Z-80 and apart from the usual care needed when dealing with 40 pin beasties no problems should be encountered. (The cost of a Z-80A is something in the order of £4-£5 which is not enough to deter the enthusiast or require a second mortgage.)

### WHAT A SWITCH

The circuit shown switches the clock from one speed to the other in such a way that switching takes place when the clock cycle goes low which reduces the possibility of crashing programs. Switching can be done while running a program, indication of clock speed is clearly displayed and at switch-on, the computer comes to life in the original way as the makers intended. This is a great advantage if used by less experienced members of the family for they can just ignore the little switch.

Construction is straightforward, construction on a piece of 1mm copper strip-board (Veroboard) makes a neat job and provided good construction practice is followed no problems should be encountered.

The switching circuit of the 74LS00 is quite conventional. The 74LS73 acts as a standard JK flipflop with CLR t.ed to the RESET line. The problem of false triggering on a non negative cycle was solved by using the 74LS74 as a one shot pulse circuit which delivers its one pulse when and only when the switch is pressed and this is timed to fit into the computer's normal timing.

The switch should be of the momentary action type which is normally connected to V<sub>∞</sub> and grounded when the change over is required. The pulse so delivered flips the JK and so on via the 74LSOO's to the micro's main timing circuit.

The bi-coloured LED indicator is something of a luxury as a

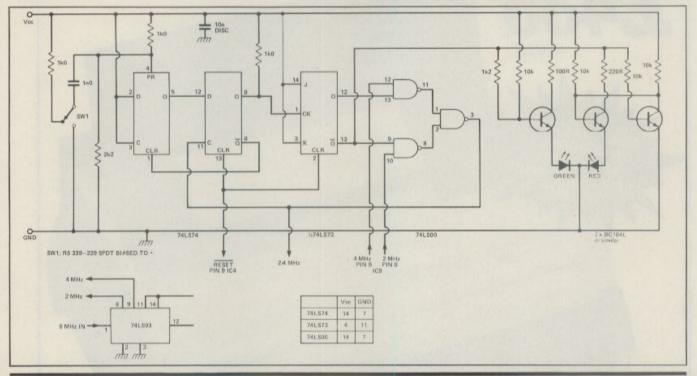
simpler system could be easily designed but this circuit has one particular advantage in that it does ensure the computer always comes up at 2 MHz from cold as previously described when the LED shows green turning red to indicate 4 MHz

During use this modification has proved itself as being reliable, programs can be saved and run at either speed and for such a modest outlay has proved a most valuable improvement to this already excellent micro

### A WORD OF WARNING

If your Sharp has had extra RAM fitted since you purchased it, you must ensure that this memory is sufficiently fast to operate with the higher clock speed

This circuit switches the clock from one speed to the other



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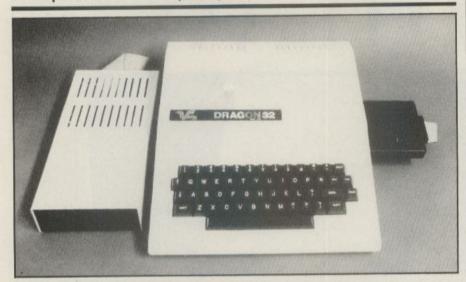
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# DRAGON DISCS

For frustrated Dragon 32 owners awaiting the long-promised disc drives, here's good news in the form of a pre-emptive strike by an independent company.



he Dragon 32 computer is one of the almost fairy-tale success stories of the British microcomputer scene. Launched mid-way through 1982, it sold spectacularly well in the period leading up to last Christmas and now has an established user base which must be fast approaching the 100,000 mark. Before we take a look at the disc system which is the subject of this review (not a Dragon Data product, incidentally), it is worth trying to establish why the system was, and continues to be, so successful.

### A HYBRID COMPUTER

As a product specification, the Dragon 32 already existed in the form of the Tandy Color Computer. This is not to say that they are the same computer, far from it, but they are built around the same basic set of parts. The Tandy product, in this country at least, received very little attention, partly as a result of its different approach and partly because of its high price. On the other hand the Dragon 32 was very attractively priced, and despite a brief hiccough when Mettoy sold off their holding in the company and the high rate of sales forced a move to new and bigger premises, the system has always been available. Dragon's shift from a mail-order marketing philosophy to a direct High Street sell through retail outlets like Boots and Laskys has also made the product much more accessible, in that it can be tried before you buy it. The odd specification has not, apparently, caused any problems to the company, although a lack of software in the early days was

The reason that I call the specification 'odd' is not that it is a technically flawed machine, but that it uses an unfamiliar CPU and a version of BASIC which is only seen on one other computer Tandy's Color Computer. The Dragon 32 is based around Motorola's second generation eightbit processor, the 6809. Very few companies in the UK have made any real use of this CPU, which is a pity in many ways as it has a lot of support in the States. Primarily produced as a direct competitor to Zilog's Z80, the 6809 is fully compatible with the much underrated S-50 bus system and the excellent FLEX Disc Operating System. In theory, at least, there should be no problem in connecting a Dragon 32, through its cartridge port, to the S-50 bus and hence giving it immediate access to a vast array of add-ons from discs down to speech synthesisers. But, curiously, no such move has yet taken place. Even as this review was being compiled it was announced that the arrival of Dragon Data's own disc

drives was, once again, delayed. Technically there is no reason why they should have any problem at all, as the product tested here shows. Indeed, it could be that Dragon Data may well have missed the boat.

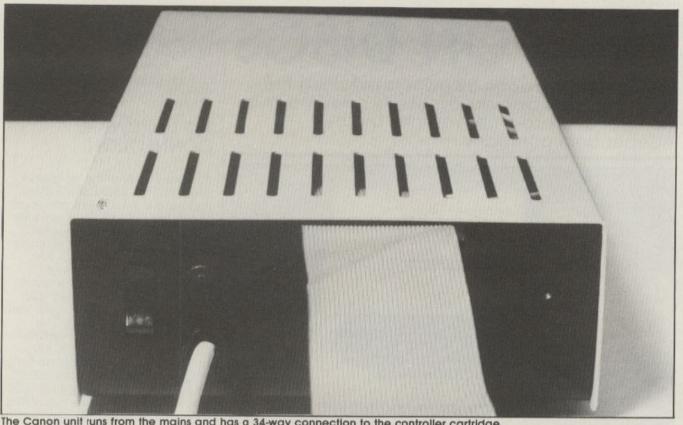
### THE HARDWARE CONNECTION

Premier Publications, who have produced the first Dragon 32 compatible discs, were previously known for their range of software rather than for their hardware designs. However, the first thing that should be said about the product is that their lack of pedigree in the hardware world certainly doesn't show; the disc drive and controller are both well designed and packaged. The controller is a slightly oversized cartridge assembly which plugs into the slot on the right-hand side of the computer and costs £99.95 on its own or £299.95 with a 100K disc drive. This is then connected by a single 34-way ribbon cable to the drive itself, a Canon unit housed in a neat white casing along with its own power supply

Installation is, to put it mildly, a doddle. The only point to note is that the ribbon cable plug needs a hefty push to mate it with the connector at the end of the controller, as the hole cut in the case is fractionally undersized. The manual contains clear and concise instructions with plenty of good diagrams, although it does suggest that there should be a second socket at the disc end whereas the cable is terminated inside the

As manuals go the Premier Publications team have certainly produced a winner. Nearly 80 pages of well laid out, neatly typed and reproduced copy housed in a ring binder with the demonstration disc tell you everything you want to know about the DOS and how to use it. You even ge: hardware notes so that you could connect your own drives to the controller — it happily supports 8" and 5¼" drives in a wide variety of densities from 100K to 400K, as well as the Bats MCDI 3" drives.

Earlier on I mentioned that the 6809 had its own DOS, called FLEX. Premier Publications have chosen to go their own way and have provided a ROM-based DOS, called DELTA, which assumes control of the Dragon as soon as the power is turned on. Unlike many systems it steals only 1.8K of user RAM for the file buffers; a



The Canon unit runs from the mains and has a 34-way connection to the controller cartridge,

very economical beast indeed compared with some. Inside the cartridge there is room for another ROM, which Premier will fill with their ENCODER 09 assembler/disassembler and monitor ROM. However, it could perhaps be used to take an extended version of DELTA, if one is planned, or maybe they will offer FLEX at a later date.

### UP AND RUNNING

The first thing that DELTA demands is that a disc be placed in drive A and the system then boots on its own. To begin with this will be the demo disc, containing a simple menu which allows you to get a quick idea of the facilities offered. The demo disc contains an INTRO program, which is auto-booted, and also has a pair of programs which allow you to create a simple data base and then search it for entries. By the time you have reached page 10 of the manual you will already be using many of the commands that are available. Table 1 has the full list.

DELTA is fully compatible with the Dragon's M.crosoft BASIC LOAD and SAVE are used for disc access rather than the CLOAD and CSAVE you will be used to with cassettes. It should be noted that SAVE automatically overwrites an existing file with the same name; it

would be nice to have a check first but then you can't have everything. These two commands are also extended to allow the user to LOAD and RUN in one operation, RUN"INTRO" for example, and also to save blocks of memory or machine code programs. One of the examples given in the manual is to save the entire BASIC interpreter onto disc now if one could replace that ROM by RAM

Another useful idea that the 'block saves' suggest is that you can save text and graphics screens on disc, great for games and animations. The final program oriented options offered by DELTA are CHAIN, which loads in a new program without losing the variables created by the old program, and APPEND, which merges a disc program onto the program currently held in RAM. Precautions are necessary with both of these options but these are simply common sense rather than annoying restrictions.

One interesting point is that DELTA seemed slow to SAVE, both with machine code and program files. The reason for this is that it automatically verifies the save for you. If you don't want to wait, or trust your disc never to fail, you can deselect this facility by typing VERIFY D. However, as it's such a good idea I think that you should always turn it back on as soon as possible with VERIFY E; after all

you don't really want to lose that vital program, do you?

### SYSTEM OPTIONS

At the systems level DELTA requires that all blank discs are formatted by the INIT command, and you can use the CONFIG command to store your drive's parameters prior to initialising if you are using a non-standard system. Interestingly, Premier have added the option of common sense to the INIT command, If DELTA finds that there is already information on the disc if checks back to see if you really do want to scrub it clean. Such a simple facility to include, but so few DOSs bother. Individual files may be protected against accidental alteration by using the ASSIGN option, which has the delightfully named 'Sanctify' and 'Desecrate' extensions to indicate the file's status as well as providing a renaming facility

Bulk copying of a disc's contents is achieved by the BACKUP command, which quite happily copes with a single drive copy by providing all the necessary prompts (although it is a very good idea to stick a write protect label on the source disc!). A COPY command is also available for copying single files between discs, but sadly it lacks the wild card facility. This option is built into

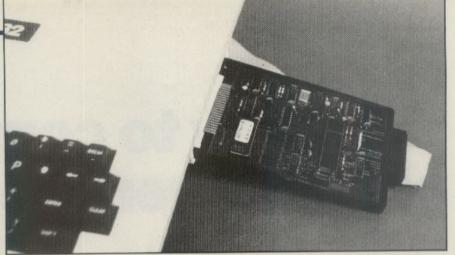
DELTA for use with the FIND command — ie a search for gr\*\*n will produce green, groin and groan - so it's a little sad that it got missed from the system commands section. A whole section at the back of the manual is given over to explanations on how to copy your cassette-based programs onto discs, and there would appear to be no problem provided these are just BASIC: If machine code has been included, then there may be problems if the addresses occupied by the machine code clash with DELTA's living space, so some conversion may be necessary. Premier also point out that you cannot copy cartridges onto disc as the controller lives, both physically and address-wise, in the same space, and there would be no point as cartridges are faster than

discs anyway! The final portion of DELTA is given over to file handling and in this respect both serial and random access data files are supported, with the manual providing a very good grounding in the techniques needed. You always need to CREATE a file area on disc before you start to fill it with data; remember to be generous or you could run out of space! Temporary files which act as buffers, a common requirement in data base operations, can be given a name and then continually re-used by making use of the FLUSH command which deletes all the data. All the usual commands such as OPEN and CLOSE are available in DELTA, together with the requisite pointer commands to make random access filing a relatively simple task. One useful command that I mentioned in passing earlier in this piece is the FIND option. This will search any file for a specified item, which can then be retrieved by an INPUT

### **EXECUTIVE ACTION**

operation.

As if all the above facilities were not enought to convince you that Premier meant business with their DELTA system, they also allow you to create an 'executive' file on disc. Effectively this means that you can make a self-demonstrating system by handing control of your Dragon 32 to an 'invisible' typist; all the commands are saved on a disc file which the computer treats as direct inputs from the keyboard. You could, for example, get the file to LOAD a program, LIST it and then RUN it, all without any apparent operator



The controller innards are neat and workmanlike.

being present. To make the system even more powerful it can be combined with the BOOT command which specifies a file to be automatically RUN when the disc is booted or selected by the system.

To help the first time disc user cope with all the above commands and their various options, Premier's manual provides not only a clear and concise description of each but also offers many short routines to let you try them out. The demo disc contains a pair of simple programs that illustrate the file handling commands even more thoroughly, and you can LIST them to see just how they work. I was unable to find an example of a bad or unclear explanation, nor could I discover any mistakes in the examples, other than those that Premier themselves had spotted and provided on an errata sheet! If only certain other DOS manuals were as good.

### THE LAST WORD

In conclusion it seems only fair to remark on the one or two shortcomings of the system, having praised it so highly up to now. None of these points really constitutes a major problem; maybe they could be cleared up on a second issue of the ROMs. The criticisms are that the wild card facility has not been

implemented where it is most needed, ie in the COPY and KILL options; SAVE should check first before overwriting an existing file; and finally, that CREATE limits the flexibility of the system when used with data files, and would be much better as a dynamic command rather than as a predetermined limiter.

On the hardware side, the only quibble I have is that the Canon drives don't eject their discs. I have never liked machines that use them, the Adler Alphatronic for example, for the simple reason that it is possible to forget that there is a disc in there, and attempts to stuff a second disc in always seem to meet with disasters of major proportions. In fairness, however, the drives do seem robust and never gave a moment's trouble during the review period.

Overall, then, a totally excellent offering for Dragon 32 users that delivers exactly what it offers and would meet virtually all the requirements of any user of the system that I can possibly imagine. If you don't want the drives supplied by Premier you can add your own, of any size, quite simply and this, in itself, is an attitude that you seldom find. I just hope that they continue the good work with either an uprated second edition ROM or move on to offer a FLEX-compatible system together with the software to run on it

BASIC keywords LOAD SAVE RUN CHAIN APPEND LOADM SAVEM RUNM

System keywords
DIR INIT CONFIG KILL ASSIGN VERIFY SELECT COPY BACKUP

Data and file keywords

CREATE FLUSH OPEN CLOSE FILES
END# DIM# INPUT# PRINT# FIND# EOF RESTORE#

Executive keywords
DO BUILD BOOT

Table 1. The DELTA command set.

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# SORD PLAY

The Japanese have now unsheathed the Sord M5. Is this a new star rising in the East?



esigning an adventure playground needs careful thought. If it is too simple and straightforward, it will lack excitement. A scary element is desirable, but confusion is to be avoided, because it can be really frightening. One way of avoiding confusion is to provide signposts and explanatory notices.

Much the same considerations apply to the design of small computers that are likely to fall into inexperienced hands.

The Sord M5 is a typical Japanese product — well conceived, nicely made, and provided with totally inadequate documentation — so that the signposts and notices are missing, and confusion is more than just possible. The machine has many interesting features which are a delight to explore for those who know how to find their way round, but some of the best facilities are barely mentioned in the manual.

There may be a simple reason for this. Unlike the leopard, which is stuck with its spots, the M5 can change its ROM, or more accurately part of it, and it then becomes a totally different machine. The documentation consists of two books; a slim volume that deals with setting up and running the demo tape, and a thicker manual for the ROM pack which is supplied as standard. This leaves out the fixed ROM and interface system, which determine many of the machine's most important characteristics.

However, patient exploration unearthed some of the missing data, allowing the capabilities of the machine to be explored in full. No dcubt such information will soon be available, either from Sord or an independent source, and then it will be possible to use the machine without risk of confusion. Even without that, the M5 is a real fun machine.

### SETTING UP

The main unit is beautifully styled, as can be seen from the photographs, but in order to insert the ROM pack it is necessary to lift a

flap at the back of the keyboard, which exposes an area of bright yellow plastic and rather spoils the image of the thing. A width of just over 10" means that the keyboard is rather small, with a horizontal and vertical pitch of 15 mm between keys, where a typewriter uses a pitch of around 20 mm. The moulded rubber keys were eyed dubiously, but proved to be more effective than some similar arrangements.

The separate power pack is quite sizeable, about 8" long and 2½" square, and it is provided with a switch and a mains plug. As the plug is of the small two-pin variety, an adaptor normally serving an electric razor had to be pressed into service.

The next problem looked like being more difficult to solve. A large diagram showing interconnections offered several ways of using the metal switch box to connect up the television set and aerial, gaily referring to 75 ohm coax and 300 ohm twin feeders. The only way of connecting up the television set was via a pair of spade terminations, which is convenient in America, but not in this country. The manual explained that 'antenna converters are commercially available'. Not at seven on a Monday evening, they aren't!

In the end, a bold decision was made to connect the computer directly to the set, as usual, and there was much relief when this worked perfectly. Some users might have been wary of trying such a simple solution.

The cassette leads also caused a minor query, because the diagram just showed three plugs, without saying which was which. The motor control was obvious, and for the ear and mic connections there were only two possibilities. Murphy's Law said the first guess would be wrong.



It was. (White for ear, in case you need to know).

The 'joypads' (joysticks without sticks, not love nests) were set aside for later investigation, and there was no need to worry about the direct video and sound links, as there was nowhere to connect them.

Switch on. The power warning light stays out. Oh, dear . Ah, we haven't plugged in the ROM pack. Perhaps . Yes, the light now comes on. The fixed ROM is evidently not usable on its own.

After some fiddling with the television set tuning, a nice steady picture was obtained. It was rather wide in relation to its height, with an aspect ratio of about 1.8 to 1, whereas the overall screen has a ratio of 1.3 or thereabouts, but most of the available width was used. The 'black' was a slightly reddish dark brown, quite easy on the eyes, and the lettering was subdued, being officially 'grey'.

#### **DEMONSTRATION**

It seemed sensible to begin by running the demo tape, which started with a 'TV adjustment program'. This was a little worrying, as the accompanying text advised the user to change the receiver settings, which might upset anyone wanting to watch Dallas later in the evening. (Do such people exist? — Ed.) The advice was ignored.

The colours displayed were pastel shades, rather than the bright and almost garish colours produced by other computers on the same TV, and the general effect was restful. More saturation might have been obtained by adjustment, but wasn't

really necessary.

An instruction was displayed that any key should be pressed, but that merely cycled through the colour patterns agair, and again. The

manual said 'press Shift and Return', which again did nothing. The inspiration to try Shift and Reset provided the solution.

A distinct metallic click was noted as the tape restarted, indicating that there should be no trouble over tape recorder polarity. Transistor switches only work one way, but a good old-fashioned relay doesn't care.

The second program was a rather simple variety of Space Invaders, complete with sound. The M5 disdains the use of a tiny loudspeaker muffled inside the case, producing its sound via the TV set loudspeaker, which is much more effective.

Some days later, it was discovered by accident that the joypads will work with this game. The only reference to the use of joypads in the manual was a statement that they would not work with the second game, which was a baseball simulation. It was rather better in quality, though the family graphics wizard reckoned it could be improved. The way the players moved against the background was intriguing, and a full investigation of the graphics system was marked for priority attention. First, however, the operator interface needed to be examined.

#### KEYBOARD

The legend on the top right hand key was Reset, raising false hopes. It was also labelled Halt, and when pressed with Shift it stopped program action, but it seemed to do nothing else. At least there's a switch on the power unit. No need to go to the wall socket when things go haywire.

Just below Reset were Return and Space, there being no space bar. It was found that the little finger of the right hand tended to overreach the Space key, entering a line prematurely, but no doubt that snag would disappear with practice. The two main Shift keys flank the bottom row of the QWERTY layout.

To the left are two more shift keys, Function and Control. The actions available through use of the Control key are manifold. It is possible to move the cursor up, down, left and right, with wraparound in all directions. The whole display can be moved in the same way, but anything disappearing past the edge is lost. There are also several screen control functions which will be described later.

The function key works in two ways. Used with the 'l' key, it selects 'typewriter shift', with capitals obtained in Shift, while with '2' it selects the reverse mode. With '3', it



A joypad. Shades of Mattel?

calls up graphics, a different set being given with and without Shift.

With some of the other keys, Function provides single-key word entry, though all words can be typed out in full if that is preferred. There are 22 valid combinations, but although RENUM, MOVE and BYE are marked on the keys, they have no effect. Another disappointment. The lettering of these legends is very small and difficult to read, and the text which is generated does not include the spaces needed to separate one word from another, but the facility was nevertheless found useful.

With 48 keys and multiple shifts, the keyboard can generate a wide range of codes, but there are a number of codes which are not covered, these mostly being inter-

national characters

On the whole, the keyboard was awarded a pass mark. The sheer versatility can cause confusion. Intending to input 'FOR', you press F and what you think is the Function key. The whole display shifts one place right, because you were in fact pressing Control. That is just one example of the oddities that can occur.

A very useful feature is a holding buffer, which will store up characters while the system is too busy to take note of keyboard action. We gave up trying to overfill the buffer, but it must have a limit somewhere.

There is a nicely-timed automatic repeat action, and a nasty little beep as you press each key. Fortunately, the TV set had a mute control to shut off the sound.

#### THE EDITOR

The editor finally confirmed suspicions that there was something familiar about the M5. As long-term readers of *Computing Today* may be aware, the Thomassons are, as a family, confirmed addicts for the Ex.

idy Sorcerer, and it would not be at all surprising to learn that the designers of the M5 were aware of the older machine. The keyboard shows strong similarities, and the editor is almost identical with the one Paul Grimshaw designed some time ago for his Sorcerer Toolkit. This similarity to the Sorcerer may have helped us to become used to the M5, since the familiar features looked more friendly.

The concept of the editor is quite simple. If the line you want to enter or execute is on the screen, the cursor is moved to it and positioned at the relevant position in the line. You can then overtype in Control O mode, insert in Control P mode, or erase with Control Delete. Press Return, and the line is entered, if it starts with a number,

otherwise being executed.

The system has advantages and disadvantages. It is beautifully simple to use, except that you may find the cursor sitting in the middle of a listing after a correction has been made, and you need to use clear screen for further commands. Not to worry, Control X will clear the line from the cursor onwards. It would be nicer if there were a Control command to clear the screen, but whereas Control L serves that purpose during a program it has no effect in direct mode.

There is another escape route through the use of Control V, as will become evident in discussion of the

display.

Once the concept of the editor has been grasped, it becomes very easy to use. A direct statement remains available after use, for example, and can be repeated with or without changes. That would be welcome on some other machines...

#### THE DISPLAY

The information about the display given in the manual is rather cursory, but one reason for that could be the sheer complexity of the system. A full description would double the size of the book, and maybe more. What follows has

largely been figured out by investigation and experiment. If it includes any misinterpretations, applogies are offered, but most of the points stated have been proved

in practice.

The system, like that of the Sorcerer, is basically of the low resolution type, with features that allow at least a simulation of high resolution. For the main display screens, a character code is stored for each character position, and this is used to look up a set of pattern bytes determining the shape of the character. The patterns can be changed by the user.

At switch-on, the screen offers 32 columns and 24 lines (GI mode), but Control T selects Text mode, which provides 40 columns. In this mode working is quite straightforward. The 960 character codes occupy most of the screen RAM, so there is not enough left spare for colour control. The screen is in white (more correctly grey) on

black.

The smaller storage area needed for the 32-column layout allows colour to be introduced on a fairly simplistic basis. Colour can be allocated to a block of characters, the block starting at a character position which is a multiple of eight (the top left-hand corner of the screen is character '0'). There are 15 colours, including black, grey and white, and also a 'no colour' setting, which appears to be transparent.

Control R sets up GII mode, and here the fun really begins. The 32-column display is still present, bu: it now has company; a totally independent screen which may be populated with 'sprites'. These can be copied from standard characters or modified characters, and up to 32 sprites can co-exist. Their size can be changed. MAG 0 gives the normal single character. MAG 1 doubles the width and height of the sprite. MAG 2 gives a large, composite sprite built up from four characters at normal size. MAG 3 doubles the size of these four characters. These size variations affect all visible sprites.

The shape and colour of a

character having been defined by the SCOD and SCOL commands, the sprite may be placed on the screen at any one of 256 horizontal positions and 192 vertical positions. Each sprite car be positioned independently, subject to a limit on the number that can be put in the same horizontal line (four only). The sprite can thereafter be moved to a new position, or taken off screen, to be brought back later if required.

All this can take place against a separate display on the 32-column screen. There is a 'window' control which allows part of the foreground screen to be protected, and the rest can be scrolled freely in any direc-

tion.

Finally, use of Control V switches over to a complete set of alternative screens. It is possible to look at one screen while making inputs to the other, and the two screens can

be in different modes.

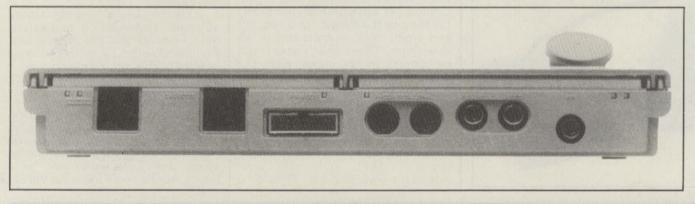
Oh, yes, and there's yet another mode, though its utility seems limited. It is called Multicolour mode, and it allows quarter blocks of colour to be set up by character inputs. We were unable to deduce the relationship between code and colour, and the relationship changes from line to line, so all that can be said is that the effect is very pretty, but not of obvious utility.

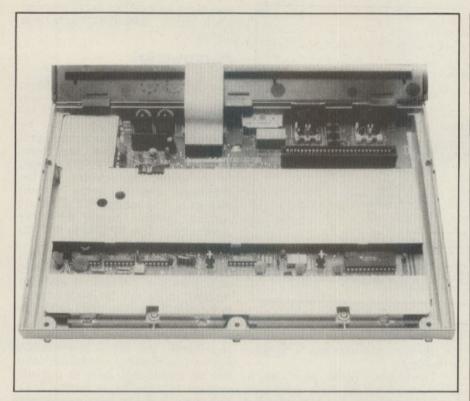
If there had not been a deadline on this review, we would still be playing with the M5 screen facilities, instead of writing about them. Working out the best way to use the system may require some hard thinking, but the effort is

rewarding.

#### THE BASIC

An integer BASIC should be fast, and the benchmark figures are confirmation of this. Limitation to whole numbers in the ± 32767 range may irk some maths buffs, and they will miss the trig and log functions, but real mathematicians will realise that there are usually ways round these missing functions. BASIC I is intended for beginners, and should be assessed in that light. Another ROM pack is available for those who want





floating point and all the trimmings.

It seems reasonable to compare BASIC I with the old 8K Microsoft BASIC supplied with the Sorcerer as prime equipment. BASIC I saves a lot of space by discarding the floating point routines and the more esoteric mathematical functions, but it also lacks ON ... GOTO and FN.

On the other hand, it im-nents IF THEN ELSE and plements IF CHAIN, an equivalent of LPRINT and LLIST, seven display com-mands, and hexadecimal number handling. PRINT CURSOR (ie PRINT AT) is proviced, and some minor functions like TIME, which returns the number of seconds since switch-on. It implements AUTO, but not RENUMBER, and covers some error-check functions. None of these were in the 8K Microsoft.

Balancing gains against losses, it must be concluded that the interpreter must be rather wasteful of the available space. However, a detailed examination of the coding would be needed to confirm that. The main point is that the interpreter works, subject to a few minor bugs. The error system is not entirely error-free, sometimes reporting a line number after a direct command error, while FRE consistently reports that 256 bytes of memory have been used, however large the program, and gives very dubious figures for memory still free.

So BASIC I might be described as adequate but not brilliant. It serves its purpose, and serves it quite well, but ought to be able to achieve a little more, which would make it very satisfactory.

The BASIC I ROM pack is supplied as standard, but other packs are available as extras, and will be covered later on.

#### SOUND

Apart from stating that there are three tone channels, a noise charnel and seven special effects, the manual says virtually nothing about the sound system. Working from minimal clues, it was eventually found that there was a fairly straightforward control protocol.

Expressing the rules as briefly as possible, a tone is set up by the sequence;

OUT &32,(128 + 32 \*A + B) OUT &32,(C)

where A = 0 to 2, and determines which channel is set, B = 0 to 15 and C = 0 to 63, the count set being B + 16 \*C. The frequency produced is (111860)/Count Hz.

Once set, the tone can be controlled by

OUT \$32,(144 + 32 \*A + D) where D = 0 to 15, 0 giving maximum volume and 15 silence. If the channels used are not silenced before the program ends, they go on sounding.

The noise channel setting is rather more complex, though a single output suffices;

OUT &32,(224 + 4 \*E + F) where E = 0 gives synchronous noise and E = 1 gives white noise. F

determines the noise frequency.

Some of the above has been checked against a partial translation from the Japanese manual which threatened to increase the confusion! When the translation is complete, it will provide a synthesizer program that looks guite interestina.

#### CASSETTE SYSTEM

Loading and saving at 2000 baud presented no problems, using a cheap Sharp recorder. The relevant commands are SAVE, OLD, VERIFY and CHAIN, OLD being equivalent to LOAD. SAVE gives no indications other than the terminating ready, which is reasonable, while the others display file names as they are found, adding an asterisk if the file is being read. Simple but effective.

#### **JOYPADS**

Finding out how the joypads worked entailed a frustrating search through the input ports, which revealed that port &37 was involved. Both units report to this channel, the left hand unit to the lower nibble and the right hand unit to the upper nibble. The codes generated are shown in Fig. 1.

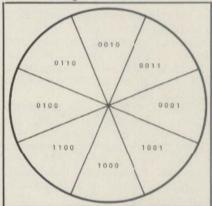


Fig. 1. The joypad outputs.

The 'fire' buttons generate numbers as if the keyboard has been used. The left hand unit generates 1 or 2, according to which end of the button is pressed, and the right hand unit generates 5 or 6.

Once this relatively simple data had been worked out, the joypads were in business. It seemed a pity that the relevant data was not in the manual

#### PRINTER

Apart from the problem of getting hold of the necessary connector (eventually cut down from a larger model), there was no difficulty in getting the printer channel working. An adaptor cable was made up to work with the Epson MX80 normally used with the Sorcerer, and after a couple of false starts caused by finger trouble a complete dump was printed with no trouble at all

The only slight oddity noted was 🕨

Review: Sord M5 SORD PLAY

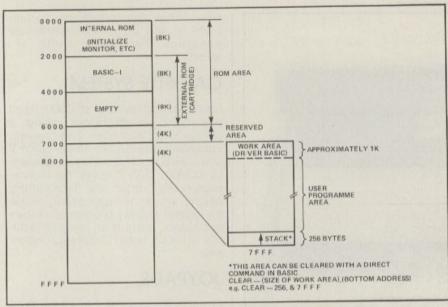


Fig. 2 Memory map of the Sord M5.

that with the printer plugged in, the cassette motor control failed to work. Presumably a common port is involved.

#### MEMORY MAP

The main memory begins with 8K of fixed ROM, from 0000 to 1FFF, this containing keyboard routines and similar facilities. The ROM pack runs from 2000 to a maximum of 5FFF, though not all the packs use the whole 16K.

The 600C-6FFF area is reserved, and RAM begins at 7000, the main memory containing only 4K. The BASIC program storage begins at 7383, leaving about 3000 locations free. Fortunately, the BASIC program is stored in a reasonably economical way.

A photograph of the promised expansion unit suggests that it will fit into the ROM connector, presumably providing a socket to accept the ROM in use. This will allow 4K expansion blocks to be added to the original RAM.

The 16K display RAM is not on the main memory map, but is accessible by VPEEK and VPOKE. It was difficult to reconcile a dump of this RAM with the diagram in the Japanese manual, especially as the allocation of "available space changes with different screen modes, but there appears to be considerable rocm for expansion of the display facilities. A TMS9918A display chip is used, and obtaining the Texas Instruments data sheet on the device should make life easier.

#### OTHER ROM PACKS

A brief acquaintance with two of the alternative ROM packs produced some interesting information, a little limited by the fact that only one of the relevant manuals was available at the time.

The FALC ROM produces a spreadsheet, initialised to eight columns and 60 lines, but adaptable by command to other dimensions. Four columns and 20 lines were displayed. In addition to the usual facilities there was provision for sorting entries, and for searching for a particular entry. Full floating point calculations were implemented, with trig and log functions. The manual was helpful, but it was discovered that a paragraph explaining the means of exit from search had been omitted from the translation. Who would have guessed that it involved searching for an asterisk?

In the absence of a manual, only a superficial examination of BASIC-G was possible. This is a 16K ROM combining the features of the integer BASIC with extended

graphic manipulation facilities, and some other additional bits and pieces.

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Sord M5 is a small machine, aimed mainly at beginners and games players, and it will not interest those who judge merit by memory size or low price, though it should be noted that the basic package includes a pair of joypads. In a sense, the virtues of the machine are to some extent negative. The interpreter does not restrict variable names or array dimensions. The BASIC is not difficult to learn rapidly.

On the positive side, the construction and design are competent and attractive. Almost everything worked, once the necessary information had been worked out. The high working speed was impressive.

However, to return to the opening theme, the M5 is complicated enough to produce confusion, and the documentation fails to provide enough information to escape from this state. A minor keying error can produce bewildering results, and though there may be a recovery route it may not be obvious.

To reach its full potential, the M5 must be supported by improved documentation, whether this comes from Sord cr an independent source. Without that, dealers and distributors may find themselves in-undated by queries.

#### CONCLUSION

Thanks are due to Sord Computers for useful assistance, and in particular to Yuki Matsushita, who is translating the Japanese manuals and produced some of his drafts to clear up a few mysteries.

 BENCHMARK
 BM1
 BM2
 BM3
 BM4
 BM5
 BM6
 BM7
 BM8
 Average

 TIME
 0.58
 2.92
 7.19
 7.05
 7.76
 11.95
 22.36
 NA
 8.54

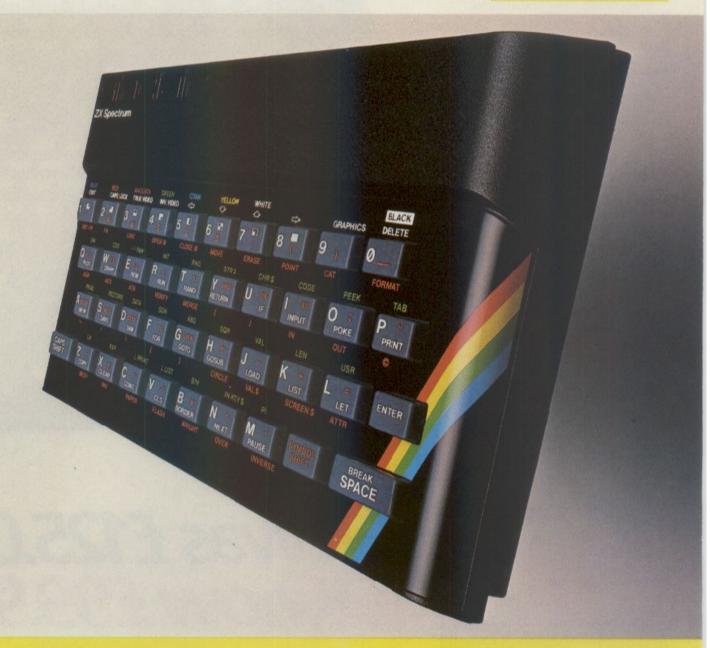
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FACTSHEET CPU ROM RAM Video RAM Keyboard Display

> Cassette I/O Sound

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8K fixed. 8K-16K plug-in cartridges
4K, expandable in 4K blocks
16K
QWERTY, 55 keys
Text Mode: 6 × 8 Characters: 40 × 24 screen
Graphic I Mode: 8 × 8 Characters: 32 × 24 screen
Graphic II Mode: 256 × 192 positions
Multicolour Mode: 4 × 4 colour areas: 64 × 48 screen
2000 baud: Motor control
Parallel printer interface (Centronic)
3 tone channels
1 noise channel
Eight-position pads. Dual fire button
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Samuel House, 6 St Alban's Street,
London SW 1Y 4SQ

# 写画画画 2



Inside...
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Latest software...
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This month, we're giving you the latest information on the recommended retail prices of Sinclair equipment. They're our prices, and you may well find things cheaper (or dearer) in the shops. If they're cheaper-terrific! Snap them up Note, however, that from us the ZX81 is down to £39.95.

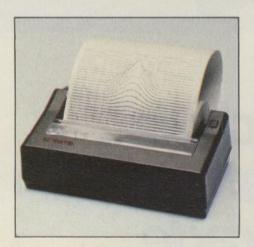
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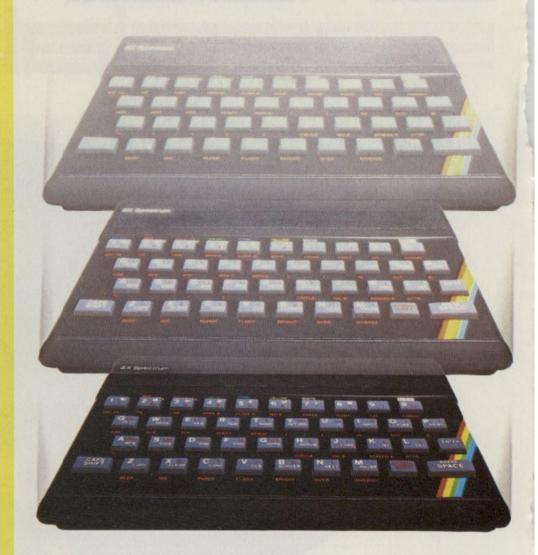
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they say) this space.

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	ZX Spectrum - 16K	3002	99.95	A TOTAL
	ZX 81 (including 12A Mains Adaptor)	1003	39.95	100
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# PROBLEM PAGE

Using the ZX Spectrum we give a prime example of how to solve puzzles and problems.



his short series examines the capabilities of the computer in solving puzzles and problems, showing that quite a lot of help from the user may be needed in this type of task. The programs are written for the ZX Spectrum, but conversion to other machines should not be too difficult.

Puzzles and problems are usually posed in text, which the computer does not understand. For example:

"Members of the Dooleydale Supporters Club were asked to add lp to their normal annual subscription, which is less than £4, the extra to be used to buy a farewell present for the retiring club secretary. All the members

(except, of course, the secretary) complied, and the total sum paid in was £2088.60. How much was available to spend on the present?"

In theory, it would perhaps be possible to write a very complex program to analyse the text and convert it into symbolic form which the computer could understand, but that would only solve part of the difficulty. Where a human mind would see fairly quickly that the problem is only soluble on certain assumptions, and would contribute extra conditions based on general knowledge, the computer might well find no basis on which to approach the task. The human approach often depends on special knowledge of a mathematical quirk of some kind,

such as the characteristics of prime numbers.

#### **PRIMES**

Prime numbers are odd, in more senses than one. If a number is not odd, it is not prime, since it is divisible by two. In a broader sense, primes are odd because they tend to exhibit unexpected characteristics. Having little or no meaning in the real world, they exist mainly as a mathematical concept. They could be regarded as being logically negative, in that they are discovered by ruling out all the numbers which are integral multiples of any integral other than unity. This process of elimination is called Archimedes' Sieve, because it sifts out the numbers that are not prime.

The program shown in Listing 1 performs this task. The primes are set up in an array, the size of which must be chosen to suit the amount of memory available. Setting up the array can take some time, so it is a good idea to store the result for future reference, if that is possible.

The first location of the array is set to 2, as a starting point. X, the pointer to the next array location to be set up, is initialised to 2. Y, the next number to be tested, is set to 3. Z, the pointer to the number to be used by the test, is set to 1. A loop is entered at line 150. P = Y/A(Z), and if P is an integer Y is not prime, so the routine drops out to line 210.

Otherwise, the routine loops to line 150 until P is equal to or greater than A(Z). There is no point in taking the process any further, as any integral divisor would have appeared by then.

would have appeared by then.

If line 18C is reached, Y is prime, and it is entered into A(X) and displayed. The display is not essential, but it gives you something to look at and tells you how the process is getting on. X is incremented, and the routine goes on to line 210, where Y is incremented. It could be argued that Y could be increased by two, as only odd numbers are relevant. The routine loops back to line 140 to reset X and start another test.

#### PRIME PATTERNS

At first glance, a table of primes seems to show some sort of pattern. Numbers ending in 0, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 have been eliminated, leaving only numbers ending in 1, 3, 7, 9.

When this has been taken into account, the pattern begins to fade

away

However, try Listing 2, which prints out the difference between the squares of successive primes, divided by 24. You might expect to see a jumble of non-integral results, but after an initial flurry the results are all integral. Does

this suggest a way to determine primes directly?

Well, no, not really. Put the lower of the two primes as L and the difference between the primes as D and the difference between the squares is D \*(2 \*L + D), the product of the sum and difference of L and D. Since all primes are odd, D must be even, and L is not

a multiple of three.

If L is one more than a multiple of three, D cannot be two, as that would make the upper prime a multiple of three. D must be 6 \*X + 4 or 6 \*X + 6, where X is an integer. In the first case, the difference of squares works out as:

$$12 *(3 *X + 2) *(X + Y + 1)$$

where L = 3 \*T + 1, Y being another integer, which must be even, to make L odd. One bracket or the other must be even, so the difference in squares must be divisible by 24. Similar working for the other cases gives the same result, but the reader is invited to confirm that for himself.

The main point of this excursion into mathematics is to suggest that some interesting relationships between primes can be found by those who care to look

for them.

#### PRIME SPIRAL

Listing 3 shows another oddity of primes. It works best with a computer which will plot single dots, rather than pixels, but can be used to a more limited degree where the pixels are character sized. (A good way to start an argument is to mention pixels, but the meaning here should be unambiguous.)

X and Y initially point to the centre of the screen. B points to the array of primes, and C counts off the points plotted. The succession of FOR Icops produces a 'square spiral' plot, and the subroutine lights up each point that corresponds to a prime number. The ZX Spectrum will handle more than 30,000 points, but even on machines with a more limited display it will be evident that the pattern is not entirely random. The primes tend to fall in lines, a fact that has yet to be explained in full by mathematical

theory.

The amusing point about the display is that only a few years ago it was cited as a demonstration of the power of big mainframe computers, and now it can be run on a fairly humble micro.

#### LOOKING AHEAD

Next month, a program to solve the Dooleydale problem will be offered. That will give you a chance to try out your own ideas on the subject. You have at least been given a fairly broad hint.

```
DIM A(3400)
  100
        LET A(1)=2
  110
        LET X=2
  120
  130
        LET
             Y=3
  140
        LET Z=1
  150
        LET P=Y/A(Z)
        IF INT(P)=P THEN GO TO 210
  160
        IF P>=A(Z) THEN LET Z=Z+1:GO TO 150
  170
  180
        LET A(X)=Y
  190
        PRINT TAB 30*((X-2)/6-INT((X-2)/6));Y;
  200
        LET X=X+1
  210
        LET
             Y=Y+1
        GO TO 140
  220
Listing 1. Archimedes' Sieve. Note that the array is DIMensioned for the 48K spectrum.
        FOR N=1 TO 100
  310
        PRINT (A(N+1)*A(N+1)-A(N)*A(N))/24
  320
        NEXT N
Listing 2. The difference of prime squares.
  400
        CLS: INK 7: PAPER 0
  410
        LET X=128
  420
        LET Y=87
  430
        LET B=1
  440
        LET C=0
  450
        FOR K=1 TO 173 STEP 2
        FOR L=1 TO K
  460
  470
        GO SUB 1000
  480
        LET X=X+1
  490
        NEXT L
  500
        FOR L=1 TO K
        GO SUB 1000
  510
  520
        LET Y=Y+1
        NEXT L
  530
  540
        FOR L=1 TO K+1
  550
        GO SUB 1000
  560
        LET X=X-1
  570
        NEXT L
  580
        FOR L=1 TO K+1
  590
        GO SUB 1000
  600
        LET Y=Y-1
  610
        NEXT L
  620
        NEXT K
  630
        STOP
 1000
        IF C()A(B) THEN GO TO 1030
 1010
        PLOT X,Y
 1020
        LET B=B+1
 1030
        LET C=C+1
 1040
        RETURN
Listing 3. Prime spiral.
Note: The three listings should be entered together, and used in turn, starting at
```

lines 300 and 400 by GOTO.

Peter Vasey



Squeezing text into the minimum possible space becomes quite an art with the BBC Microcomputer

espite its general excellence, the BBC Micro can be very wasteful of memory when storing and manipulating string variables. Strings are allocated a specific memory block when first defined, the block size being the string length plus an eight byte buffer. Once the buffer overflows on redefining the string, a new memory block is allocated and the previous block is discarded and remains unusable until cleared.

Consequently it is possible to have a program which ends up with large chunks of useless memory.

large chunks of useless memory.
Program 1 demonstrates this
waste of memory, requiring almost
4000 bytes to store a 255 character
string which has been incremented
by one byte at a time. This can be
avoided by pre-defining the string
to the maximum length expected,
as in Program 2 which uses under
300 bytes for the same string.

While this pre-definition technique will take care of the loss of large chunks of memory, there still remains the problem of the loss of bytes in the unused portions of the string buffer. Although this is of relatively little importance for small numbers of strings, it becomes critical in programs using

string arrays, particularly for data storage.

#### STRINGING ALONG

Program 3 examines the way in which strings are stored in arrays. It shows that for strings of up to seven characters, each string requires four bytes extra, but for strings of eight characters and over, each string requires no less than 12 bytes extra. So a string array of 20 strings, each initially 30 characters long, occupies 840 bytes of which 240 bytes are wasted.

Now a very economical method

four sets. On most micros there is no easy way around this, but fortunately BBC BASIC possesses the String Indirection Operator, '\$'. Strings stored in memory using this operator only require one byte more than their length, consequently we can store much more information in a given amount of memory. The only problem is that the computer must be given the storage address by the program — it is not handled automatically. For strings of varying length this would require a backup store of addresses and be as memory consuming as the original system. But for fixed

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or storing information in a data bank is to arrange it in 'fields' in a string. For example a stores record might be made up of six fields with character counts as follows: The total string length is then 50 bytes, and the strings can be easily manipulated using string splitting commands to extract the required information.

As is shown by Program 3 above, each string would waste 12 bytes, ie a whole data set every length strings the addressing is much simpler.

Once again BBC BASIC comes to our rescue with its redefinable 'HIMEM' and its 'FN' definable function command. Program 4 demonstrates the use of these to store and retrieve a set of up to 20 strings of 30 characters, which will now occupy only 620 bytes as against 840 above. The extra program lines will use much of the savings in this case, but for a

larger data bank the savings will be substantial.

Strings are entered on command until either 20 strings have been entered or a null string is entered. These are stored in addresses given by FNdata, within the block of memory reserved in line 80. The String Indirection Operator '\$' prefixes the function call each time it is used, so that the statement PRINT \$FNdata(X%) will print out the contents of the memory location given by FNdata and defined by X%. The beauty of this system is that provided the memory locations are kept within the allocated block by checks in the program (in this case the main program limits itself, but an example is shown within the FN definition), the programmer can then manipulate \$FNdata() as though it were an ordinary string array

There is a further bonus to this system of data storage. Unlike some micros, the BBC Micro stores its dynamic variables in such a way that whenever a program is altered, no matter by how little, all the variables are lost. Using '\$' to place strings into reserved memory means that the data is unaffected by program changes, CLEAR or RUN. Consequently once a data bank has been entered it will only be destroyed by a programmed wipe, a MODE change or of course a-switch off. This means that a data handling program can be developed without the constant niggle of re-entering data from keyboard or magnetic store (ie tape or disc) each time the program is amended.

#### **GREAT SAVINGS**

This type of space saving can also be extended to the storage of integer variables using the '?' and '!' operators. At the least, the data will be protected, and in the case of single byte variables will again give a substantial gain in available memory — there are many events which can be stored as single byte integers eg football scores, ages, credit ratings etc. and since the normal BBC integer variable occupies four bytes, this again releases memory to be used for additional data or program lines.

You may also care to consider the possibility of handling a very large data bank by using a suite of short programs to load and manipulate the data, since once the data is in its reserved memory it cannot be touched by the Operating System other than by a MODE command, and so programs can be LOADed and SAVEd at will.

```
10 A$=""
20 FOR A=0 TO 254
30 A$=A$+"*"
40 NEXT
50 DIM PX-1
60 PRINT"Memory used = ";PX-TOP;" Bytes."
>RUN
Memory used = 3890 Bytes.
Listing 1. Bytes used to store a 255 character string
```

```
10 As=STRINGs (255, "*"):As=""
20 FOR A=0 TO 254
30 As=As+"*"
40 NEXT
50 DIM PX-1
60 PRINT"Memory used = ";PX-TOP;" Bytes."

>RUN
Memory used = 271 Bytes.

Listing 2. Predefining a 255 character string uses less memory.
```

```
10 DIM As(9)
20 INPUT AX
30 FOR 8X=0 TO 9
40 As(8X)=STRINGs(AX, "*")
50 NEXT
60 DIM PX-1
70 PRINT; AX; " Characters, "; (PX-TOP-8)/10; " Bytes used per string."
80 RUN

RUN
0 Characters, 4 Bytes used per string.
1 Characters, 5 Bytes used per string.
4 Characters, 8 Bytes used per string.
6 Characters, 10 Bytes used per string.
7 Characters, 11 Bytes used per string.
10 Characters, 20 Bytes used per string.
10 Characters, 32 Bytes used per string.
20 Characters, 42 Bytes used per string.
30 Characters, 112 Bytes used per string.
100 Characters, 112 Bytes used per string.
200 Characters, 112 Bytes used per string.
200 Characters, 212 Bytes used per string.
Listing 3. The way in which strings are stored in arrays
```

```
10 MODE 7
 20
 30 REM Define data limits
 40 sets=20
 50 length=31 :REM length of string +1
 60
 70 REM Reserve memory
 80 HIMEM=HIMEM-sets*length
 90
100
    REM Enter data
110 AX=-1
120
    REPEAT: A%=A%+1
130 PRINT "Enter Data String No. "; AX+1; ", max. 30 chars." 140 PRINT" "; STRING$ (30, ".")
150 INPUTLINE SFNdata (A%)
160
170 REM Reject overlong string
180 IF LEN(#FNdata(A%))>30 THEN PRINT "Too long":80TO 130
190
200 REM End Input
210 UNTIL A%=sets-1 OR $FNdata(A%)=""
220
230 REM Print contents of store
240 CLB
250 FOR BX=0 TO AX
260 PRINT $FNdata(B%)
270 NEXT
280 END
290
300 REM Function to find storage address
310 DEF FNdata(X%)
320 IF X%<0 OR X%>sets-1 THEN PRINT'"Out of range at line 310":END
330 =HIMEM+X%*length
Listing 4. Using HIMEM and FN commands to store and retrieve strings.
```

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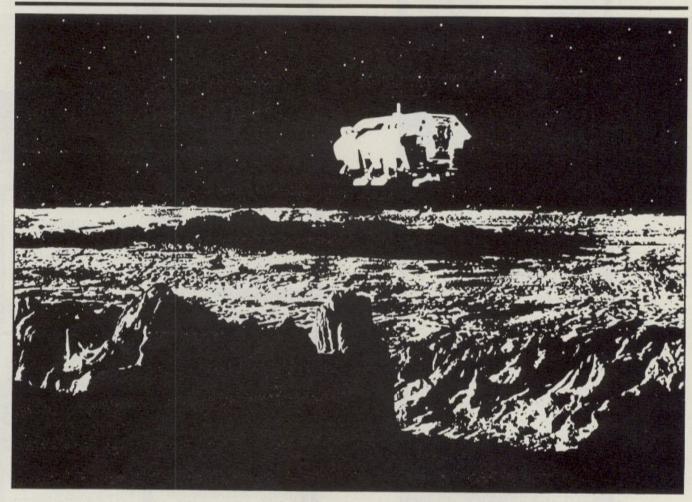
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# PLANETFALL

CT gets its tenses in a twist with this Sharp MZ-80K listing of a game that harks back to the trading ships of old, in a scenario of the far future.



he ship's intercom warbled its hypnotic five note tune. 'Sparks' Sinclair, the ship's engineer, looked up from his three dimensional crossword puzzle. "It must have been a vintage SF film buff who engineered the intercom system", he mused to himself as he waited to see what come up on the intercom screen. It was Captain Curry.

"Attention, all ship's personnel. The mid-voyage pirate attack has been repulsed, but our ETA at star system Qetz is now delayed by three weeks.
"There is a deep thought

There is a deep thought computer project on Qetz and they have an urgent need for the ZX2900s in our cargo. I shall need maximum effort from you when we land to unload the cargo as quickly as you can.

"As you all know, we are running neck and neck with the *Millenium Duck* in the merchant starfleet's 'Ship of the Galaxy' contest. I am determined that the *Cutty Sark 47* will win. It's a free month's holiday on plane: Maplin for the winners: it's up to you. Captain out."

'Sparks' Sinclair had been to Maplin before; those yellow-clad hostesses had been quite something! The Cutty Sark 47 raced on across the galaxy. Meanwhile on Ling, the Millenium Duck had landed but tracing with the Lingans had been unexpectedly tough. What was worse, the ship had not passed pre-departure inspection and had been grounded for two weeks. Over on Juss

That was a short scene from

Planetfall, played with just a little imagination! In this article we will look in some detail at how Planetfall has been designed, and the elements that go to make up a captivating game that you will want to return to time and again.

Planetfall was originally written for the Sharp MZ-80K by Tim Garden. The listing that accompanies this article is of that original program. The Sharp machine has, in common with a number of other microcomputers, a character set which includes quite a number of graphics characters. It does not have a true high resolution graphics capability. However, Planetfall makes good use of the in-built graphics characters of the Sharp. The program, which is about 25K bytes long, has also been translated into

BBC BASIC and runs on a Model B or 32K Model A, using teletext characters in Mode 7. Much effort has been expended in this translation to squeeze the maximum visual effects from the colour and block graphics capabilities of the BBC Micro's teletext mode. The author of this article can speak authoritatively on this point, since it was he who undertook the translation!

The BBC translation is available from ASP Software. together with the Sharp version, and we would encourage owners of other machines to consider producing further translations, as happened with 'The Valley' some 15 months ago.

#### PLAYTIME

Let's turn back to the game itself and review some of the features which make it so rewarding to

play.

Planetfall is a trading simulation, set a century in the future when there is a substantial merchant starfleet ploughing back and forth between the major star systems. It is a multi-player game, and your aim is to be the player with the greatest total assets at the end of the game. The skill in it lies in making the best judgments about where to travel, what to buy, what to sell and in balancing the value of cash in hand (or on board ship!) against cash in the bank (which earns interest). There is also significant skill required in the buying and selling process! The process used by the program is that old-fashioned one of 'haggling'. You ask a price for your goods and the dealer on Gwif (or wherever you have landed) will offer you something less. If you don't haggle successfully with him (it?) you will either lose the sale or pay more than you needed to. Similarly, when buying, you should never offer the asking price! It is not a good idea to press unwanted goods on the inhabitants of the planets you visit either: you will get a short but appropriate message!

One of the game's main features is variety. Variety is a very important aspect of good game design. With computer games variety usually takes one of two forms — sight or sound. Planetfall provides variety in both sight and sound, although if you are, perhaps, playing late at night, the BBC Micro version allows you to vary the loudness of the sound, including turning it off altogether! The various stages of play are accompanied by marry different

sounds, linked to what is happening on the screen.

It is inevitably the visual variety which is most important in a microcomputer game and Planetfall excels in this, having 11 different screen formats:

#### 1. INITIALISATION

At the beginning of the game, you are given the option of recovering a saved game, or starting afresh. The captains have to enter their names and the names of their ships. They also have to choose how many star systems to start with and the length of the game in years (it does not run in real

2. MAP OF THE GALAXY

This shows the relative positions of the known star systems with Sol (that's us) in the centre. Minor modifications have been made to cosmological theory in that the map assumes that space is twodimensional. This does create compatibility problems with Sparks' Sinclair's three dimensional crossword, but we are working on it

3. COMMODITY PRICE & TRAVEL TIME DISPLAY

There are 15 possible star systems in the came, although you do not have to choose more than two to begin with. Your starship can carry six commodities; uranium, iron, machinery, medicines, computers and diamond gems. This display shows, for each star system currently in the game, the buying and selling prices for each commodity in that star system: for any commodity, a given star system will be either buying it or selling it, but never both at the same time,

The display also shows you the

travel time in weeks from your current location to all the other star systems. In addition it shows your current cargo, your name and that of your ship

4. TRAVEL PRINTOUT

If, when you have to choose the next system to visit, you want to find where each ship is travelling to, and the expected time of arrival (ETA), you can call up this display

5. TRADING DISPLAY

This is the most complex screen format of all in Planetfall. Figure 1 is a photograph of the BBC version of this screen display during an actual game, and you will see that it contains a fair amount of information. This is the part of the program that handles the buying and selling of goods once you have

achieved planetfall.

At the top of the screen are displayed the elapsed time in hours, minutes and seconds since you started the game, the stardate (the game starts on 1 January 2070) and the captain's name. On the left hand side, a little lower down, are the name of the ship and of the system being visited. The rest of the right hand side is taken up by the 'SHIP'S LOG'. This contains information on delays encountered before planetfall (with the reason), on the amounts of each commodity carried in the cargo hold, and on the cash on board and in the bank. Lastly, it indicates whether you are buying or selling goods.
The left hand side of the

display contains six narrow boxes which display a whole collection of different messages as you buy and sell commodities. You are, for instance, informed of the finite capacity of your ship's hold if you become a little over-ambitious!

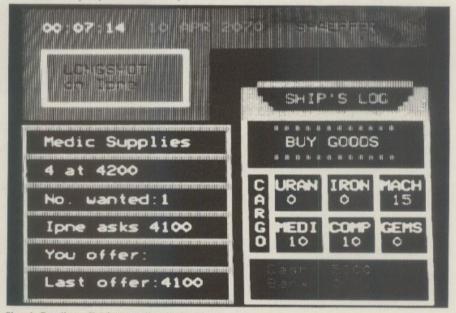


Fig. 1. Trading display on the BBC Micro.

When you have finished trading, the display will usually ask you which system you wish to visit next. If you have forgotten what they are, or their spatial relationship to each other, you have the chance of calling up the 'OPTIONS' display and, from that, the map of the galaxy. Every so often, though, you will first be given the chance of visiting the local bank, where you may deposit or withdraw cash.

#### 6. BANK DISPLAY

With this you are asked whether you wish to visit the local bank; if you answer 'no', then you are asked to choose the next system to visit or to turn to the 'OPTIONS' display. If you answer 'yes' you are told how much money you have in the bank and on board ship. You are then able to deposit or withdraw money as the case may be. You are not allowed to deposit more money that you have in cash, nor to withdraw more money than you have on deposit!

#### 7. OPTIONS DISPLAY

There are nine different options which you can select, when invited to, by pressing X on the keyboard; they are:

#### Key Option

- N Start a new game
- R Recover an old game from tape
- S Save the present game on tape
- P Display the commodity prices and travel times
- travel times
- T Travel printout
- M Map of the known star systems in the galaxy
- B Bank statement (shows who is winning)
- X Display options again
- End the game, and calculate who is the winner

#### 8. BANK STATEMENT

The bank statement shows for each captain in the game the financial status, aggregated across all his or her ships. The display shows cash on board ship and in the bank (in thousands of pounds), the value of the cargo at current market rates, and the resulting total assets.

This display is also used for each annual report (if the game lasts more than one year) and for the end of game report to show who has won.

#### 9. NEW STAR REPORT

From to time, if you started with less than 15 star systems, a new one will be discovered, and this display will flash the message to you giving its name and then showing its position in space with the 'map of the galaxy' display.

#### 10. ETA

When making your choice of the next system to visit, after finishing trading, and before being told of the ETA at the new system, you may find that you are delayed

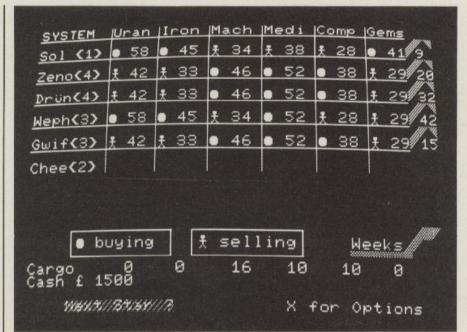


Fig. 2. The Sharp price display. Figures at far right are the travel times in weeks.

because the ship does not pass inspection, the crewmen demand a vacation (that Sinclair again), or there is about to be a local holiday.

#### 11. URGENT MESSAGE

Again, at unpredictable intervals, the screen will clear to reveal a message about an urgent need for some particular commodity at one of the star systems. If you have a supply of that commodity then you need to get there before the other captains to make a financial killing. If you do not have it in your ships, then get to a system that has that commodity for sale fast!

#### ROUTINE APPROACH

This list of screen formats used in Planetfall is, in fact, also a list of the main routines used in the program. It is always helpful to draw a flowchart of a program in order to enable others to understand how it works. Certainly, the Sharp listing accompanying this article is not at all easy to follow. Indeed, it is a 'good' example of the pitfalls that result from not following a structured approach to programming. There are myriad GOTO statements which cause the interpreter to jump about all over the program as it is executed. If you hunt for it you will even find a GOSUB statement which transfers control to a GOTO statement. The program works but it is very difficult both to maintain and to change. It is also none too easy to translate as it stands.

For those of you who might be considering translating Planetfall for a different computer, the

flowchart in Fig. 3 is your best starting point. The present translation for the BBC microcomputer has, for reasons of expediency, largely been a literal translation of the Sharp version, without much of an attempt to rewrite it in a more structured fashion. BBC BASIC is in the forefront of the various dialects of BASIC, in providing the appropriate elements to allow wellstructured programs to be written, so there is plenty of scope for others to try their hand at improved translations. However, it should be pointed out that, unstructured as it is, the present BBC translation does work and just fits into the available RAM on a Model B!

To show you what a structured version of the program would look like in outline, the flowchart has been converted into BBC BASIC in Program 1.

One or two liberties have been taken with BBC BASIC for the sake of brevity, as in lines 240 and 250 where (condition) would be some test involving program variables, and (statement) would be an expression from which the next ship to land would be calculated.

#### BASIC STRUCTURE

Even the most hardened spaghettistyle programmer will have to admit that lines 100 to 340 make it quite easy to see how the program works. In actually writing the program in a structured fashion, you would first enter lines 100 to 340 plus all of the procedure definitions (the DEF PROC and ENDPROC statements). However,

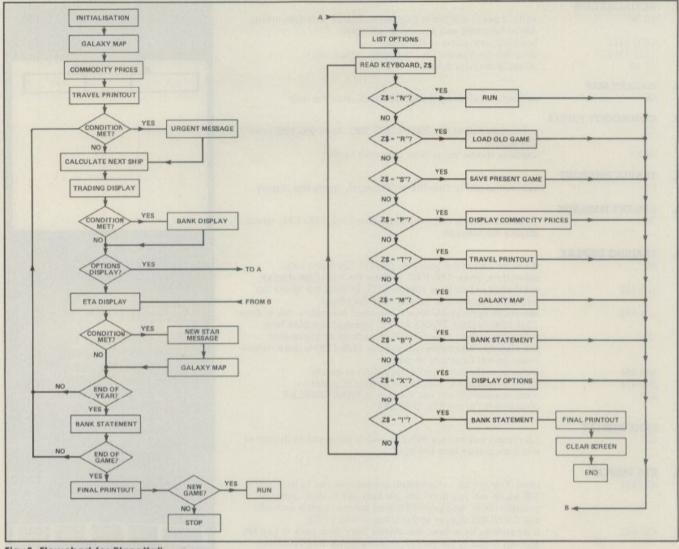


Fig. 3. Flowchart for Planetfall.

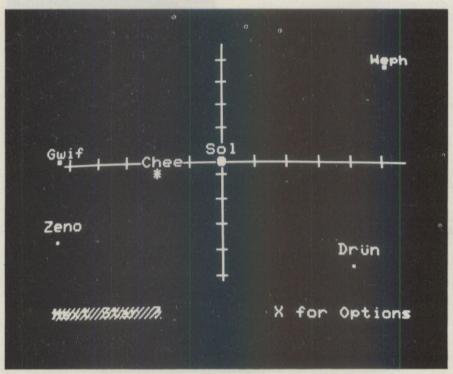


Fig. 4. The Sharp version of the galactic map.

the only line inside each procedure would be a PRINT statement which printed out the name of the procedure. Simple statements would be substituted for (condition) and (statement) Running this framework program would then test out the logical structure. Once this was shown to work satisfactorily, the coding for each procedure would be worked out in detail, one by one. At each stage only one new procedure would be in the process of development and this would greatly simplify program writing and testing

To help you understand the Sharp listing more easily, whether or not you intend to convert it to your own machine, the program lines which relate to each main flowchart step are overleaf.

Well, there it is —
PLANETFALL. We hope that your appetite has been whetted. If you own a Sharp MZ-80K or a BBC Model B (or 32K Model A) then send for the tape straight away and start playing. If you own another machine then get translating!

#### INITIALISATION

10.38

various peeks and pokes (unique to Sharp); initialise strings; define functions and dimension variables;

1400-1412 heading; new game or old game? 1227-1314

set game parameters (no. of players, ships, etc.);

42-46 initialise the time to zero.

#### GALAXY MAP 2.

subroutine call to lines 882-912 which draw the map.

#### COMMODITY PRICES

52

subroutine call to line 590 (GOTO 986); lines 986-1096 print this display:

54-62 captains choose the systems they wish to visit.

#### TRAVEL PRINTOUT

subroutine call to lines 916 to 960 which create this display.

#### URGENT MESSAGE

if the condition is met, call subroutine lines 1370-1392, which display the message.

#### TRADING DISPLAY

84

if not the end of the year then GOTO 126 which calls subroutine, lines 1060-1082, to draw the top of the display; subroutine call to lines 1086 to 1132, to draw the 'ship's log' 128-132 and write the name of the ship and the planet;

determine appropriate 'delay' message; subroutine call to lines 1324-1330 to print 'PRESS A KEY' message and play tune; 134-182 184 subroutine call to lines 648-676 to perform miscellaneous calculations; subroutine call to lines 1136-1150 to draw narrow

boxes on left hand side of display,

series of routines to handle the selling of goods; 186-284 290-414 series of routines to handle the buying of goods 418 if the condition is not met then go to BANK DISPLAY, otherwise go to the ETA DISPLAY

#### BANK DISPLAY

subroutine call to lines 678-716, which allow you to deposit or withdraw money from the bank.

#### ETA DISPLAY

422-424

426-442

444-452

print 'You are on . . .' message; subroutines call to lines 490 to 588 which ask you to choose the next star to visit, generate possible delay, and print ETA time for next system (you can call OPTIONS display at this point - line 1170); if all systems have been discovered then jump back to line 68, and test if end of the year (if so go to BANK STATEMENT), otherwise TRADING DISPLAY for next ship; if condition not met then jump back to line 68, as above, otherwise new star discovered, print message and then call

OPTIONS DISPLAY

1170-1214

print out possible options and branch depending on the choice made: start a new game.

1216-1226

BANK STATEMENT

596-646 these statements list the captains and their various assets, with the current leader highlighted.

11. END OF GAME

100-124

1368-1369

calls the BANK STATEMENT display;

GALAXY MAP and jump to line 68.

print out the name of the winner, and ask whether you want another game, if so then RUN, otherwise jump to line 1368; various POKEs unique to Sharp before ENDing the program.

Cargo Total 142 143500 MHWW/BWWY//B X for Options

Fig. 5. From top to bottom: the Beeb travel printout, the Beeb option list and the Sharp bank statement.

#### Program 1. Outline of Planetfall in BBC BASIC. 200 REM - start of main program loop 210 REM 100 REM - Outline of Planetfall 220 REPEAT 110 REM . in BBC BASIC 230 REPEAT 120 REM IF (condition) THEN PROCurgent\_message 240 130 REM - Startup routines 250 nextship=(statement) 140 REM 260 PROCtrading\_display(nextship) 150 PROCinitialise IF (condition) THEN PROCbank\_display 270 160 PROCgalaxy\_map 280 IF (X pressed on keyboard) THEN PROCoptions\_dis 170 PROCcommodity\_prices play 180 PROCtravel printout 290 PROCeta display 190 REM IF (condition) THEN PROCnew\_star:PROCgalaxy\_map

```
310
         UNTIL ("end of year?" = TRUE)
                                                                      3190 REM - prices of commodities
      PROCbank_statement
 320
                                                                      3200 REM
      UNTIL ("end of game?" = TRUE)
                                                                      3210 IF Zs="P" THEN PROCcommodity_prices:ENDPROC
 330
 340 PROCfinal printout
                                                                      3220 REM
 350 IF ("start new game?" = TRUE) THEN RUN ELSE END
                                                                     3230 REM - travel_printout
 360 REM
                                                                     3240 REM
                                                                     3250 IF Z$="T" THEN PROCtravel_printout:ENDPROC
 370 REM - end of main program loop
 380 REM
                                                                     3260 RFM
 390 REM - procedure definitions
                                                                      3270 REM - map of star systems
 400 REM
                                                                      3280 REM
1000 DEF PROCinitialise
                                                                     3290 IF Z$="M" THEN PRDCgalaxy_map:ENDPRDC
1010 .
                                                                     3300 RFM
1020 .
                                                                     3310 REM - bank statement
1030 .
                                                                     3320 REM
1500 ENDPROC
                                                                     3330 IF Z$="B" THEN PROCbank statement: ENDPROC
2000 DEF PROCgalaxy_map
                                                                      3340 REM
2010 .
                                                                      3350 REM - option selection
2020 .
                                                                      3360 REM
                                                                      3370 IF Z$="X" THEN PROCoptions_display:ENDPROC
2030 .
2500 ENDPROC
                                                                     3380 REM
                                                                     3390 REM - end game
3000 DEF PROCoptions display
3010 PROClist_options
                                                                     3400 REM
3020 REM
                                                                     3410 IF Z$="!" THEN PROCbank statement: PROCfinal printou
3030 REM - read keyboard
                                                                     t:CLS:END
3040 REM
                                                                     3420 REM
3050 Z$=6ET$
                                                                      3430 REM - other key pressed, so
                                                                      3440 REM - read keyboard again
3060 REM
3070 REM - new game
                                                                     3450 REM
3080 REM
                                                                     3460 GOTO 3050
3090 IF Z$="N" THEN RUN
                                                                     3470 ENDPROC
                                                                      4000 DEF PROCcommodity_prices
3100 REM
3110 REM - recover old game
                                                                     4010 .
3120 REM
                                                                      4020 .
3130 IF Z$="R" THEN action$="LOAD":PROCload_save:ENDPROC
                                                                      4030 .
3140 REM
                                                                      4500 ENDPROC
3150 REM - save present game
                                                                     5000 .
3160 REM
                                                                     5010 .
3170 IF Z$="S" THEN action$="SAVE":PROCload_save:ENDPROC
                                                                     5020 .
3180 REM
                                                                     5030 etc
```

```
Listing 1. Planetfall for the Sharp MZ-80K.
                                                                                       68 D=T(9,1): Y=T(10,1): T1=1: FDR 1=2 TD T9: IF T(10,1)(Y THEN 80
                                                                                       70 IF (RMD(1)).93) $(SA$="") THEN GDSUB 1370
   10 UX=PEEK (7221): UY=PEEK (7222)
                                                                                       72 KO=KO+1: IF KO>145 THEN SAS="
    12 LIMIT 53024
                                                                                       74 IF T(10,1))Y THEN 82
    4 BOSUB 1436
                                                                                       76 IF T(9,1))D THEN 82
   16 POKE 7221, 35: POKE 7222, 207
                                                                                       78 IF (T(9, I)=D) # (RND(1)).5) THEN 82
    18 TEMPO 5: DIM 0(6): IN=53068
                                                                                       80 D=T(9,1): Y=T(10,1): T1=1
   20 DIM S(12,15),T(12,12),T$(12,2),B(3,12),D$(4),P$(15),CO$(6)
                                                                                       B2 NEIT I
   22 FOR XX=1 TO 6: READ P(XX): NEXT
   24 BL$=*
                                                    *: 60SUB 1342
                                                                                       84 IF Y1=Y THEN 126
                                                                                       86 D1=1: Y1=Y: T2=T1: 60SUB 584
88 GET A$: 1F A$="" THEN 88
   26 DIM M(6,3), C(6,3), P(6), B(6), N$ (12)
   28 C$="JANFEBMARAPRMAYJJNJULAUGSEPOCTNOVDEC"
                                                                                       96 T1=T2: 1F Y1(Y9 THEN 126
   30 S$="Sol VerlGwifZeno@atzFlynWephNaokYttrDrunlpneCheeLingOvisJuss"
                                                                                       98 60SUB 596: XX=65
   32 DEF FNZ(X)=(FNY(X) 1.5-(FNT(X) 11X)/(24ABS(S(11,S1)))/K1
    34 DEF FMY(X)=-(X)=ABS(S([1,S1)))
                                                                                       100 PRINT [18,13] *F
                                                                                       102 PRINT [19,13] "1 END OF GAME 1
104 PRINT [20,13] "1
   36 DEF FNT(X) =- (X(ABS(S([1,S[)))
   38 GOTO 1400
                                                                                       106 PRINT [22,12-1N"(LEN(N$(WI))/2)] "WWW ";N$(WI);" has won "WW"
   40 DATA 5000,3900,4000,4500,3300,3500
42 TI$=*000000*: IF R=1 THEN 46
                                                                                       110 IF A$=** THEN 102
   44 H3=1: H4=1: 60TO 48
                                                                                       112 PRINT "E"
   45 GOSUB 548: GOSUB 754: GOSUB 915: GOTO 58
                                                                                       114 PRINT [5,5] "Perhaps ";N$(WI);" won't be so lucky"
   48 S1=1: T1=1: L1=1: GOSUB 882: PRINT [22,10] "PRESS A KEY TO START"
                                                                                       116 PRINT "on the next game!!"
    50 BET As: 11=RND(1): IF As=** THEN 50
                                                                                       118 PRINT [8,3] "Do you want to set up another game?" 120 GET As: IF As="' THEN 120
   52 FL=1: PB=1: BOSUB 590
   54 60=1
                                                                                       122 IF AS="Y" THEN RUN
   56 FOR 11=1 TO T9/P9
   5B FDR P1=1 TO P9: S7=(P1-1) $6+1: PRINT [22,0] BL$
                                                                                       124 GOTO 136B
   59 PRINT [22,0] T$(F1,1); in "; T$[T1,0]: 60SUB 490
                                                                                       126 D1=D: M=[NT((D1-1)/30): L=3*M+1: 60SUB 1060
   60 FOR 6J=20 TD 23: PRINT [6J,0] BL$: MUSIC "CO": NEXT: 6DSUB 1052
                                                                                       128 M=INT((D1-1)/30
   61 IF SW=9 THEN PRINT [23,2] "Press "A" for the rest of the prices"
                                                                                       130 H3=L: H4=D1-30##: L=(T1-1)#6+1
   62 L1=L1+6: T1=T1+1: MEIT P1, I1 : PR=0
                                                                                       132 S1=T(8,T1): M=S(8,S1): GOSUB 1086
    64 IF 60=1 THEN GOSUB 916: 60=0
                                                                                       134 FOR XX=1 TO 3: P$(XX)="": NEXT
   66 BET A$: IF A$= " THEN 66
                                                                                       136 ON T(12,T1)+1 60TO 172,164,156,138
```

```
138 TT=RND(1): 1F TT>.5 THEN P$(1)="# 3 week delay #"
                                                                                  30A GOSUR 1154
139 IF TT>.5 THEN P$(2)=" at Customs": P$(3)="": 60TO 174
                                                                                  308 FOR 95=9 TO 19 STEP 2: PRINT (95.1) *
                                                                                                                                              ": NEXT
140 T(11,T1)=INT(T(11,T1)/2)
                                                                                  310 IF (P(II)(100)+(B(II)(=0)+(S(II,SI)(I) THEN 410
142 FOR XX=1 TO 5: T(XX,T1)=INT(T(XX,T1)*(1-.4*RND(1))): NEXT
                                                                                  312 IF (I1<=4)*(T(7,T1)>=W) THEN 410
144 T(6,T1)=INT(T(6,T1) $RND(1))
                                                                                  314 MUSIC "T4"63"F4"
                                                                                  316 PRINT [9:1] "Item:";CO$(31)
146 T(7,T1)=T(1,T:)+T(2,T1)+T(3,T1)+T(4,T1)
148 P$(1)="0 3 weeks late 0"
                                                                                  318 PRINT [1:,1] STR$([NT(S([1,S])));21$;" @";100#[NT(.011#P([1)+.5)
150 P$(2)=" Pirate attack
                                                                                  320 PRINT [13,1] 72%;
152 P$(3)="
                                                                                  322 XF=16: YF=13
            mid voyage
154 GOTO 174
                                                                                  324 MC=2: 60SUB 728: PRINT [19,13 LEFT$(BL$,18)
156 P$(1)="# 2 weeks late #"
                                                                                  326 IF X=0 THEN 410
158 P$(2)=* Navigational
                                                                                  328 IF (I1)4 + (X+T(7,T1) (=M) THEN 334
160 P$(3)=*
                                                                                  330 PRINT [10,1] "Max load ="; N-T(7,T1)
               error
                                                                                  332 GOTO 320
162 GOTO 174
164 P$(1)="# 1 week late #"
                                                                                  334 IF X (= INT (S(I1,S1)+.2) THEN 340
166 P$(2)=" Computer
                                                                                  336 PRINT [19,1] "Only"; [NT(S([1,S])); " available"
16B P$(3)="
                                                                                  338 GOTO 320
                                                                                  340 FOR K1=1 TO K9
                                                                                  172 P$(2)=" On Schedule ": P$(1)="": P$(3)=""
174 FOR XX=1 TD 3: PRINT [9+XX,23] P$(XX): NEXT: WZ=0: GDSUB 1324
                                                                                  344 MUSIC "_A3"
176 GET AS: IF AS:** THEN 176
                                                                                  346 PRINT [19,1] "Final offer";
178 FOR ZZ=1 TO 3: PRINT [15,21+5#ZZ] STR$(T(ZZ,T1)): NELT
                                                                                  348 GOTO 354
180 FOR 22=4 TO 6: PRINT [18,21+5#(22-3)] STR#(T(22,T11): NEXT
                                                                                  350 PRINT [17,14] *
                                                                                  352 PRINT [15,1] MID#(S#, M, 4); 23#;
182 IF 00=1 THEN RETURN
                                                                                  354 PP=ABS(P(11))
184 GOSUB 548: GOSUB 1136
186 Z15="Requirement:": Z25="Number for sale: ": Z35=" offers:"
188 Z45="Asking price: ": J1=1: AL5="1234567890"
                                                                                  356 PRINT 100#INT(_011#PP#X+_5)
                                                                                  358 PRINT [17,1] 24$: YF=17: XF=14: X1=X
190 PRINT [10,23] . \\\\
                                                                                  360 MC=6: GOSUB 728: Y=Y: X=X1
192 PRINT [11,23] * SELL CARGO
                                                                                  362 IF (Y)PP:1/10) 1(Y(PP11110) THEN 366
194 PRINT [12,23] *
                                                                                  364 PRINT [19,1] "Try again
                      1111
196 MUSIC "C7_C4C?"
                                                                                  366 IF Y)=PP:X THEN 380
                                                                                  368 IF Y(11-ABS(FNZ(X))) $PP$X THEN 374
198 FOR II=1 TO 6
200 PRINT [1,0] "|";LEFT$(T1$,2);" ";MID$(T1$,3,2);" ";R[GHT$(T1$,2);" |";
                                                                                  370 P(I1)=.BIP(I1)+.2$Y/X
                                                                                  372 NEXT K1
202 GOSUB 1154
204 FOR 05=9 TO 19 STEP 2: PRINT [05,1] *
                                                                                  374 PRINT [19,1] "Too low - NO SALE"
                                                                                  376 MUSIC "_37 _F5_E6_D7_C7"
206 IF (S(I1,SI))=0)+(T(I1,T1)(.5)+(P(I1)(100) THEN 280
208 MUSIC "F483F4"
                                                                                  378 GOTO 410
                                                                                  380 IF Y(=T(11,T1) THEN 400
210 PRINT [9,1] "ltem:";CO$(J1): PRINT [11,1] Z1$;" ";-INT(S(I1,S1))
212 PRINT [13,1] 22$;
                                                                                  382 T(12,T1)=0
214 XF=17: YF=13: NC=2: 60SUB 728
                                                                                  384 PRINT [14,1] "Only";T(11,T1);" in cash"
216 PRINT (19,11 '
                                                                                  386 BOSUB 718
218 IF X=0 THEN 280
                                                                                  388 IF (S(7,$1)(10)+(T(11,T1)+B(1,B1)(Y) THEM FOR IT=1 TO 400: NEXT: BOTD 374
220 IF XC=T(I1,T1) THEN 226
                                                                                  390 FOR XZ=1 TO 400: NEXT
222 PRINT [19,3] "Only";T([1,T[);" in hold"
                                                                                  392 PRINT [19,1] Y-T(11,T1);" from Bank
224 GOTO 212
                                                                                  394 B(1,B1)=B(1,B1)-Y+T(11,T1): T(11,T1)=Y
226 IF X(=-INT(S(:1,S11) THEN 230
                                                                                  396 FOR XZ=1 TO 500: NEXT
228 PRINT [19,1] 'NO DUMPING": 60TO 280
                                                                                  398 IF Y>T(11,T1) THEN 374
230 FDR K1=1 TO K*
                                                                                  400 PRINT [14,13 **** SOLD ***
402 Ms="C1"C2": FOR X2=1 TO 3: Ms=Ms+Ms: NEXT: MUSIC Ms: T(11,T1)=T((1,T1)+X
234 MUSIC "_A3"
236 PRINT [19,1] "Final offer: ";
                                                                                  404 T(7,T1)=T(7,T1)-X$(11(5)
                                                                                  406 S(I1.S1)=S(I1.S1)-X
238 GOTO 246
                                                                                  408 T(11,T1)=T(11,T1)-Y
240 PRINT [17,14] *
                                                                                  410 J1=J1+1
242 PRINT [15,1] MID$($$, M,4); 23$;
                                                                                  412 AZ$=" ": GDSUB 1168: AZ$=STR$(T(11,T1)): GDSUB 1168
244 Y2=(L1+1) $10/3
                                                                                  414 NEXT II
246 PRINT 100#INT1.009#P(11)#X+.5)
                                                                                  416 SDSUB 718
248 PRINT [17,1] 148: YF=17: XF=14: X1=X
                                                                                  418 IF (S(7,51)(10)+(T(11,T1)+B(1,B1)=0) THEN 422
250 NE=6: GOSUB 728: Y=X: X=X1
                                                                                  420 GOSUB 673
252 IF (Y)P(II) $X/10) $(Y(P(II) $X$10) THEN 258
                                                                                  427 PRINT [21,0] "You are on ";MID$(S$,M,4)
254 PRINT [19,1] 'Try again
                                                                                  427 S(7,S1)=$(7,S1)+.02+RND(1)/25
256 GDTD 242
                                                                                  424 GDSUB 490
258 IF Y(=P(11) #X THEN 270
                                                                                  426 J=0
260 IF Y>(1+ABS(FNZ(X))) #P([1) #X THEN 266
                                                                                  428 FOR I=1 TO 6: IF S(I,SI)>=0 THEN 434
262 P(III=.8$P(II +.2$Y/X
                                                                                  430 IF S(I,SL)(G(I) THEN 442
284 NEXT K1
                                                                                  432 J=J+1
266 PRINT [19,1] 'No thanks'
                                                                                  434 NEXT 1
268 GOTO 280
                                                                                  436 IF J>1 THEN 442
270 PRINT [19,1] 'We'll bug!!"
                                                                                  438 $(7,$1)=$(7,$1)+69
272 T(11.T1)=T([1.T1)-X
                                                                                  440 60=S(7,S1)
274 T(7,T1)=T(7,T:)+X4(11(5)
                                                                                  442 IF S9=15 THEN 68
276 T(11,T1)=T(11,T1)+Y
                                                                                  444 J=0
278 S(I1,S1)=S(I1,S1)+X
                                                                                  446 FOR I=1 TO S9: J=J+S(7,1): NEXT
280 J1=J1+1
                                                                                  448 PRINT [2),0] "Developmental status of galaxy = "; INT(J/S94100/7); "%"
282 AZ$=" ": GOSUB 1168: AZ$=STR$(T([1,T1]): GOSUB 1168
                                                                                  450 FOR XZ=1 TO 2000: NEXT
284 NEXT I1
                                                                                  452 IF J/S947 THEN 68
290 Z1$=" available": Z2$="Number wanted:": Z3$=" asks": Z4$="Your offer"
                                                                                  454 S1=S9+1: S9=S9+1: GOSUB738: GOSUB462: S(9,S1)=D1: S(10,S1)=Y1: FOR J=1T06
292 31=1
                                                                                  456 S(J,S1)=0: NEXTJ: 60SU8 736
294 PRINT [10,23] *
                                                                                  458 PRINT * New class (4) star called *; MID$(S$, S(B,S1),4)
296 PRINT [11,23] "
                      BUY GOODS "
                                                                                  460 FOR XZ=1 TO 2000: MEXT: GDSUB 754: GOTO &B
298 PRINT [12,23] *
                                                                                  462 X=(RND(1)-,5)+100: Y=50+RND(1)
3,00 MUSIC ""C7C4"C4"
                                                                                   464 IF (ABS(X)(25)+(Y(25) THEN 462
302 FOR 11=1 TO 6
                                                                                  466 F=1: BOSJB 472
304 PRINT [1,0] "|";LEFT$(TI$,2);" ";MID$(TI$,3,2);" ";RIBHT$(TI$,2);" |";
                                                                                  468 IF F=0 THEN 462
```

```
470 S(7,S1)=0: RETURN
                                                                                    632 IF M3>MAX THEN MAX=M3: WINNER=P1
                                                                                    634 PRINT [LO.0] NS (P1)
 472 ON H GOTO 480, 478, 476, 474
474 7=X: X=-Y: Y=2: BOTO 480
                                                                                    636 PRINT [LO,11] INT(M1/1000): PRINT [LO,18] INT(B(1,P1)/1000)
476 Y=-Y: GOTO 480
                                                                                    638 PRINT [LO, 24] INT(M2/1000): PRINT [LO, 31] INT( M3)
478 Z=X: X=Y: Y=Z
                                                                                    640 L0=L0+PZ
 480 FOR J=1 TO S1-1
                                                                                    642 NEXT P1
 482 IF SBR((X-S(11,J)) #2+(Y-S(12,J)) #2))=D9 THEM 488
                                                                                    644 PRINT [6+(W1-1) $P2,0] LEFT$(*****
494 F=0
                                                                                    645 IF AR=1 THEN PRINT [22,12] *PRESS A KEY*: AR=0
 486 RETURN
                                                                                    646 RETURN
 488 NEXT J: S(11,S1)=INT(X): S(12,S1)=INT(Y): H=1-(H<=3)#H: RETURN
                                                                                    648 R1=1-(S(7,S1))=5)-(S(7,S1))=10)
 490 PRINT [24,0] BL$;
                                                                                    650 D2=12#(Y1-S(10,S1):+(D1-S(9,S1))/30
491 IF PD=1 THEN 494
                                                                                    652 FOR I=1 TO 6
492 PRINT [24,25] "X for Options";
494 PRINT [24,2] """; BET AS
                                                                                    654 G(I)=(1+S(7,S1)/15)*(M(1,R1)*S(7,S1)+C(1,R1))
                                                                                    656 IF ABS(6(1))).01 THEN 660
 495 PRINT [24,2] "Next Star ?";: IF A$="" THEN 494
                                                                                    ASB P(1)=0: BOTO 672
496 IF (SW=9) 1 (As="A") THEN GOSUB 986: GOTO 490
                                                                                    660 Q1=ABS(6(1) #12): Q2=ABS(S(I,S1)+D2#6(I)): IF Q1>Q2 THEN B3=Q2: 60TD 664
497 IF PQ=1 THEN 500
                                                                                    662 03=01
498 IF AS="1" THEN GOSUB 1170: 60TD 490
                                                                                    664 S(I,S1)=S6M(G(I))#83
500 FOR I=1 TO S9: J=S(8,1)
                                                                                    666 P(I)=Q(I)*(1-SGN(S(I,SI))*ABS(S(I,SI)/(B(I)*X9)))
502 IF LEFT$(A$,1)=MID$(S$,J,1) THEN 518
                                                                                    668 P(I)=100#INT(P(I)/100+.5)
504 NEXT I
                                                                                    670 NEXT 1: IF (SA$=**)+(S1(>VAL(LEFT$(SA$,1))) THEN 676
504 6010 512
                                                                                    672 P(VAL(MID$(SA$, 2, 1!))=VAL(RIGHT$(SA$, 2!) $100
 508 GOSUB 590: GOTO 516
                                                                                    674 S(VAL(MID$(SA$,2,1)),S1)=-ABS(S(VAL(MID$(SA$,2,1)),S1))
510 S2=S1: GOSUB 754: GOTO 516
                                                                                    676 S(9,S1)=D1: S(10,S1)=Y1: RETURN
512 PRINT [24,16] *
                                           ":: FOR TT=1 TO 400: NEXT TT
                                                                                    678 PRINT "Mo you wish to visit the local bank ?"
                                                                                    680 GET AS: IF AS="" THEN 680
514 PRINT [24,16] "No such system";: FOR TT=1 TO 400: WEXT TT
516 GOTO 490
                                                                                    682 IF AS="Y" THEN 688
                                                                                    684 IF AS="N" THEN RETURN
518 T(8,T1)=1
520 IF 1()S1 THEN 526
                                                                                    686 GOTO 680
522 PRINT [24,16] "
                                 ";: FOR TT=1 TO 100: MEXT TT
                                                                                    588 GOSUB 718: GOSUB 724
523 PRINT [24,16] "You're there !";
                                                                                    690 PRINT "BEYou have ("; INT(B(1,B1));" in the bank"
524 GOTO 516
                                                                                    692 PRINT [5,5] "And f';T(11,T1);" on the ship"
526 D2=SGR((S(11,S1)-S(11,!))+2+(S(12,S1)-S(12,1))+2)/R9
                                                                                    694 IF B(1,B1)=0 THEN 708
 528 D2=INT(D2): WZ=0: GM=0
                                                                                    696 PRINTE7, 21"How much do you wish to withdraw?": PRINTE8, 151"E
                                                                                                                                                            COCCCC*:
530 S(7,S1)=S(7,S1)+.02+RND(1)/25
                                                                                    697 USR(IN), ALS, 10, AS: Z=VAL(AS): IF Z(=B(1,B1) THEN 700
532 IF 60=1 THEN 552
                                                                                    698 PRINT [9,18] "TOO MUCH": GOTO 696
534 PRINT "B": 1F RND(1) >Q/2 THEN 552
                                                                                    700 IF I <= 0 THEN 708
536 ON 1 60TO 546,542,538
                                                                                    702 B(1,B1)=B(1,B1)-Z
538 PRINT "Ship does not pass inspection"
                                                                                    704 T(11,71)=T(11,T1)+!
540 GOTO 548
                                                                                    706 RETURN
542 PRINT "Cremmen demand a vacation"
                                                                                    708 PRINT[10,2]"How much do you wish to deposit?":PRINT[11,15]"E
544 60TO 548
                                                                                    709 USR(IN), AL$, 10, A$: Z=VAL(A$)
546 PRINT "Local holiday soon ";
                                                                                    710 IF Z>T(11,T1) THEN PRINT [12,3] "You only have £";T(11,T1): 60TO 708
548 PRINT "..."; 1; " week delay"
                                                                                    712 T(11,T1)=T(11,T1)-1
550 02=02+7#1
                                                                                    714 B(1,B1)=B(1,B1)+Z
552 T(9,T1)=T(9,T1)+D2
                                                                                     716 RETURN
554 IF T(9,T1) <= 360 THEN 560
                                                                                    718 B1=T1: FOR 1=1 TO $9/P9: IF B1<=P9 THEN 722
556 T(9, T1)=T(9, T1)-360
                                                                                    720 B1=B1-P9: NEXT
558 T(10, T1)=T(10, T1)+1
                                                                                    722 RETURN
560 M=INT((T(9,T1)-1)/30)
                                                                                    724 B(1,B1)=B(1,B1)*(1+.05*(Y1-B(3,B1)+(D1-B(2,B1))/360))
562 L=38M+1
                                                                                    726 B(2,B1)=D1: B(3,B1)=Y1: RETURM
564 IF 60=1 THEN 570
                                                                                    728 PRINT [YF, XF-1] "E";
566 PRINT "The EYA at ";MIB$(S$,J,4);" is ";MID$(C$,L,3);" ";
                                                                                    730 USR(1N), AL$, NC, A$
568 PRINT T(9,T1)-30#H; ", ";T(10,T1)
                                                                                    732 X=VAL (AS)
570 I=(INT(RND(1)#7 +1)#(-:RND(1)>D/2)))
                                                                                    734 RETURN
572 IF 1)3 THEN 570
                                                                                    736 MUSIC "C3_C5C4": RETURN
574 T(9,T1)=T(9,T1)+[#7
                                                                                    738 IF S1>1 THEN 742
576 IF T(9,T1) (=360 THEN 532
                                                                                    740 I=1: GOTO 750
578 T(9, T1)=T(9, T1)-360
                                                                                     742 I=4#INT(14#RND(1))+5
580 T(10,T1)=T(10,T1)+1
                                                                                    744 FOR J=2 TO SI-1
582 T(12, T1)=1: RETURN
                                                                                     746 IF I=S(8,J) THEN 742
584 GOSUB 736
                                                                                    748 NEXT J
586 AR=1: PRINT"B"; "Annual Report #"; Y1-2070: 60TD 598
                                                                                    750 S(B,S1)=1: RETURN
588 RETURN
                                                                                    754 GOTO 882
590 6010 986
                                                                                    758 IK=0: FOR IJ=SW TO SX: IK=IK+1
596 PRINT "B";
                                                                                    760 IF S3=13 THEN 770
598 PRINT "
                                                                                    762 D2=SQR((S(11,S3)-S(11,IJ))+2+(S(12,S3)-S(12,IJ))+2)/R9
600 PRINT "■ Captain ■ Ship ■ Bank ■Cargo ■ Total ■";
                                                                                    764 NW=1NT(D2/7)
602 PRINT "
                                                                                    766 PRINT [2#IK-1,37] '#"
                     "'000s" '000s value " assets";
604 PRINT "
                                                                                    768 PRINT [2#1K,37] "F"; STR$(NW)
606 MAX=0: FOR BI=1 TO P9: BOSUB 724: NEXT
                                                                                    770 NEXT 1J: RETURN
                                                                                    772 PRINT "ERENDE CONFIRM !!! (Y/N)*
774 GET A$: IF A$=** THEN 774
608 IF P9(5 THEN PZ=4: L0=5: GOTD 614
610 IF P9(6 THEN PZ=3: L0=5: GOTO 614
                                                                                    776 IF A$="Y" THEN 780
612 PI=2: L0=5
614 FOR P1=1 TO P9
                                                                                    778 RETURN
616 M1-0: M2-0
                                                                                    780 IF RE=9 THEN ROPEN
782 IF RE=5 THEN WOPEN DAS
618 FOR [1=0 TO T9/P9-1
                                                                                    784 FOR I=0 TO 12: FOR J=0 TO 15
620 M1=M1+T(11,P9*[1+P1)
                                                                                    786 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T S([,J)
627 FOR K=1 TO 6
                                                                                    788 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T S(I, J)
624 M2=M2+T(K,P9#11+P1)#Q())
626 NEXT K, 11
                                                                                    790 MEXT J.1
                                                                                    792 FOR I=0 TO 12: FOR J=0 TO 12
628 S7=(P1-1)#6+1
630 M3=M2+M1+R(1.P1)
                                                                                    794 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T T(I.J)
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796 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T T(I, J)
                                                                                   96B T(XZ,0)=T(0,XZ)
798 NEXT J. I
                                                                                  970 NEXT 17
800 FOR I=0 TO 3: FOR J=0 TO 12
                                                                                  972 FOR X2=T9 TO 2 STEP -1
802 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T B(I,J)
                                                                                   974 FOR XJ=1 TO XZ-1
BO4 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T B(1,J)
                                                                                  976 IF T(0,XJ)(=T(0,XJ+1) THEN 980
                                                                                  978 XX=T(0,XJ): T(0,XJ)=T(0,XJ+1): T(0,XJ+1)=XX
806 NEXT J. I
BOB FOR I=0 TD 6: FOR J=0 TO 3
                                                                                  980 NEXT 13.17
810 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T M(I.J)
                                                                                   982 RETURN
B12 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T M(1, J)
                                                                                  986 S3=S1: SM=1: SX=8
814 NEXT J, 1
                                                                                  988 IF S9(8 THEN SY=S9
816 FOR I=0 TO 6: FOR J=0 TO 3
                                                                                  990 IF S9(9 THEN SZ=S9#2-1
BIB IF RE=9 THEM IMPUT/T C(I, J)
                                                                                   992 IF S9>8 THEN SZ=15
820 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T C(I, J)
                                                                                  994 PRINT "ESYSTEM |Uran |Iron Mach Medi |Comp |Gens"
822 NEXT J, I
                                                                                  996 IF SM=9 THEN SZ=2#S9-17
824 FOR I=0 TO 12
                                                                                  998 L1$=*
                                                                                                 1 1 1
                                                                                  1000 L$="---
826 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T N$(I)
                                                                                  1002 FOR LO=1 TO SZ STEP 2: PRINT [L0,0] L$: PRINT [L0+1,0] L1$: NEXT
828 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T N$(I)
830 NEXT I
                                                                                  1004 FOR SI=SM TO SX: IF WZ=0 THEN P$(S1)=""
832 FOR I=0 TO 12
                                                                                  1006 IF SW=1 THEN SP=S1
834 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T T$([,0):T$([,1)=N$([)
                                                                                   1008 IF SW=9 THEN SP=S1-8
836 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T T$(1,0)
                                                                                  1010 SC=[NT(S(7,S1)/5): IF SC>3 THEN SC=3
838 NEXT 1
                                                                                  1011 PRINT [SP#2,0] MID$($$,$(8,$11,4);0$($C);
840 FOR I=0 TO 6
                                                                                  1012 IF S3=S1 THEN 1034
842 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T P(I)
                                                                                   1014 IF WZ=1 THEN 1032
844 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T P(1)
                                                                                  1016 BOSUB 648
846 NEXT 1
                                                                                  1018 FOR I=1 TO 6
848 FOR I=0 TO 6
                                                                                   1020 W$=STR$(P(1)/100)
850 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T Q(I)
                                                                                  1022 IF (S(1,S1)=0)+(P(1)(1000) THEN WS=*
852 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T Q(I)
                                                                                   1024 IF S(1,S1)>0 THEN W$="#"+" "+W$
854 NEXT 1
                                                                                  1026 IF S(I,S1)(0 THEN WS="8 "+WS
856 FOR I=0 TO 6
                                                                                  1028 P$(S1)=P$(S1)+" I"+ W$
858 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T &(1)
                                                                                  1030 NEXT I
BAO IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T 6(1)
                                                                                  1032 PRINT P$(S1)
B62 NEXT 1
                                                                                  1034 NEXT S1: PRINT [17,4] * ,---
864 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T W,D9,K9,19,D1,11,P9,T9,S9,Y9,H.Y1
                                                                                  866 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T W,D9,K9,X9,D1,X1,P9,T9,S9,Y9,H,Y1
868 IF RE=9 THEN INPUT/T R9,69,0,51,71,R,H3,H4,DA$
                                                                                   1040 GOSUB 1052
870 IF RE=5 THEN PRINT/T R9,69,0,51,71,1,H3,H4,DA$
                                                                                  1041 1F SW=9 THEN PRINT [23,2] "Press 'A' for the rest of the prices"
872 PRINT "COMPLETE"
                                                                                  1042 IF (S9>B) #(S1=9) THEN WZ=QM: GOTO 1046
874 CLOSE
                                                                                   1044 S1=S3: FL=0: QM=1: WZ=1: RETURN
876 RETURN
                                                                                   1046 PRINT [23,2] "Press 'A' for the rest of the prices"
B82 S3=S1
                                                                                  1048 GET AS: IF AS="" THEN 1048
                                                                                  1049 TT=ASC(A$): IF TT(>65 THEN 1048
884 PRINT "B"
886 FOR LO=1 TO 19 STEP 2: PRINT [LO,20] "|": PRINT [LO+1,20] "+": NEXT
                                                                                  1050 SW=9: SX=S9: SOTO 994
888 PRINT [11,4] "-+-+-+-0-+-+-"
                                                                                  1052 PRINT [20,0] "Cargo"
890 FOR S1=1 TO S9
                                                                                  1054 FOR LO=1 TO 6: PRINT [20,L0#5+5] STR#(T(L0,T1)): NEXT
B92 PRINT LINT(10+ S(12,S1)/6), INT(S(11,S1)/3)+191 MID$(S$,S(8,S1),4);
                                                                                  1055 PRINT [21,0] "Cash f";T(11,T1): PRINT [22,0] T$(T1,1);" in ";T$(T1,0)
B94 PRINT "ECC":
                                                                                  1056 WZ=1: RETURN
B96 ON INT(5(7,51)/5+1) BOTO 898,900,902,904
                                                                                  1060 L$=*[
897 GDTD 904
                                                                                  1062 L15="L
B98 PRINT ".": 60TO 906
                                                                                  1064 PRINT "E"; LS: PRINT [2,0] L15
900 PRINT ***: 60TO 906
                                                                                   1066 PRINT [1,0] "|";LEFT$(TI$,2);" ";MID$(TI$,3,2);" ";RIGHT$(TI$,2);" |";
902 PRINT "1": 60TO 906
                                                                                   1068 DA$=STR$(D1-30#M)+" "+MID$(C$,L,3)+" "+STR$(Y1)
904 PRINT "#": SOTO 906
                                                                                  1070 PRINT DAS: PRINT [1,22] "|
906 NEXT
                                                                                  1072 J0=T1
                                                                                  1074 1F JO>99 THEN JO=JO-P9: BDTD 1074
908 S1=S3
910 FDR XX=1 TD 3000: NEXT
                                                                                  1076 N1$=N$(JO)
912 RETURN
                                                                                  1078 PRINT [1,31-INT(LEN(N1$)/2)] N1$: PRINT [1,39] "["
916 L0=4: P2=2: IF T9)8 THEN PZ=1
                                                                                  1080 A$=N1$: GOSUB 1352
918 PRINT "#"
                                                                                  10B2 RETURN
920 PRINT [0,14] "# ";DAS;" L
                                                                                  922 PRINT ***
                                                                                   1088 L1$=" |------
                                                                                  1090 PRINT [4,5] L$: PRINT [6,5] L1$
1090 PRINT [5,5] "; "; T$(T1,0): PRINT [5,17+INT(LEN(T$(T1,0))/2)] "on "
924 PRINT *#
               SHIP
                              TO
                                     ■ ETA
926 PRINT "B.
                                                                                  1094 PRINT (5,30) MID$(5$,M,4);" |
928 BDSUB 964: FOR XI=1 TO T9: FOR S7=1 TO T9
930 IF S7=T1 THEN 954
                                                                                  1096 GM=0
                                                                                  1098 L$=" 11 SHIP'S LOG 408"
932 IF T(0,XZ)(>1(S7,0) THEN 954
934 T(S7,01=0
                                                                                  1102 L29="
936 S3=T(8,S7): S4=S(8,S3): L=(S7-1)*6+1
                                                                                   1104 PRINT [7,22] L$: PRINT [8,22] L1$: PRINT [9,22] L2$
938 M7=1NT((T(9,S7)-1)/30)
940 L7=3#M7+1
                                                                                  1106 FOR YY=10 TO 22: PRINT [YY, 22] "|": PRINT [YY, 39] "|": NEXT
942 LB=T(9,57)-30#M7
                                                                                  1108 L$=" |--
944 PRINT [LO+1,1] LEFT$(T$(S7,0),15)
                                                                                  1110 L15=" |---
                                                                                  1112 L25=" |-| -----|"
946 PRINT (LO+1, 18] MID$(S$, S4,4)
948 PRINT [LO+1,273 L8
                                                                                  1114 L35=" L___
950 PRINT [L0+1,51] MID#(C#,L7,3); ";RIGHT#(STR#(T(10,67)),2)
                                                                                  1116 PRINT :13,223 L$: PRINT [16,22] L2$: PRINT [19,22] L1$: PRINT [22,22] L3$
952 LO=LO+PZ: GDTD 956
                                                                                  1118 PRINT [14,23] "C|Uran|Iron|Mach"
954 NEXT S7
                                                                                  1120 PRINT (15,23) "A|> (|> (|> (
956 NEXT XZ
                                                                                  1122 PRINT [16,23] "R"
958 PRINT [24,15] "PRESS A KEY";
                                                                                  1124 PRINT :17,23] "6 | Medi | Comp | Gems "
                                                                                  1126 PRINT [18,233 "0]) (|) (|) ("
964 FDR X2=1 TD T9
                                                                                  1128 PRINT :20,241 "Cash:
966 T(0,XZ)=(T(10,XZ)-2070)*360+T(9,XZ)
                                                                                  1130 PRINT [21,24] "Bank:
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1132 RETURN
                                                                                     1297 USR (IN) . AL $. 12. AS
1136 Ls=" -
                                                                                     1298 N$(1)=A$: MEXT I
1138 L15=" |-
                                                                                     1300 T1=1
1140 L2$=" L_____
                                                                                     1302 PRINT "East Captains name your ships-:"
                                                                                     1304 FOR 1=1 TO T9/P9: PRINT: FOR P1=1 TO P9
1142 PRINT[8,0] L$: FOR ZZ=10 TO 18 STEP 2: PRINT[ZZ,0] L1$: PRINT[ZZ+1,0] "|"
                                                                                     1306 T(1,T1)=0: T(2,T1)=0: T(6,T1)=0: T(3,T1)=15: T(4,T1)=10: T(5,T1)=10
1144 PRINT [ZZ+1,20] "|": NEXT
1146 PRINT [20,0] L2$
                                                                                     1308 T(7,T1)=25: T(8,T1)=1: T(9,T1)=D1: T(10,T1)=Y1: T(11,T1)=5000: T(12,T1)=0
1148 PRINT [9,0] *|
                                                                                     1310 PRINT N$(P1);" name ship #";1;": ";
1150 RETURN
                                                                                     1311 USR(IN), AL$, 12, A$: PRINT
1154 PRINT [20,30] *
                                                                                     1312 T$(T1,0)=A$: T$(T1,1)=N$(P1): T1=T1+1: NEXT P1,1
1156 PRINT [21,30] *
                                                                                     1314 FOR BI=1 TO P9: B(1,B1)=0: B(2,B1)=B1: B(3,B1)=Y1: NEXT B1: GOTO 42
115B GDSUB 718
                                                                                     1316 E=100: 60SUB 1320: S(7,S1)=5+RND(1)$5: RETURN
1160 GOSUB 724
                                                                                     1318 E=50: GDSUB 1320: S(7,S1)=10+RND(1) $5: RETURN
1162 PRINT [20,303 T(11,T1)
                                                                                     1320 X=(RND(1)-.5)*E: Y=RND(1)*E/2: F=1: GOSUB 472: IF F=0 THEN 1320
1164 PRINT [21,30] INT(B(1,B1))
                                                                                     1322 RETURN
                                                                                     1324 PDKE4514, INT(T1/2+2): FORIU=OTD255STEP5: POKE4513, IU:USR(68):NEXT:USR(71)
1166 RETURN
116B PRINT [15-1]1>3|#3,21+5#([1+([1>3)#3>] AZ#: RETURN
                                                                                     1326 A$="PRESS A KEY": FOR XX=1 TO 11: A1$=MID$(A$, XX, 1): PRINT [9+XX, 0] A1$
1170 MUSIC ""CO#E2"
                                                                                     1328 MUSIC ""80": PRINT [10, XX-1] A16: NEXT
1172 PRINT *EE
                                                                                     1330 RETURN
                               DPTIDNS*
                                                                                     1332 IF DAS="" THEN RETURN
1174 GOSUB 1332
                                                                                     1334 PRINT [3,3] DA$: FOR XX=3 TO 2+LEN(DA$): PRINT [2,XX] *-*
1176 PRINT [2,17] "-
                                                                                     1336 PRINT [4, XX] "-": NEXT: RETURN
1179 PRINT [6,10] *N. New Same
                                                                                     1338 DATA (4),(3),(2),(1),Uranium, Iron Dre, Machinery, Medic Supplies
1180 PRINT [8,10] "R. Recover old game"
                                                                                     1340 DATA Computers, Diamond Gems
1182 PRINT [10,10] "S. Save present game"
                                                                                     1342 FOR 1X=0 TO 3: READ D$(XX): NEXT
1184 PRINT [12,10] "P. Prices of commodities"
                                                                                     1344 FOR XX=1 TO 6: READ COS(XX): NEXT
1186 PRINT [14,10] "T. Travel printout"
1188 PRINT [16,10] "M. Map of Star Systems"
                                                                                     1346 RETURN
1190 PRINT [18,10] "B. Ban: statement"
                                                                                     1348 DATA -.1,-.2,-.1,0,-.1,-.1,0,.1,.1,-.1,.1,0,.1,.2,.1,.1,-.1,0,1,1,5
1192 PRINT [20,103 "X. Option selection."
                                                                                     1350 DATA .5,.75,.75,.75,-.75,-.75,-.75,-.5,-1.5,.5,-1,-1.5,-.5,.5,1.5,-.5
1194 PRINT [22,10] *!. End Game and Reset BASIC"
                                                                                     1352 IF LEN(A$) (4 THEN A$=A$+A$
1196 SET A$: 1F A$="" THEN 1196
                                                                                     1354 TEMPO 7: FOR XX=1 TO LEN(A$): XC=ASC(MID$(A$, XX, 1))
                                                                                     1356 IF XC>71 THEN MS="_": XC=XC-7
1358 IF XC>71 THEN MS=""": XC=XC-7
1198 IF A$="P" THEN 986
1200 IF A$="M" THEN 882
1202 IF A$="S" THEN RE=5: R=1: 60T0 772
                                                                                     1360 IF XC>71 THEN MS="8": XC=XC-7
1204 IF A$="T" THEN 916
                                                                                     1362 IF XC>71 THEN MS="R2": XC=XC-7
1206 IF AS="N" THEN 1218
                                                                                     1364 MUSIC MS+CHR$ (XC): MS=**
1208 IF As="B" THEN 596
                                                                                     1366 NEXT: TEMPO 5: RETURN
1210 IF A$="R" THEW 60=0: RE=9: R=1: 60T0 772
                                                                                     136B POKE 7221, UX: POKE 7222, UY
1212 IF AS="1" THEN 1368
                                                                                     1369 USB (460B): END
                                                                                     1370 K0=0: PRINT "B": PRINT [8,0] " ";
1372 KX=1NT(RND(1) $591+1: A$=MID$(S$,S(8,XX),4): SA$=STR$(XX)
1214 GOTO 1196
1218 PRINT "E": PRINT [10,0] "Do you really want to start a new game?"
1220 GET A$: IF A$="" THEN 1220
1222 IF A$="Y" THEN 1226
                                                                                     1373 IF XX>9 THEN 1372
                                                                                     1374 ON INT(RMD(1) $5+1) 60TO 1376,1378,1380,1382,1384
1224 GOTO 1170
                                                                                     1376 SA$=SA$+"175": PRINT . NUCLEAR POWER PLANT DISASTER ON "; A$
1226 PRINT: PRINT " DKII DKI! DK!!"
                                                                                     1377 JO=1: 60TO 1386
1227 RESTORE: FOR XX=1 TO 16: READ AS: NEXT
                                                                                     1378 SA$=SA$+*660": PRINT "
                                                                                                                         RAGING INFLATION ON ": AS
1228 R9=2/7: D9=15: S9=B: £3=2: Q=,1: BQ=1
                                                                                     1379 JO=6: GOTO 1386
1230 FDR 1X=0 TO 12: FDR YY=0 TO 12: T(XX,YY)=0: NEIT YY, XX
                                                                                     1380 SA$=SA$+*275*: PRINT *
                                                                                                                       NEW BALACTIC RAILWAY ON "; AS
1232 FOR 1X=0 TO 3: FOR YY=0 TO 12: B(XX, YY)=0: NEXT YY, XX
                                                                                     1381 J0=2: GOTO 1386
1234 FOR XX=0 TO 12: FOR YY=0 TO 15: SIXX, YY)=0: MEXT YY, XX
                                                                                     1382 SA$=SA$+*575*: PRINT *
                                                                                                                      DEEP THOUGHT PROJECT ON "; As
1236 K9=3: W=30: X9=36: 69=1.25: R=0: D1=1: Y1=2070: DA$=" 1 JAN 2070"
                                                                                     1383 J0=5: 60TO 1386
1238 FOR XX=1 TO 6: FOR YY=1 TO 3: READ MIXX, YY): NEXT YY, IX
                                                                                     1384 SA$=SA$+*488*: PRINT *
                                                                                                                              PLABUE DN ";A$: J0=4
                                                                                     1386 PRINT: PRINT " Urgent need for ";CO$(JO)
1240 FOR XX=1 TO 6: FOR YY=1 TO 3: READ C(XX, YY): NEXT YY, XX
                                                                                     1388 PRINT [24,15] "PRESS A KEY";
1242 PRINT "B"
                                                                                     1390 GET AS: IF AS=" THEN 1390
1243 PRINT [6,0] "How many players? Gas";: AL$="1234567890"
1244 USR(IN), AL$, 2, A$
                                                                                     1392 RETURN
1246 P9=VAL (A$1)
                                                                                     1394 PRINT [24,15] *PRESS A KEY*;
                                                                                     1400 PRINT "B": MUSIC "C"CC": PRINT [4,13] " genenewamanana"
1248 IF (P9)1)#IP9(13) THEN 1252
1250 PRINT: PRINT *Between 2 and 12 can play*: 60TO 1243
                                                                                     1402 PRINT [5,13] " | Planetfall | "
1252 PRINT [10,0] "How many ships per player?
                                                                                     1404 PRINT [6,13] " famencement"
                                                                                     1405 PRINT [11,8] "Press 'N' for New Game"
1254 USR(IN), AL$, 1, A$
                                                                                     1406 PRINT [12,2] "or 'R' to recover old game from tape"
1256 Y=VAL (A$): T9=P94Y: Y3=Y: IF YCL THEN 1252
                                                                                     1407 BET AS: I=RND(1): IF AS=** THEN 1407
1258 PRINT
1260 IFT9>12THENPRINT*I can't look after more than a total of 12°: GOT01252
                                                                                     1408 IF A$="N" THEN PRINT "E": PRINT [1,15] "NEW GAME": MUSIC "A": GOTO 1227
1262 PRINT [13,0] "How many star systems?
                                                                                     1410 IF AS="R" THEN R=1: 60=0: RE=9: PRINT "B": MUSIC "A"
                                                                                     1411 IF A$="R" THEN PRINT[10,01"Ensure you have the tape in:8":60SUB780:6DTD42
1264 USR(IN), AL$, 2, AS: PRINT
1266 S9=VAL(A$): IF(S9<1)+(S9>15)THEN PRINT*Between 1 and 15 please*: 60701262
                                                                                     1412 BOTO 1407
                                                                                     1414 DRTA 0,0,0,205,139,22,91,69,28,205,169,25,123,254,25,210,152,19,50,114
1416 DRTA 17,205,154,22,44,205,169,25,123,254,40,210,152,19,50,113,17,205,154
1268 PRINT
1270 PRINT [16,0] "Enter length of game in years ";
1272 USR(IN), ALS, 2, AS: PRINT
                                                                                     1418 DATA 22,93,195,69,28,17,160,0,25,34,12,17,205,151,22,44,205,175,34,205,15
1274 PRINT "BEET takes a few moments":PRINT to build the Universe......"
                                                                                     1420 DATA 24,205,1,24.213,197,205,154,22,44,205,169,25,205,154,22,44,34,1,7€
1276 Y9=VAL (A$)+Y1
                                                                                     1422 DATA 225,34,10,17,225,67,74,237,91,12,17,213,205,179,9,205,206,11,254,102
1278 S(7,1)=15: H=1: S1=2: 60SUB 462
                                                                                     1424 DATA 40,60,254,96,40,34,197,237,75,10,17,229,237,177,225,193,32,230,18,19
1280 S1=3: GOSUB 462: S1=4: GOSUB 1316
                                                                                     1426 DATA 12,205,18,0.16,222,205,179,9,205,206,11,254,102,40,26,254,96,32,242
1282 FOR S1=5 TO S9: ON S1-3#INT((S1-1)/3) GDSU8 462,1316,1318
                                                                                     1428 DATA 13,12,40,204,62,20,205,18,0,205,12,0,62,20,205,18,0,13,4,27,24,186
1284 NEXT S1: FOR S1=1 TO S9: FOR J=1 TO 6: S(J,S1)=0: NEXT J: IFS1>1 THEN1288
                                                                                     1430 DATA 175,71,197,42,1,72,205,19,38,205,54,36,205,41,24,34,1,72,205,123,25
1286 I=1: EDID 1292
                                                                                     1432 DATA 193,225,205,223,24,205,118,25,205,106,27,157,19,201,0,0,0,0,205,9,68
1288 1=4$1WT(14$RND(1))+5: FOR J=2 TO S1-1: IF 1=S(8, J) THEN 128E
                                                                                     1434 DATA 40,68,0,0,29
1290 NEXT J
                                                                                     1436 FOR [=! TO 52: READ AS: NEXT I
1292 S(8,S1)=I: S(9,S1)=27): S(10,S1)=Y1-1: NEXT S1
                                                                                     1438 FOR 1=53024 TO 53232
1294 AL*=*": FOR I=32 TO 255: AL*=AL*+CHR*(I): NEXT
                                                                                     1440 READ A: POKE 1.A
1295 PRINT "E": PRINT [6,0] "Captains - enter your names"
                                                                                     1460 NEXT I
1296 FOR I=1 TO P9: PRINT: PRINT " Captain"; I; ".... ";
                                                                                     1480 RESTORE: RETURN
```

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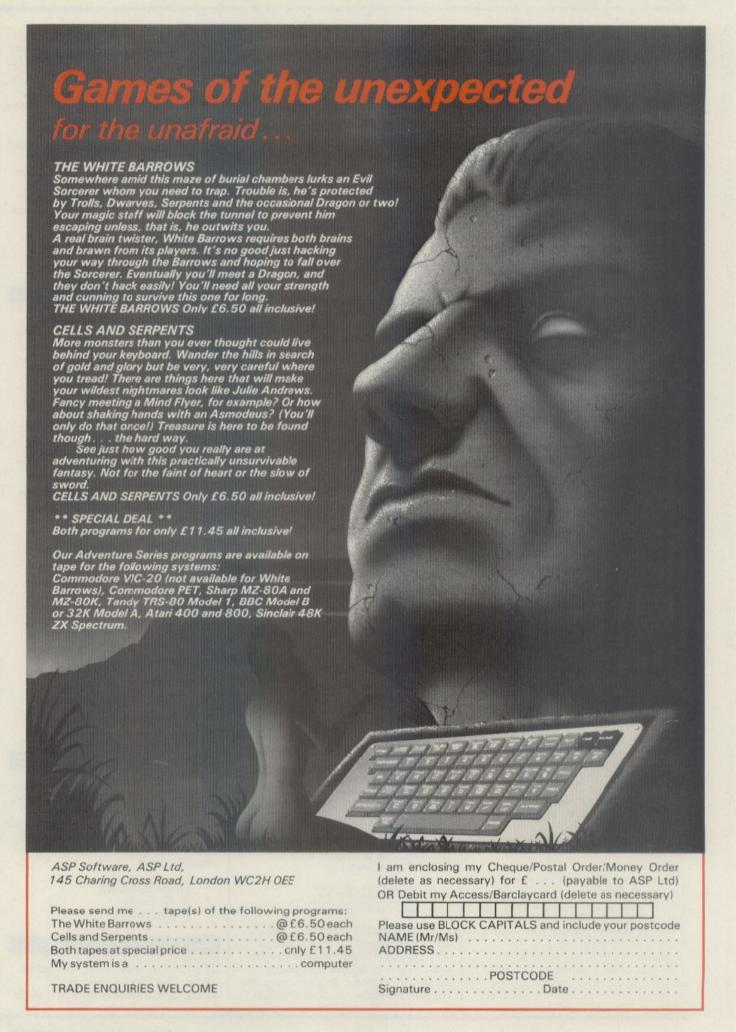
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# PRINTOUT

#### Dear Sir.

It is trite to write of the vast diminution in the cost of computing power over the last 20 years. Though peripherals have also got cheaper, they are dependent on expensive traditional engineering disciplines and have lagged behind so much that the cost of important bolt-on goodies can dwarf the price of a potent micro. Yet they are necessary; and the lack of them will cramp if not cripple the wider deployment of micros. Word processor users need bags of nonvolatile memory plus a good printer, musicians likewise, and maybe a special printer at that. Artists really need high quality hard copy - in full colour.

Could you gaze into your crystal ball and hazard some educational guesses at the future of such desirable widgets, especially in low-cost home systems? Will they need new technology? For example, a colour printer could use coloured pens, or coloured typewriter ribbons (as in some multi-coloured chart recorders), but might use something more or less completely new, such as electrophotographic (ie photocopier-like) devices. And when, if ever, will disc drive prices subside to a level within reasonable reach for a not-tooserious home micro?

On a separate topic, Mr
Peckett referred to his previous
articles on FORTH in his Going
FORTH Again and so did Mr
Bishop in his Jupiter Ace review.
Please could you find space in the
magazine to give the exact
address, ordering costs and cost of
back issues plus the cost of
photocopies of articles in copies
which you may have sold out of.

Yours faithfully, R. J. Bul! Bath

(\*Colour printers are here already; Tandy marke: a lovely little four pen printer plotter called the CGP 151 at about £150 and Integrex do a colour matrix printer that uses a multicolour ribbon and overstriking to achieve its effects. The cost of disc drives is falling slowly but I doubt that they will ever get to under £100 in the form

that we know now. New designs like the Sony 3" disc and Sinclair's Microdrives may come to be accepted as replacements over the next few years and these should prove to be considerably cheaper.

Our back issues are generally advertised in the magazine but if there is no reference to this service you can write to Computing Today Backnumbers, 513 London Road, Thornton Heath, Surrey CR4 6AR. Those issues which are available cost £1.50 each. Photocopies of any article from any issue also cost £1.50 each and can be obtained from our Charing Cross Road address, but please indicate clearly which issues and which articles you want. Ed.\*)

#### Dear Sir,

Owners of UK101s fitted with CEGMON monitors probably know that the OUTPUT vector in PAGE 2 is still at \$021A. If they wish to implement the lower case routine (M Williams, Computing Today, April 1983, p92) they can merely change the last two DATA values to 155 and 255 so that the output reaches its original destination (\$FF9B with CEGMON).

However, if the top of PAGE 2 is not being used, the routine can be located there so that the low byte of the start of the routine is the same as the low byte of the output vector address. This has two advantages: first, only one POKE instruction is required either to activate or to deactivate the routine; second, when the routine is deactivated, there is no additional delay in the output as it goes directly to its original destination instead of indirectly via the end of the routine. Some may consider it has another advantage in that it leaves the bottom of PAGE 2 free for other programs.

The program suitably amended for a UK101 with CEGMON monitor is:

10 FOR J=667 TO 688:READ A 20 POKE J.A.NEXT!POKE 539,2 30 DATA 281,65,144,7,281,91,176 40 DATA 3,24,185,32,76,155,285

It is deactivated by POKE 539,255 and reactivated by POKE 539,2.

UK101 owners with either the old or new monitors can share these advantages. In each case the routine must be relocated higher

in PAGE 2. For the old monitor the routine must be moved to 617 (decimal) and for the new monitor it must be started at 724 (decimal). The program should be as above but amended to use these locations and the last two DATA values given in the original article. In both cases the routine is reativated by POKE 539,2. For the old monitor the routine is deactivated by POKE 539,255 but the new monitor requires POKE 539,251. WEMON owners will have to work out their own salvation.

Yours faithfully N. G. Savill, Ascot

#### Dear Sir,

Considerable interest has been evoked of late by the fact that the ZX Spectrum accepts the statement:

PRINT#1; "This is the bottom line"

which prints on the line usually reserved for error messages and input.

In fact, five non-microdrive statements accept stream numbers (denoted by the hash) — PRINT, LIST, LPRINT, LLIST and INPUT.

The streams referred to in these statements are not the same as in the microdrive statements, but are as follows.

- $_{\#1}^{\#0}$  The bottom half of the screen
- #2 The top half of the screen #3 The printer

Some statements to experiment with:

LISTM3 LLISTM2,18 PRINTM3;"This will be on the printer" LPRINTM2;"Top of the screen" LISTM) INPUTM8;"No difference";A\* INPUTM1;"No charge";LINE A\$

Yours faithfully Alex Green, Uxbridge

#### Dear Sir,

In answer to C. Y. Fung's letter in the May edition of your magazine.

the May edition of your magazine.
To overcome one of the
Tangerine BASIC's little quirks, all
you do is type POKE3,0 after the
GET command. This zeros the
display index.

Yours faithfully, T. G. Royle Waterlooville

#### Dear Sir,

The Oric-1, 48K. First, the good news. The Oric-1, for its price, compactness and power, is

probably the most cost-effective microcomputer on the market (despite Sinclair having reduced the 48K Spectrum to only £130.00 recently). The keyboard is positive, the sounds are deafening, and the graphics all that the home owner could desire. The display is clear and bright, and I find no hint of fatigue, even though I have spent many hours programming the machine, since its purchase from the Sevenoaks branch of the Spectrum chain of computer stores on 19th April this year. The business programs I have written so far run well.

Now, unfortunately, the bad news. There is no way that this could be considered a beginner's computer. The 164-page manual supplied with the machine (serial number 18165) did not have the errata sheet included. However, this was requested by Spectrum and arrived by post with commendable speed soon after purchase. However, the errata as listed in the photoccpied sheet had already been adjusted in the manual, and I can only assume that the sheet referred to the first edition (32-page previous manual?). There are still many errors, omissions and non-existent explanations (eg SOUND or MUSIC commands appear to need to be preceded by FLAY 7,0,0,0 to be effective, as the PLAY command would appear, on turnon, to default to PLAY 1,1,1,1. Thus, channels 2 and 3 cannot be used within the SOUND or MUSIC statements, only channel 1 being switched on. The demo tape shows this, but it cannot be spotted immediately).

Those coming from the ZX81 or ZX Spectrum would, on reading Chapter 11 of the manual, assume that saving the program also saves any variables which have been input through the running of the program. Not so! Some variables do, indeed, appear to be saved, as typing PRINT (variable name) after loading will print the value of the named variable (string or numeric). You try typing GOTO (line number) in order to start the program, though!! An error statement (undefined statement in line X) will be produced, and a LIST command throws up a large line number (typically 53313) with a single character following. Typing TRON: GOTO (line number) shows that, whatever the line number stated, the instruction first jumps to an even larger line number (in excess of 65,000), then back to the named line. The program will not run, come what may, unless you

type RUN, when all variables are

Ringing Oric about this produces the telephone number of Tansoft Ltd., Ely (0353-2271) and the telephonist there will give you a name of Paul Kaufman (pronounced Cough-man) as the man to talk to regarding programming problems. After four attempts to speak to him (engaged on phone, tied up in meeting, taking no further calls, unavailable), I was told to send a stamped addressed envelope to him, when a listing would be posted showing how to save variables to tape: I live in hope!

Other, minor bugs that I have

found are:

PLOT, X, Y, will only plot a string. If you PLOT a number, or even a numeric variable name, the computer assumes this to be an ASCII code, and will print the appropriate CHR\$. eg PLOT 10, 10, 100 will print a 'd' at position 10, 10. (ie CHR\$(100)).

10, 10. (ie CHR\$(100)).

IF . . . THEN . . . ELSE only works if ELSE is immediately

followed by PRINT

A simple REM statement after RETURN, if the latter is at the end of a multi-statement line, gives the error report RETURN WITHOUT GOSUB. This, even though you give a GOSUB (line number) command to reach the subroutine.

The lack of instructions regarding the use of control characters and screen attributes have been discussed by reviewers elsewhere, and I will merely state here that the computer would appear to take many numerical variables and convert them to control characters and/or attributes without the user being aware that this is happening, until such time as the screen display corrupts itself.

A program such as

18 INPJT X 20 PLOT 18,18,"You have entered" 38 PLOT 18,28,X

will convert X to CHR\$(X) and print it at position 10,20.

Why does the changing of line 30 to PLOT 10,20, STR\$(X) print X in green at position 10,20?

Finally, a word about my tape recorder. I bought it for use on my original ZX81, subsequently used it for a Dragon 32, and now CSAVE and CLOAD programs from the Oric. At no time have I had a problem with either saving or loading with any of these machines. The recorder is the Boots CR225 fitted with DIN socket and jack sockets (even a Remote socket for motor control), and the tapes I use are W. H. Smith's C12. I hope this helps someone else

out there in their attempts to get the best from the admittedly temperamental machine.

> Yours faithfully E. H. Wilson Technical Manager, RIW PROTECTIVE PRODUCTS CO. LTD.

(\*The IF-THEN-ELSE problem has been cured on the most recent Orics...Ed. \*)

#### Dear Sir.

I'm sorry to hear that there have been some problems with Ultima that appeared in Personal Software in Spring 1983. I have done my best to winkle out the problem but since I am at the moment computerless I cannot be certain that my solution will work.

Anyway, please try the following:

- 258 IF X1-X2()8 AND Y1-Y2()8 AND (ABS(X1-X2)()ABS(Y1-Y2) OR ABS(8IT)=1) THEN PROCILLEGAL:80T0 168
- 368 LEAPT(LEAPCOUNTER)=X+P\*Y
- 390 IF LEAPCOUNTER()8 THEN FOR LOOP=8 TO LEAPCOUNTER-1:PROCOUT:LEAPT(LOOP) MOD 9 LEAPT(LOOP) DIV 9):BOARD(LEAPT(LOOP) MOD 9 LEAPT(LOOP) DIV 9)=8:NEXT LOOP

Sometimes I wonder why I use such long variable names! Line 250 will make sure that the Rollers can't move diagonally.

Yours faithfully S. Draper Cambridge

#### Dear Sir,

A couple of amendments/ suggestions regarding recent articles.

First, in the article on Elegant Programming (April 1983), p82, the author says that his regressive factorial program will not work as first written. If one enters:

1818 N=N+1:F=N#F

the program will run properly.
Secondly, in the March 1983
issue on p58 it is stated that the
answer to the ultimate question
will take 7,000,000,000,000 years
to compute. This is a gross error in
order of magnitude: Deep Thought
took, in fact, 7,500,000 years to
compute the answer 42!

Yours faithfully B. P. J. White Principal Lecturer South West London College

(\*The 7,000,000,000,000 years referred to was an estimate of the time taken by the Video Genie — assuming it's 1,000,000 times slower than Deep Thought! Ed. \*)

#### Dear Sir.

Already the HX-20 Users' Group has received exposure through Editors publishing information about the existence of the group. Response has been overwhelming, yet I feel there could be more, especially from magazines who have not participated.

I wonder if I may request your cooperation in advising through your magazine users of the HX-20 about the group and asking them to submit information on the following topics; 1) Their occupation; 2) Their use of the HX-20; 3) What they would like to see from the group.

I thank you most sincerely in advance for your cooperation.

Yours faithfully Terence L. Ronson 25 Sawyers Lawn, Drayton Bridge Road, Ealing, London W 13

#### Dear Sir.

With reference to the letter published in the June issue of Computing Today, we note that Mr Colin Chase has mixed views with his Nascom 3 computer in implementing CP/M. We write this letter as we have a few answers to his problems.

Firstly we agree the NASDOS operating system is a first class, simple-to-use, disc operating system for the Nascom. We note that he is currently considering an 80 column video card so as to take full advantage of CP/M. Among the cards he has considered is the MAP 80 VFC. The whole principle behind the design of the MAP VFC has been to provide the Nascom owner with a cheap professional way of implementing CP/M on his Nascom. It not only provides full compatibility with the ADM3A terminal and the Gemini IVC but also allows the user to revert to NASSYS (Nascom's standard operating system) without incorporating any complicated switching. Unlike MONITOR.COM the VFC actually switches in NASSYS with the video RAM in its normal location and all the Nascom existing software will run with it.

Modulated outputs for 80 column video cards to drive a television generally result in bad screen displays. Some of our customers have driven the 80 column display through a modulator on a television with acceptable results. It is, however,

not recommended and we would suggest that a 24 MHz bandwidth monitor is obtained.

Mr. Chase also asks the question regarding Superbrain's QD system. Some Gemini systems allow use of a Superbrain program called COPYSB. COM written by David Parkinson, but this will not work with the Lucas Nascom disc system.

CP/M has the reputation of being a bad operating system. Without exception all implementations of CP/M on the NASBUS/80BUS systems have particularly good software incorporating good screen editors, etc. Once the user has started with CP/M there is an enormous amount of software available, which in turn makes CP/M the best thing since sliced bread.

We trust this answers all Colin Chase's queries.

Yours faithfully M. G. Rothery Director, MRP 80 Systems Ltd.

#### Dear Sir,

Re: FROGLET Program. Thank you for your very prompt (and in computer magazine circles) very atypically efficient reply to my queries about the above program, which now works perfectly on my 1.0 system.

Î have been able to SAVE and RUN on disc without any trouble. I inserted an extra line at

2265 PAGE = & 1200.

I now play it right through from disc without acquiring the no room message. In my experience, therefore, there is no need for crunching programs as suggested in your leaflet.

Yours faithfully, Dr J. J. Hamblin Westcliff-on-sea

#### Dear Sir,

With regard to the letter from Nicholas Fitten in the June edition of Computing Today, I have experienced no problems when saving/loading programs from the Casio FX-702P via the FA2 interface unit using a Sony TCM-757 cassette recorder. I have also used this machine with my BBC Model B with equal success and would particularly commend its sturdy construction and fine linish.

Unfortunately this recorder is no longer in production but may still be available from some shops if one is prepared to hunt around, or alternatively on the secondhand market.

> Yours faithfully, Ronald A. Rankine Sutton

#### Dear Sir.

In your December 1982 edition you published a game for the ZX80, on page 33, called ZX Connect. Will it also run on the ZX81 or does it require modification? I have not come across this game for the ZX81 and I am very interested.

I also wish to say something about microcomputer keyboards. The QWERTY layout is definitely out as far as I'm concerned. It was designed in the last century for fast typists who were jamming up the mechanical keys.

With most micros you don't have to release the last key before you press the next, but most hobbyists are not typists and I suggest would welcome a more ergonomic arrangement of the keys. Am I too late? Are computer manufacturers so committed to QWERTY that they can't now get together and design a new standard layout? May I ask all computer manufacturers through your letters page to change the world — or the micro world at least!

Yours faithfuly, P. Stilliard Twickenham

(\*You will have to make some modifications to the program to get it RUNning on a ZX81 but these are minor and the ZX81 manual provides all the information that you are likely to need. If you think that the QWERTY typewriter layout is strange, try to remember that it was invented to physically slow typists down (the old mechanical typewriters jammed easily) and that the inventor's last joke on the world was that the longest word you can generate on any row of the keyboard is TYPEWRITER! Seriously, though, many typists find computer keyboards confusing as they have more keys and these are in unconventional places. In an attempt to standardise we now have the ISO keyboad which is being offered as a standard fitting to many new computers and typewriters. That, I can promise you from recent experience in changing from an Apple II to an Apple IIe, is just as confusing as moving from a typewriter to a ZX81. Ed.\*)

# OMPLITAN

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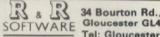


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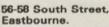
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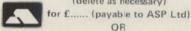
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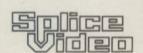
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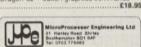
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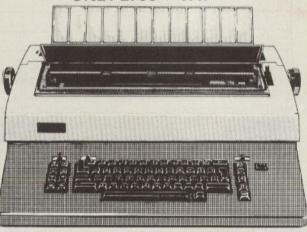
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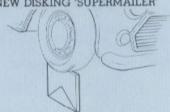


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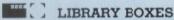
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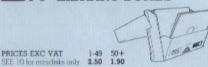


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